

User Manual of T6 Series AC Servo

Preliminary Version



Introduction

Thanks for purchasing OYOSTEPPER T6-series AC servo drives; this instruction manual provides knowledge and attention for using this drive.

Contact oyostepper.com@gmail.com if you need more technical service.

Incorrect operation may cause unexpected accident, please read this manual carefully before using product.

- ✧ We reserve the right to modify equipment and documentation without prior notice.
- ✧ We won't undertake any responsibility with customer's any modification of product, and the warranty of product will be cancel at the same time.

Safety Items

T6 Series servo drive should be mounted in cover type control box during operating. The mounting of drive, wiring and motor should be under the regulations of EN 61800-5-1.

Safety items indicate a potential for personal injury or equipment damage if the recommended precautions and safe operating practices are not followed.

The following safety-alert symbols are used on the drive and in the documentation:

	Indicates great possibility of death or serious injury
	Indicates something that must be done.
	Indicates something that must not be done.
	Indicates dangerous voltage.
	Indicates do not touches hot heat sink when power on.
	Protective Earth

Safety precautions

 Warning
- The design and manufacture of product doesn't use in mechanic and system which have a threat to operator. - The safety protection must be provided in design and manufacture when using this product to prevent incorrect operation or abnormal accident.

Acceptance

 Caution
The product which is damaged or have fault is forbidden to use.

Transportation

 Caution
- The storage and transportation must be in normal condition. - Don't stack too high, prevent falling. - The product should be packaged properly in transportation, - Don't hold the product by the cable, motor shaft or encoder while transporting it. - The product can't undertake external force and shock.

Installation



Caution

Servo Drive and Servo Motor:

- Don't install them on inflammable substance or near it to preventing fire hazard.
- Avoid vibration, prohibit direct impact.
- Don't install the product while the product is damaged or incomplete.

Servo Drive:

- Must install in control cabinet with sufficient safeguarding grade.
- Must reserve sufficient gap with the other equipment.
- Must keep good cooling condition.
- Avoid dust, corrosive gas, conducting object, fluid and inflammable ,explosive object from invading.

Servo Motor:

- Installation must be steady, prevent drop from vibrating.
- Prevent fluid from invading to damage motor and encoder.
- Prohibit knocking the motor and shaft, avoid damaging encoder.
- The motor shaft can't bear the load beyond the limits.

Wiring



Warning

- The workers of participation in wiring or checking must possess sufficient ability do this job.
- The wiring and check must be going with power off after 10 minutes
- Ground the earth terminal of the motor and drive without fail.
- The wiring should be connected after servo drive and servo motor installed correctly
- After correctly connecting cables, insulate the live parts with insulator.



Caution

- The wiring must be connected correctly and steadily, otherwise servo motor may run incorrectly, or damage the equipment.
- Servo motor U, V, W terminal should be connected correctly, it is forbidden to connect them directly to AC power.
- We mustn't connect capacitors, inductors or filters between servo motor and servo drive.
- The wire and temperature-resistant object must not be close to radiator of servo drive and motor.
- The freewheel diode which connect in parallel to output signal DC relay mustn't connect reversely.

Debugging and running



Caution

- Make sure the servo drive and servo motor installed properly before power on, fixed steadily, power voltage and wiring correctly.
- The first time of debugging should be run without loaded, debugging with load can be done after confirming parameter setting correctly, to prevent mechanical damage because of error operation.

Using



Caution

- Install a emergency stop protection circuit externally, the protection can stop running immediately to prevent accident happened and the power can be cut off immediately.
- The run signal must be cut off before resetting alarm signal, just to prevent restarting suddenly.

- The servo drive must be matched with specified motor.
- Don't power on and off servo system frequently, just to prevent equipment damaged.
- Forbidden to modify servo system.

Fault Processing



Warning

- The high voltage also will contain in several minutes even if the servo drive is powered off, please don't touch terminal strip or separate the wiring.
- The workers of participation in wiring or checking must possess sufficient ability do this job.



Caution

- The reason of fault must be figured out after alarm occurs, reset alarm signal before restart.
- Keep away from machine, because of restart suddenly if the drive is powered on again after momentary interruption(the design of the machine should be assured to avoid danger when restart occurs)

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T6 series function guidance

NO	Function	Details	Section index
1	Position control	Position control parameter specification, guidance	8.1 Position control
2	Encoder supported	5000lines、17bit、23bit encoder	
3	Auxiliary Function	JOG、parameter initialization、Soft Reset、inertia ratio identification etc.	7.2.3 Auxiliary Function
4	Vibration Suppression	It can suppress torque oscillation caused by too high rigidity	8.5 Vibration Suppression
5	Inertia ratio identification	The inertia of the load can be accurately identified by a simple trial run	8.4 Inertia ratio identification
6	Electronic gear function	A certain range of electronic gear ratio can be set	8.1.2 Electronic gear function
7	Position command filter	FIR filter and command smoothing filter are used to smooth the position command	8.1.3 Position command filter
8	Third gain switching	An additional third gain is added to allow faster positioning by switching between the first and second gain	8.6 Third gain switching
9	Friction torque compensation	The friction torque and gravity torque are compensated for the load.	8.7 Friction torque compensation
10	Alarm processing method		6.2 Alarm Processing Method
11	IO interface principle	IO input and output functions and each function can be freely configured to any physical IO port	4.3 IO interface principle
12	Trial run	Directly through the servo drive panel or PC can achieve servo motor operation	7.3 Trial run
13	Speed limit		8.9.1 Speed limit
14	Regenerative resister setting	Support internal brake resistance and external brake resistance, match the resistance through parameter setting	8.8 Regenerative resister setting
15	Drive Operating Data Monitor	Drive operating data monitor	7.2.2 Drive Operating Data Monitor
16	Alarm and Processing	A variety of alarm code output to protect the servo drive security	Chapter 6 Alarm and Processing
17	Multi-turn absolute encoder	The drive use the memory position of the motor with multi-turn absolute encoder to realize the function of not losing absolute position after restart power supply	8.2 Multi-turn absolute encoder

Chapter 1 Introduction

1.1 Product Introduction

T6/ELM Series AC servo products are cost-effective AC digital servo which is designed mainly for position high accurate control, power range up to 1kw, which can provide a perfect solution for different applications, performance with easy tuning process.

1.2 Inspection of product

1. You must check the following thing before using the products:

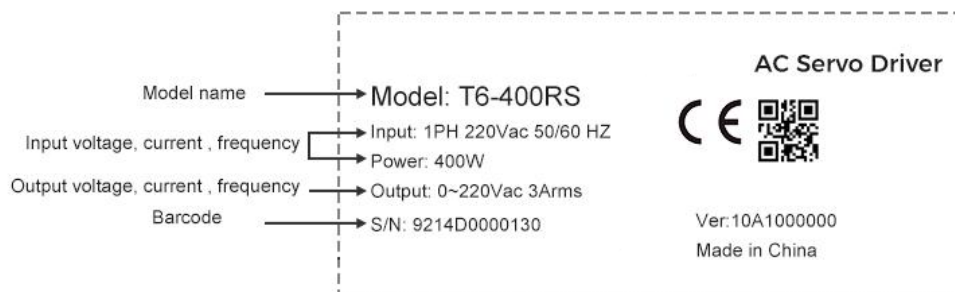
- Check if the product is damaged or not during transportation.
- Check if the servo drive & motor are complete or not.
- Check the packing list if the accessories are complete or not.

2. Type meaning

- T6 series servo drive

T6- 1000 RS
① ② ③

NO	Details			
①	Series	T6: Servo drive series		
②	Power	400: 400W	750: 750W	1000:1000W
③	Command source	RS: RS485		



- Servo motor type

The T6 series AC servo drive can be matched with a variety of domestic and foreign servo motor.

3. Accessory list

- User manual
- Power connector
- Control signal terminal CN1 (6 pin)
- Digital input/output terminal CN2(10 pin)
- 1 press rod with plastic terminal

Chapter 2 Product Specification



Notice

Servo drive must be matched with relevant servo motor; this manual describes OYOSTEPPER T6 series servo motor.

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2.1 Drive Technical Specification

Table 2.1 Drive Specification A

Drive model	T6-400RS	T6-750RS	T6-1000RS
Rated output power	400W	750W	1000w
Rated output current	3	5.2	7
Max output current	13	18.4	26.5
Mechanical Size	175*168*40	175*168*50	175*168*50
Main power	Single phase 220V -15%~+10% 50/60HZ		
Control power			
Control mode	IGBT SVPWM sinusoidal wave control		
Feedback mode	Bus encoder: RS485 protocol		
Input pulse	0-500kHz, 5V differential input ; 0-200kHz, 24V single-ended input		
Position bandwidth	200HZ		
Electronic gear ratio	1~8388608/1~8388608		
Velocity bandwidth	500HZ		
Input signal	DI: 4 inputs (Support common + and common - two wiring modes) Servo enable, over-travel inhibition, gain switching, command pulse inhibition, speed zero clamp, deviation counter clear, alarm clear		
Output signal	DO: 3 outputs (2 single-ended, 1 differential) Alarm output, servo-ready, at-speed, zero-detection, velocity coincidence		
Encoder signal output	A phase, B phase, Z phase, long-distance drive mode output		
Alarm function	Over-voltage, under-voltage, over-current, over-load, encoder error, position deviation error, brake alarm, limit alarm, over-speed error etc.		
Operation and display	jog, trapezoidal wave test, each parameter and input output signal can be modified and saved, five-bit LED to display rotational speed, current, position deviation, drive type version and address ID value etc.		
Debug software	Can adjust the parameters of current loop, velocity loop, position loop, and change the value of input and output signals and the parameter of motor and save the values to the files which can be downloaded and uploaded, monitor the waveform of velocity and position in the ladder.		
Communication interface	RS232: Based on Modbus protocol RS485: Based on Modbus protocol		
Brake mode	Built-in brake 50Ω/50W		
Adapt load inertia	Less than 20 times motor inertia		
weight	About 1.5-3Kg		
Environment	Environment	Avoid dust, oil fog and corrosive gases	
	Ambient Temp	0 to +40℃.	
	Humidity	40% RH to 90%RH , no condensation	
	Vibration	5.9 m/s ² MAX	
	Storage Temperature	-20~80℃	
	Installation	Vertical installation	

Table 2.2 Drive Specification B

Servo drive series	T6-D***Z	T6-RS***Z
Control mode	● Position control ● JOG	● Position control ● Velocity control ● Torque control ● JOG
Encoder output	5V differential,0~500kHz 24Vsingle-ended,0~200kHz	5V differential,0~500kHz 24Vsingle-ended,0~200kHz
Digital input	4 inputs (common-cathode common-anode)	4 inputs (common-cathode common-anode)
Digital output	3 outputs(2 single-ended, 1 differential)	
Communication	--	Modbus RTU(RJ45)
Maximum frequency of pulse input	5V differential,0~500kHz 24Vsingle-ended,0~200kHz	5V differential,0~500kHz 24Vsingle-ended,0~200kHz

2.2 Accessory selection

1. Motor cable:
CABLE-RZ3M0-S (V3.0)
2. Encoder cable:
CABLE-7BM3M0-Z (V3.0)
3. Brake cable (if necessary):
CABLE-SC3M0-S (V3.0)
4. Software configuration cable:
CABLE-L6TS1M5
5. Communication cable
CABLE-TX3M0-BUS

Chapter 3 Installation

3.1 Storage and Installation Circumstance

Table 3.1 Servo Drive, Servo Motor Storage Circumstance Requirement

Item	T6 series drive	Servo motor
Temperature	-20-80℃	-25-70℃
Humidity	Under 90%RH (free from condensation)	Under 80%RH(free from condensation)
Atmospheric environment	Indoor(no exposure)no corrosive gas or flammable gas, no oil or dust	Indoor(no exposure)no corrosive gas or flammable gas, no oil or dust
Altitude	Lower than 1000m	Lower than 2500m
Vibration	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s ²) 10-60Hz (non-continuous working)	
Protection level	IP20(no protection)	IP54 or IP65

Table 3.2 Servo Drive, Servo Motor Installation Circumstance Requirement

Item	T6 series drive	Servo motor
Temperature	0-55℃	-25-40℃
Humidity	Under 90%RH(free from condensation)	Under 90%RH(free from condensation)
Atmospheric environment	Indoor(no exposure)no corrosive gas or flammable gas, no oil or dust	Indoor(no exposure)no corrosive gas or flammable gas, no oil or dust
Altitude	Lower than 1000m	Lower than 2500m
Vibration	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s ²) 10-60Hz (non-continuous working)	
Protection level	IP20(no protection)	IP54 or IP65

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3.2 Servo Drive Installation

Notice

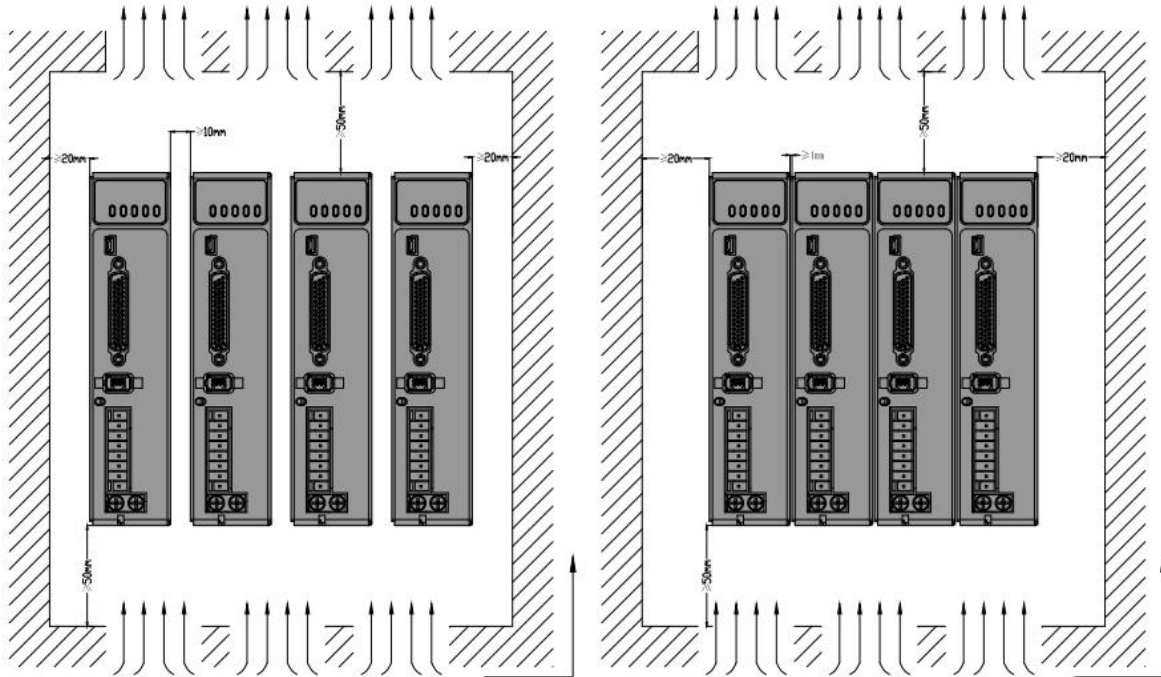
- Must install in control cabinet with sufficient safeguarding grade.
- Must install with specified direction and intervals, and ensure good cooling condition.
- Don't install them on inflammable substance or near it to prevent fire hazard.

Install in vertical position, and reserve enough space around the servo drive for ventilation.

The user may install the product in the mode of bottom plate installation or panel installation, and the installation direction is perpendicular to the installation face. In order to ensure good heat dissipation conditions, at least 10MM of installation space should be set aside in the actual installation.

When mounting drives compactly, consider installation tolerances and leave at least 1MM between each two drives. Use it below 75% of the actual load rate.

Installation diagram as follow:



3.3 Servo Motor Installation



Notice

- Don't hold the product by the cable, motor shaft or encoder while transporting it.
- No knocking motor shaft or encoders, prevent motor by vibration or shock.
- The motor shaft can't bear the load beyond the limits.
- Motor shaft does not bear the axial load, radial load, otherwise you may damage the motor.
- Use a flexible with high stiffness designed exclusively for servo application in order to make a radial thrust caused by micro misalignment smaller than the permissible value.
- Install must be steady, prevent drop from vibrating.

Chapter 4 Wiring



Warning

- The workers of participation in wiring or checking must possess sufficient ability do this job.
- The wiring and check must be going with power off after five minutes.



Caution

- Ground the earth terminal of the motor and drive without fail.
- The wiring should be connected after servo drive and servo motor installed correctly

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4.1 Wiring

4.1.1 Wire Gauge

(1) Power supply terminal TB

- Diameter:

Table 4.1 Power wiring specification

Drive	Wire diameter (mm ² /AWG)			
	L1.L2.L3	P+.BR	U.V.W	PE
T6-400RS	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14
T6-750RS	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14
T6-1000RS	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14

- Grounding: The grounding wire should be as thick as possible, drive servo motor the PE terminal point ground, ground resistance <100 Ω.
- Use noise filter to remove external noise from the power lines and reduce an effect of the noise generated by the servo drive.
- Install fuse (NFB) promptly to cut off the external power supply if drive error occurs.

(2) The control signal CN1、CN2, and feedback signal CN3

- **Diameter:** shielded cable (twisting shield cable is better), the diameter of CN1 $\geq 0.14\text{mm}^2$, the diameter of CN2 $\geq 0.25\text{mm}^2$, the shield should be connected to FG terminal.
- **Length of line:** cable length should be as short as possible and control CN1 cable is no more than 3 meters, the CN3 cable length of the feedback signal is no more than 10 meters.
- **Wiring:** be away from the wiring of power line, to prevent interference input.
- Install a surge absorbing element for the relevant inductive element (coil), DC coil should be in parallel connection with freewheeling diode reversely; AC coil should be in parallel connection with RC snubber circuit.

(3) Regenerative resister

When the torque of the motor is opposite to the direction of rotation (common scenarios such as deceleration, vertical axis descent, etc.), energy will feedback from the load to the drive. At this time, the energy feedback is first received by the capacitor in the drive, which makes the voltage of the capacitor rise. When it rises to a certain voltage value, the excess energy needs to be consumed by the regenerative resistance

The recommended regenerative resistance specifications for the T6 series are as follows:

Table 4.2 Regenerative resistance specification sheet

Drive	Built-in resistor value (Ω)	Built-in resistor power (W)
T6-400RS	100	50
T6-750RS	50	50
T6-1000RS	50	100

Method for determining regenerative resistance specification

- Firstly, use the built-in resistance of the drive to run for a long time to see if it can meet the requirements: ensure that the drive temperature $d33 < 60^{\circ}\text{C}$, the braking circuit does not alarm (Regeneration load factor $d14 < 80$), and the drive does not report overvoltage error
- If the drive temperature is high, try to reduce the regenerative energy power, or external resistance of the same specification (in this case, cancel the built-in resistance).
- If the brake resistance burns out, try to reduce the regenerative energy power, or put an external resistance of the same specification or even more power (in this case, cancel the built-in resistance).
- If $d14$ is too large or accumulates too fast, it means that the regenerative energy is too large, and the built-in resistance cannot consume the generated energy, the regenerative energy power will be reduced, or the external resistance with higher resistance value or power will be reduced.
- If an overvoltage error is reported by the drive, the regenerative energy power is reduced, or a resistance with a smaller external resistance, or a parallel resistance.



Attention

- Match the colors of the motor lead wires to those of the corresponding motor output terminals (U.V.W)
- Never start nor stop the servo motor with this magnetic contactor.
- Cable must be fixed steadily, avoid closing to radiator and motor to prevent reducing the properties of heat insulation

4.1.2 Position Control Mode

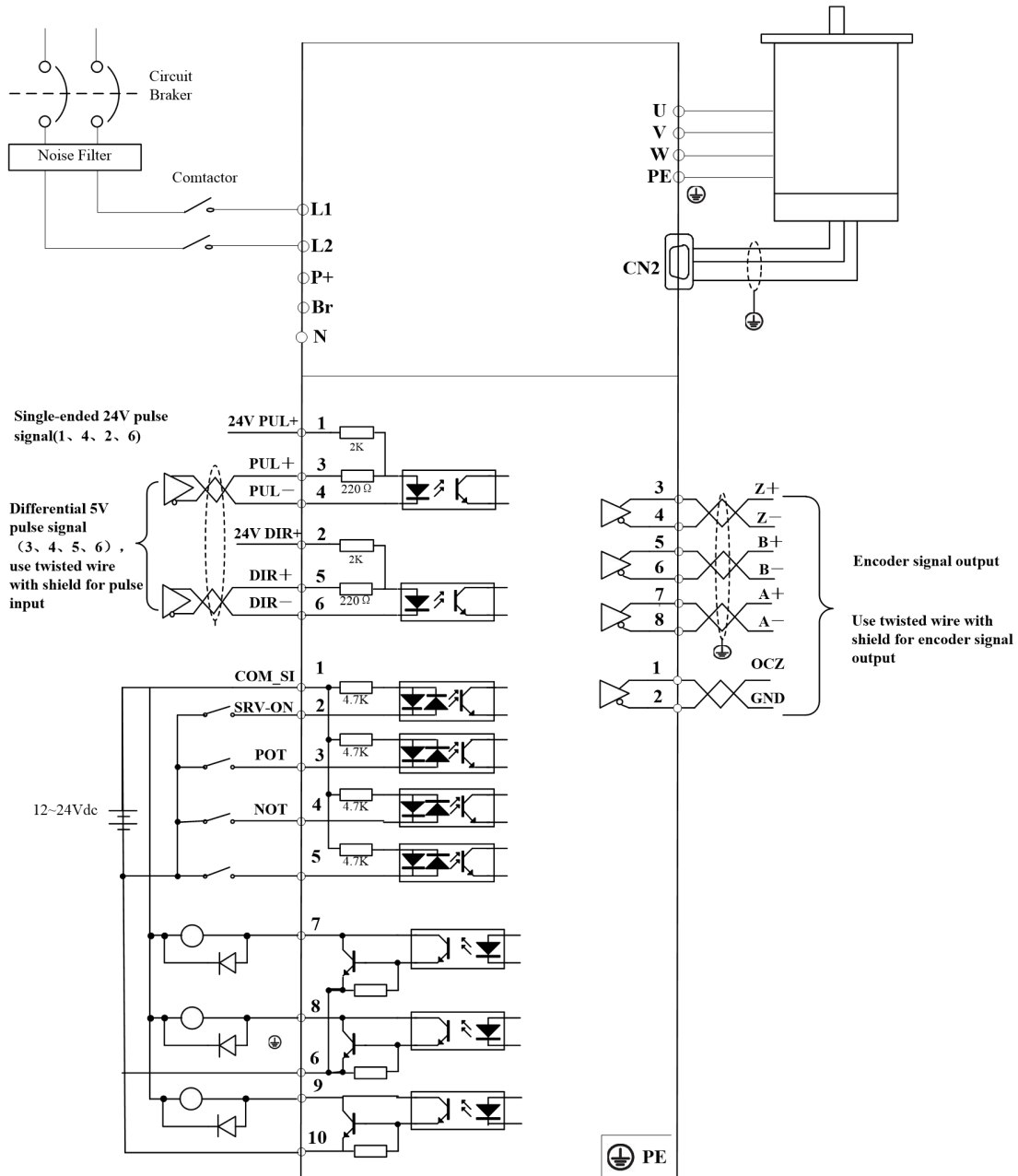


Figure 4-1 Positional Control Mode Wiring

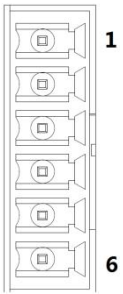
4.2 Drive Terminals Function

Table 4.3 Functions of drive port

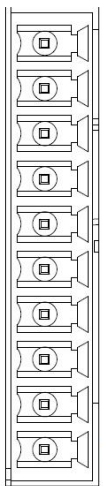
Port	Function
CN1	Pulse + Direction Signal Port
CN2	Digital input/output Port
CN3	Encoder Input Port
CN4	RS232、RS485 Communication Port
CN5	RS232、RS485 Communication Port
CN6	Encoder output Port
X1	Power Port

4.2.1 Pulse + Direction Signal Port -CN1 Terminal

Table 4.4 Signal Explanation of Control Signal Port-CN1

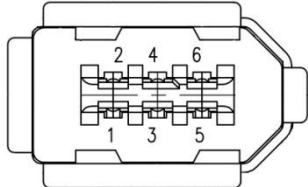
Port		Pin	Signal	Name	Explanation
CN1		1	PUL + _24	24V pulse+	Hardware filtering achieves the maximum bandwidth of 750kHz
		2	DIR + _24	24V direction+	
		3	PUL +	5V pulse+	
		4	PUL -	Pulse-	
		5	DIR +	5V direction+	
		6	DIR -	Direction-	

4.2.2 Digital input/output Port-CN3 Terminal

Port		Pin	Signal	Name	Explanation
CN2		1	COM+	Digital input common terminal, 12VDC~24VDC	Two-way digital input with common terminal, function can be configured.12VDC ~ 24VDC
		2	SI1	Digital input 1	
		3	SI2	Digital input 2	
		4	SI3	Digital input 3	
		5	SI4	Digital input 4	
		6	COM -	Digital output common-terminal	Low resistor output in default . OC, the maximum voltage/current is no more than 30V, 50mA. Recommend the voltage: 12 V-24V. Current :10mA
		7	SO1	Digital output 1	
		8	SO2	Digital output 2	
		9	SO3 +	Differential Digital output 3	Differential Digital output , the maximum voltage/current is no more than 30V/50mA . Recommended voltage: 12 -24V. Current :10mA
		10	SO3 -		

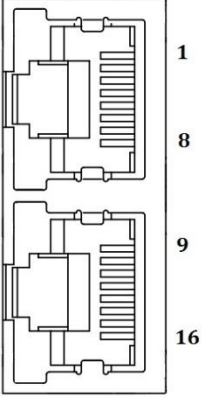
4.2.3 Encoder Input Port-CN3 Terminal

Table 4.5 Encoder Input Port-CN3 Terminal Signal Explain

Port		Pin	Signal
CN3		1	VCC5V
		2	GND
		3	BAT+
		4	BAT-
		5	SD+
		6	SD-
		Shell	PE

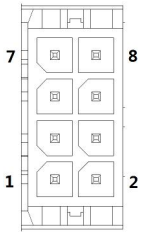
4.2.4 RS232/RS485 Communication Port-CN4、CN5 Terminal

Table 4.6 signal explanation of drive interconnection interface-CN4 CN5

Port		Pin	Signal	Explanation
CN4 CN5		1, 9	CAN_H / RDO+	CAN / RS485 data+
		2, 10	CAN_L / RDO-	CAN / RS485 data-
		3, 11	CAN_GND	CAN GND
		4, 12	/	/
		5, 13	/	/
		6, 14	TXD	RS232 transmit
		7, 15	RXD	RS232 receive
		8, 16	GND	GND
			PE	PE ground

4.2.5 Encoder output Port-CN6 Terminal

Table 4.7 Encoder output Port –CN6

Port		Pin	Signal	Name	Explanation	
CN6		1	OCZ	OC output terminal of motor encoder Z phase		Differential output, High >= 2.5vdc, low <= 0.5vdc, maximum current ±20mA
		2	GND	OC output GND terminal of motor encoder		
		3	Z +	Differential output terminal of motor encoder Z phase		
		4	Z -			
		5	B +	Differential output terminal of motor encoder B phase		
		6	B -			
		7	A +	Differential output terminal of motor encoder A phase		
		8	A -			

4.2.6 Power Port

Table 4.8 Main Power Input Port-X1

Port	Pin	Signal	Detail
X1	L1	For single phase 220V	For single phase 220V, +15~-15%, 50/60Hz
	L2	For single phase 220V	
Notes	① Isolation transformer can be used for power supply; ② Do not access the 380VAC power supply, otherwise it will cause serious damage to the drive; ③ In the case of serious interference, it is recommended to use noise filter for power supply; ④ It is recommended to install a non-fusible circuit breaker to cut off external power supply in time when the drive fails.		
Port	Pin	Signal	Detail
X1	P +	DC bus + terminal	① Drive DC bus + terminal ② External regenerative resistor P+ terminal

	Br	External regenerative resistor terminal	External regenerative resistor terminal
	N	DC bus - terminal	Drive DC bus - terminal
Notes	When using external resistors, the values of resistance and power are selected as follows:		
		Drive	Resistor (Ω)
		T6-400	≥ 40
Port	Pin	Signal	Detail
	U	U	3 phase motor power input
	V	V	
	W	W	
	PE	PE	Frame ground
Notes	① Connect the drive to the ground end (PE) of the motor and connect it to the earth		

4.3 I/O Interface Principles

4.3.1 Switch Input Interface

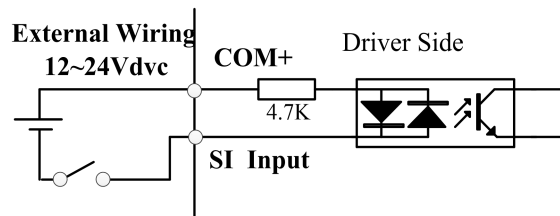


Figure 4-3 Digital Input Interface

1. The user provide power supply, DC12-24V, current $\geq 100\text{mA}$
2. **Notice:** if current polar connect reversely, servo drive doesn't run.

Pr4.00 *	Name	Input selection SI1			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	303		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0401H		
	Repower	o						
Pr4.01 *	Name	Input selection SI2			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0403H		
	Repower	o						
Pr4.02 *	Name	Input selection SI3			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0405H		
	Repower	o						
Pr4.03 *	Name	Input selection SI4			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0207H		
	Repower	o						

Set SI input function allocation.

This parameter use 16 binary system to set up the values,

For the function number, please refer to the following Figure.

Signal name	Symbol	Setup value	
		Normally open	Normally closed
Invalid	-	00h	Do not setup
Positive direction over-travel inhibition	POT	01h	81h
Negative direction over-travel inhibition	NOT	02h	82h
Servo-ON input	SRV-ON	03h	83h
Alarm clear input	A-CLR	04h	Do not setup
Control mode switching input	C-MODE	05h	85h
Gain switching input	GAIN	06h	86h
Deviation counter clear input	CL	07h	Do not setup
Command pulse inhibition input	INH	08h	88h
Electronic gear switching input 1	DIV1	0Ch	8Ch
Electronic gear switching input 2	DIV2	0Dh	8Dh
Selection 1 input of internal command speed	INTSPD1	0Eh	8Eh
Selection 2 input of internal command speed	INTSPD2	0Fh	8Fh
Selection 3 input of internal command speed	INTSPD3	10h	90h
Speed zero clamp input	ZEROSPD	11h	91h
Speed command sign input	VC-SIGN	12h	92h
Torque command sign input	TC-SIGN	13h	93h
Forced alarm input	E-STOP	14h	94h

Note:

- Normally open means input signal comes from external controller or component, for example: PLC.
- Normally closed means input signal comes from drive internally.
- Don't setup to a value other than that specified in the table .
- Don't assign specific function to 2 or more signals. Duplicated assignment will cause Err21.0 I/F input multiple assignment error 1or Err21.1 I/F input multiple assignment error 2

Pr-Mode related input setup as below:

Input			
Signal name	Symbol	Setup value	
		Normally open	Normally closed
Trigger command	CTRG	20h	A0h
Homing signal	HOME	21h	A1h
Forced stop	STP	22h	A2h
Forward direction JOG	JOG+	23h	A3h
Opposite direction JOG	JOG-	24h	A4h
Positive limit switch	PL	25h	A5h
Negative limit switch	NL	26h	A6h
Homing signal	ORG	27h	A7h
Road strength address 0	ADD0	28h	A8h
Road strength address 1	ADD1	29h	A9h
Road strength address 2	ADD2	2ah	Aah
Road strength address 3	ADD3	2bh	Abh
Torque switching	TC-SEL	09h	89h

Note:

CTRG, HOME is edge triggered, but the valid level must be last more than 1ms.

Pr5.15 *	Name	I/F reading filter			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~255	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	051FH		
	Repower	o						
I/O input digital filtering; higher setup will arise control delay.								

4.3.2 Switch Output Interface

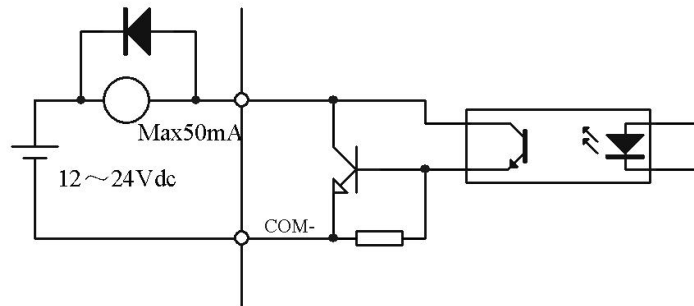


Figure 4-4 Switch Output Interface

- (1) The user provide the external power supply . However, if current polarity connects reversely, servo drive is damaged.
- (2) The output of the form is open-collector, the maximum voltage is 25V, and maximum current is 50mA. Therefore, the load of switch output signal must match the requirements. If you exceed the requirements or output directly connected with the power supply, the servo drive is damaged.
- (3) If the load is inductive loads relays, etc., there must be anti-parallel freewheeling diode across the load. If the freewheeling diode is connected reversely, the servo drive is damaged.
- (4) Pin7、Pin8 and Pin6: Single-ended output;
Pin9、Pin10: Differential output.

Pr4.10 *	Name	Output selection SO1			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	101		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0415H		
	Repower	o						
Pr4.11 *	Name	Output selection SO2			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	202		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0417H		
	Repower	o						
Pr4.12 *	Name	Output selection SO3			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	404		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0419H		
	Repower	o						

Assign functions to SO outputs.

This parameter use 16 binary system do setup

For the function number, please refer to the following Figure.

Signal name	Symbol	Setup value
Invalid	-	00h
Alarm output	Alm	01h
Servo-Ready output	S-RDY	02h
Eternal brake release signal	BRK-OFF	03h
Positioning complete output	INP	04h
At-speed output	AT-SPPED	05h
Zero-speed detection output	ZSP	07h
Velocity coincidence output	V-COIN	08h
Positional command ON/OFF output	P-CMD	0Bh
Speed command ON/OFF output	V-CMD	0Fh

Pr-Mode related output setup as below;

Signal name	Symbol	Output	
		Set value	
		Normally open	Normally closed
Command complete	CMD-OK	20h	A0h
Road strength address	MC-OK	21h	A1h
Homing finish	HOME-OK	22h	A2h
Torque limit	TQL	06h	86h

Note:

CMD-OK indicates PR command sent complete, but the motor may not in-position.

MC-OK indicates command complete and the motor in-position.

*1 Pay attention to the front panel display is hexadecimal.

4.3.3 Pulse Input Interface

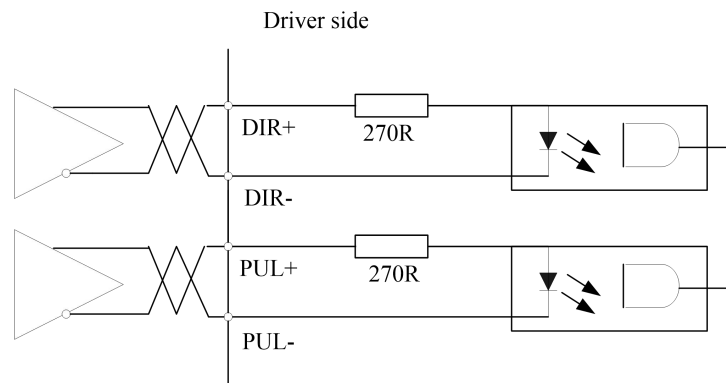
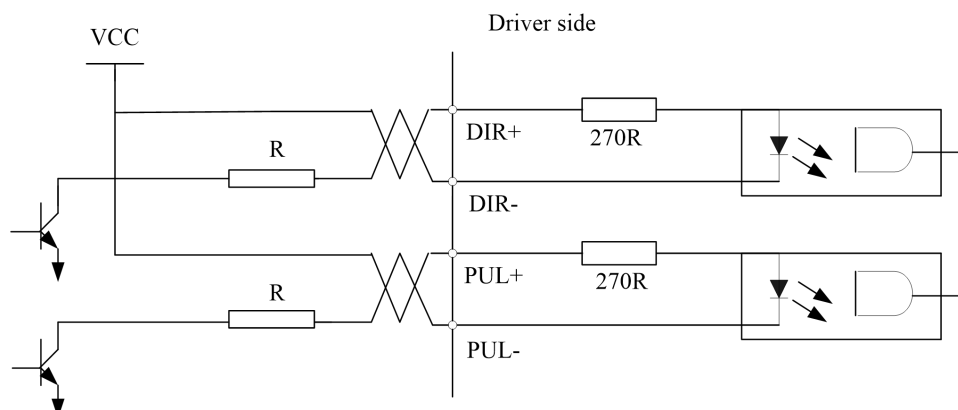


Figure 4-5 5V Differential Pulse Signal (Pin3、Pin4、 Pin5、 Pin6 of CN1 Terminal)



$V_{CC} = 12V$, $R = 1K$, $0.25W$; $V_{CC} = 24V$, $R = 2K$, $0.25W$

Figure 4-6 24V Single-ended Pulse Signal (Pin1、Pin4、Pin2、Pin6 of CN1 Terminal)

- (1) In order to transmit pulse data correctly, we recommend using the differential drive mode.
- (2) The differential drive mode, AM26LS31, MC3487 or similar RS422 line drive.
- (3) Using of single-ended drive will cause reduction of the operation frequency. The value of the resistance R depends on pulse input circuit and the external voltage, while drive current should be at the range of 10 - 15mA and the maximum voltage is no more than 25V .

Recommendation:

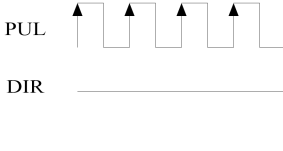
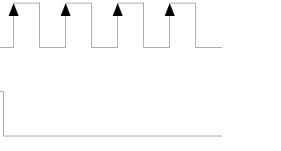
$V_{CC} = 24V$, $R = 1.3$ to $2K\Omega$;

$V_{CC} = 12V$, $R = 510 \sim 820\Omega$;

$V_{CC} = 5V$, $R = 82 \sim 120\Omega$.

- (4) The user provides external power supply for single-ended pulse signal. However, the wrong connection of pulse polarity will cause servo drive damaged.
- (5) The form of pulse input is the following form 4.9 below, while the arrows indicate the count.

Table 4.9 Pulse Input Form

Pulse command form	CCW	CW	Parameter setting value
Pulse symbol			Pulse + direction

The form of pulse input timing parameter is the following form 4.10 below. The 4 times pulse frequency $\leq 500kHz$ if 2-phase input form is used.

Table 4.10 the parameters of pulse input time sequence

Parameter	Differential drive input	Single-ended drive input
t_{ck}	$> 2\mu s$	$> 5\mu s$
t_h	$> 1\mu s$	$> 2.5\mu s$
t_l	$> 1\mu s$	$> 2.5\mu s$
t_{rh}	$< 0.2\mu s$	$< 0.3\mu s$
t_{rl}	$< 0.2\mu s$	$< 0.3\mu s$
t_s	$> 1\mu s$	$> 2.5\mu s$
t_{qck}	$> 8\mu s$	$> 10\mu s$
t_{qh}	$> 4\mu s$	$> 5\mu s$
t_{ql}	$> 4\mu s$	$> 5\mu s$
t_{qrh}	$< 0.2\mu s$	$< 0.3\mu s$
t_{qrl}	$< 0.2\mu s$	$< 0.3\mu s$
t_{qs}	$> 1\mu s$	$> 2.5\mu s$

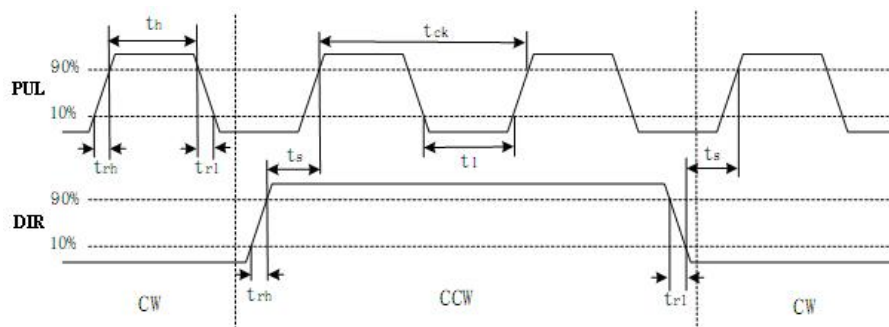
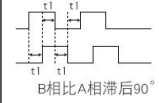
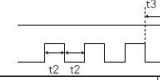
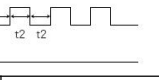
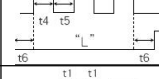
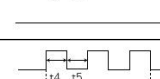
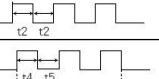
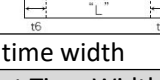
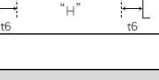


Figure 4-7 pulse + direction input interface timing (the maximum of pulse frequency: 500KHZ)

Pr0.06*	Name	Command Pulse Rotational Direction Setup			Mode	P		
	Range	0~1	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	000DH		
	Repower	o						

Set command pulse input rotate direction, command pulse input type

Pr0.07*	Name	Command Pulse Input Mode Setup			Mode	P		
	Range	0~3	Unit	—	Default	1		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	000FH		
	Repower	o						

Pr0.06	Pr0.07	Command Pulse Format	Signal	Positive Direction Command	Negative Direction Command
0	0 or 2	90 phase difference 2-phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign		
	1	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign		
	3	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign		
1	0 or 2	90 phase difference 2 phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign		
	1	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign		
	3	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign		

Command pulse input signal allow largest frequency and smallest time width

PULS/SIGN Signal Input I/F		Permissible Max. Input Frequency	Smallest Time Width					
			t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6
Pulse series interface	Long distance interface	500kpps	2	1	1	1	1	1
	Open-collector output	200kpps	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5

4.3.4 Servo Motor Encoder Input Interface

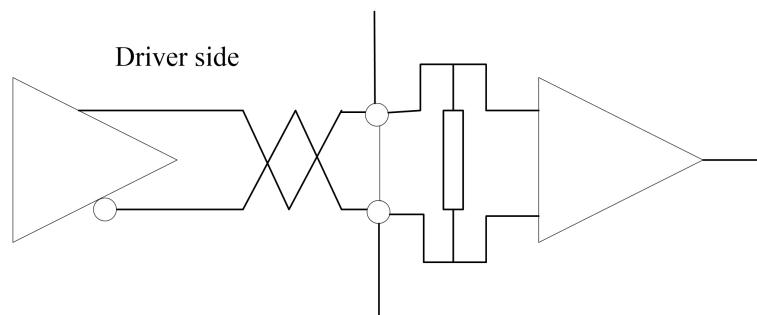


Figure 4-8 Servo Motor optical-electrical Encoder Input Interface

Chapter 5 Parameter

5.1 Parameter List

Notes: The parameters like Pr0.01*, which contain '*' means that the new value of this parameters will valid after power is restarted!

Parameter Number		Name	Default value	Repower	Mode			Communication		
Classify	NO				P	V	T	Data Type	Access	Add
【Class 0】 Basic setting	00	MFC function	1	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0001H
	01	Control mode setup	0	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0003H
	02	Real-time auto-gain tuning	2	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0005H
	03	Selection of machine stiffness at real-time auto-gain tuning	70	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0007H
	04	Inertia ratio	250	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0009H
	06	Command pulse rotational direction setup	0	O	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	000DH
	07	Command pulse input mode setup	3	O	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	000FH
	08	Command pulse per one motor revolution	10000	O	O	—	—	32bit	R/W	0010H 0011H
	09	1st numerator of electronic gear	1	O	O	—	—	32bit	R/W	0012H 0013H
	10	Denominator of electronic gear	1	O	O	—	—	32bit	R/W	0014H 0015H
	11	Output pulse counts per one motor revolution	2500	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0017H
	12	Reverse of pulse output logic	0	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0019H
	13	1st torque limit	300	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	001BH
	14	Position deviation excess setup	200	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	001DH
	15	Absolute encoder setup	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	001FH
	16	External regenerative discharge resistor setup	100	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0021H
	17	External regenerative discharge power value	50	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0023H
	25	Auxiliary function	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0033H
	40	Mapping parameter 1	/	—	O	O	O	/	R/W	0050H
	41	Mapping parameter 2	/	—	O	O	O	/	R/W	0052H
	42	Mapping parameter 3	/	—	O	O	O	/	R/W	0054H
	43	Mapping parameter 4	/	—	O	O	O	/	R/W	0056H
	44	Mapping parameter 5	/	—	O	O	O	/	R/W	0058H
	45	Mapping parameter 6	/	—	O	O	O	/	R/W	005AH
	46	Mapping parameter 7	/	—	O	O	O	/	R/W	005CH
	47	Mapping parameter 8	/	—	O	O	O	/	R/W	005EH
	50	Mapping parameter 1 index	0049 0049H	—	O	O	O	32bit	R/W	0x0064 0x0065
	51	Mapping parameter 2 index	0049 0049H	—	O	O	O	32bit	R/W	0x0066 0x0067
	52	Mapping parameter 3 index	0049 0049H	—	O	O	O	32bit	R/W	0x0068 0x0069

	53	Mapping parameter 4 index	0049 0049H	—	O	O	O	32bit	R/W	0x006A 0x006B
	54	Mapping parameter 5 index	0049 0049H	—	O	O	O	32bit	R/W	0x006C 0x006D
	55	Mapping parameter 6 index	0049 0049H	—	O	O	O	32bit	R/W	0x006E 0x006F
	56	Mapping parameter 7 index	0049 0049H	—	O	O	O	32bit	R/W	0x0070 0x0071
	57	Mapping parameter 8 index	0049 0049H	—	O	O	O	32bit	R/W	0x0072 0x0073

Parameter Number		Name	Default value	Repower	Mode			Communication		
Classify	NO				P	V	T	Data Type	Access	Address
【Class 1】 Gain Adjust	00	1st gain of position loop	320	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0101H
	01	1st gain of velocity loop	180	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0103H
	02	1st time constant of velocity loop integration	310	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0105H
	03	1st filter of velocity detection	15	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0107H
	04	1st time constant of torque filter	126	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0109H
	05	2nd gain of position loop	380	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	010BH
	06	2nd gain of velocity loop	180	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	010DH
	07	2nd time constant of velocity loop integration	10000	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	010FH
	08	2nd filter of velocity detection	15	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0111H
	09	2nd time constant of torque filter	126	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0113H
	10	Velocity feed forward gain	300	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0115H
	11	Velocity feed forward filter	50	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0117H
	12	Torque feed forward gain	0	—	O	O	—	16bit	R/W	0119H
	13	Torque feed forward filter	0	—	O	O	—	16bit	R/W	011BH
	15	Control switching mode	0	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	011FH
	17	Control switching level	50	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0123H
	18	Control switch hysteresis	33	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0125H
	19	Gain switching time	33	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0127H
	35	Positional command filter setup	0	O	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0147H
	36	Encoder feedback pulse digital filter setup	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0149H
	37	Special register	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	014BH

Parameter Number		Name	Default value	Repower	Mode			Communication		
Classify	NO				P	V	T	Data Type	Access	Address
【Class 2】 Vibration Restrain Function	00	Adaptive filter mode setup	0	—	O	O	—	16bit	R/W	0201H
	01	1st notch frequency	2000	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0203H
	02	1st notch width selection	2	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0205H
	03	1st notch depth selection	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0207H
	04	2nd notch frequency	2000	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0209H
	05	2nd notch width selection	2	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	020BH
	06	2nd notch depth selection	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	020DH
	07	3rd notch frequency	2000	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	020FH
	08	3rd notch width selection	2	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0211H
	09	3rd notch depth selection	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0213H
	14	1st damping frequency	0	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	021DH
	16	2nd damping frequency	0	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0221H
	22	Positional command smooth filter	0	O	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	022DH
	23	Positional command FIR filter	0	O	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	022FH

Parameter Number		Name	Default value	Repower	Mode			Communication		
Classify	NO				P	V	T	Data Type	Access	Address
【Class 3】 Speed, Torque Control	00	Velocity setup internal /external switching	0	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	0301H
	01	Speed command rotational direction selection	0	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	0303H
	03	Speed command reversal input	0	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	0307H
	04	1st speed setup	0	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	0309H
	05	2nd speed setup	0	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	030BH
	06	3rd speed setup	0	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	030DH
	07	4th speed setup	0	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	030FH
	08	5th speed setup	0	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	0311H
	09	6th speed setup	0	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	0313H
	10	7th speed setup	0	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	0315H

11	8th speed setup	0	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	0317H
12	time setup acceleration	100	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	0319H
13	time setup deceleration	100	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	031BH
14	Sigmoid acceleration /deceleration time setup	0	O	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	031DH
15	Speed zero-clamp function selection	0	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	031FH
16	Speed zero-clamp level	30	—	—	O	—	16bit	R/W	0321H
17	Torque command selection	0	—	—	—	O	16bit	R/W	0323H
18	Torque command direction selection	0	—	—	—	O	16bit	R/W	0325H
19	Torque command input gain	30	—	—	—	O	16bit	R/W	0327H
20	Torque command input reversal	0	—	—	—	O	16bit	R/W	0329H
21	Speed limit value 1	0	—	—	—	O	16bit	R/W	032BH
22	2nd torque limit	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	032DH
24	Maximum speed of motor rotation	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0331H
28	Synchronous parameter setting of gantry	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0339H

Parameter Number		Name	Default value	Repower	Mode			Communication		
Classify	NO				P	V	T	Data Type	Access	Address
【Class 4】 I/F Monitor Setting	00	input selection SI1	3	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0401H
	01	input selection SI2	0	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0403H
	02	input selection SI3	0	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0405H
	03	input selection SI4	0	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0407H
	10	output selection SO1	1	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0415H
	11	output selection SO2	2	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0417H
	12	output selection SO3	4	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0419H
	31	Positioning complete range	10	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	043FH
	32	Positioning complete output setup	0	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0441H
	33	INP hold time	0	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0443H
	34	Zero-speed	50	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0445H
	35	Speed coincidence range	50	—		O	—	16bit	R/W	0447H
	36	At-speed	1000	—		O	—	16bit	R/W	0449H
	37	Mechanical brake	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	044BH

		action at stalling setup								
	38	Mechanical brake action at running setup	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	044DH
	39	Brake action at running setup	30	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	044FH
	43	E-stop function active	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0457H

Parameter Number		Name	Default value	Reower	Mode			Communication		
Classify	NO				P	V	T	Data Type	Access	Address
【Class 5】 Extended Setup	00	2nd numerator of electronic gear	10000	O	O	—	—	32bit	R/W	0500H 0501H
	01	3rd numerator of electronic gear	1	O	O	—	—	32bit	R/W	0502H 0503H
	02	4th numerator of electronic gear	1	O	O	—	—	32bit	R/W	0504H 0505H
	04	Drive inhibit input setup	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0509H
	06	Sequence at servo-off	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	050DH
	09	Main power off detection time	70	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0513H
	10	Dynamic braking mode	0	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0515H
	11	Torque setup for emergency stop	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0517H
	12	Over-load level setup	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0519H
	13	Over-speed level setup	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	051BH
	15	I/F reading filter	0	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	051FH
	17	Counter clear up input mode	3	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0523H
	20	Position setup unit select	2	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0529H
	21	Selection of torque limit	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	052BH
	22	2nd torque limit	300	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	052DH
	23	Torque limit switching setup 1	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	052FH
	24	Torque limit switching setup 2	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0531H
	28	LED initial status	1	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0539H
	29	RS485 mode selection	21	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	053BH
	30	RS485 baud rate setup	2	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	053DH
	31	RS485 slave ID	1	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	053FH
	32	Command pulse	0	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0541H

		input maximum setup								
	35	Front panel lock setup	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0547H
	36	Password for opening group 7 parameter	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0549H

Parameter Number		Name	Default value	Repower	Mode			Communication		
Classify	NO				P	V	T	Data Type	Access	Address
【Class 6】 Special Setup	01	Encoder zero position compensation	0	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0603H
	03	JOG trial run command torque	0	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0607H
	04	JOG trial run command speed	400	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0609H
	05	Position 3rd gain valid time	0	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	060BH
	06	Position 3rd gain scale factor	100	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	060DH
	07	Torque command additional value	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	060FH
	08	Positive direction torque compensation value	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0611H
	09	Negative direction torque compensation value	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0613H
	10	Function expansion setup	0	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0615H
	11	Current response setup	100	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	0617H
	14	Emergency stop time at alarm	0	—	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	061DH
	20	distance of trial running	10	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0629H
	21	waiting time of trial running	100	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	062BH
	22	cycling times of trial running	5	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	062DH
	25	Acceleration of trial running	200	—	O	—	—	16bit	R/W	0633H
	63	Absolute multi-turn position upper bound	0	O	O	O	O	16bit	R/W	067FH

Parameter Number		Name	Default value	Repower	Mode			Communication		
Classify	NO				P	V	T	Data Type	Access	Address
【Class B】 Status Information	00	Software version 1 (DSP)		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B00H
	01	Software version 2 (CPLD)		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B01H
	02	Software version 3 (other)		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B02H
	03	Error code		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B03H
	04	Factor of no-motor running		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B04H
	05	Drive operating state		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B05H
	06	Actual velocity (unfiltered)			O	O	O	16bit	R	0B06H
	07	Actual torque feedback		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B07H
	08	Actual current feedback		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B08H
	09	Actual velocity(After filtering)		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B09H
	10	DC bus voltage		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B0AH
	11	Drive temperature		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B0BH
	12	Analog input1		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B0CH
	13	Analog input2		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B0DH
	14	Analog input3		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B0EH
	15	Over-load ratio		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B0FH
	16	Regeneration load ratio		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B10H
	17	Digital input signal status		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B11H
	18	Digital output signal status		—	O	O	O	16bit	R	0B12H
	20	Motor position feedback (Command unit)		—	O	O	O	32bit	R	0B14H 0B15H
	21	Command pulse sum (Command unit)		—	O	-	-	32bit	R	0B16H 0B17H
	22	Positional deviation (Command unit)		—	O	O	O	32bit	R	0B18H 0B19H
	23	Position command (Encoder unit)		—	O	O	O	32bit	R	0B1AH 0B1BH
	24	Motor position (encoder unit)		—	O	-	-	32bit	R	0B1CH 0B1DH
	25	Positional deviation (encoder unit)		—	O	O	O	32bit	R	0B1EH 0B1FH
	26	Position feedback in rotation mode(encoder unit)		—	O	-	-	32bit	R	0B20H 0B21H

Notes:

- (1) The "O" in the repower bar indicates that the new value valid after repower, and the "-" indicates that the new value valid immediately;
- (2) The "O" in the mode bar indicates this parameter related to this mode, "—" indicates this parameter dose not related to this mode;
- (3) 32bit data, high data in front, low data after.

5.2 Parameter Function

Here is the explanation of parameters, you can check them or modify the value using software Protuner or the front panel of drive.

Contact oyostepper.com@gmail.com if you need more technical service.

5.2.1 【Class 0】 Basic Setting

Pr0.00	Name	Mode loop gain			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0-2000	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	1		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0001H		
	Repower	--						

Set up the bandwidth of MFC , it is similar to the response bandwidth

Setup value	Meaning
0	Disable the function.
1	Enable the function, set the bandwidth automatically, recommended for most application.
2-10	Forbidden and reserved.
11-20000	Set the bandwidth manually , 1.1Hz – 2000Hz

MFC is used to enhance the performance of dynamic tracing for input command, make positioning faster, cut down the tracking error, run more smooth and steady. It is very useful for multi-axis synchronous movement and interpolation, the performance will be better.

The main way to use this function :

- a. Choose the right control mode : Pr0.01 = 0
- b. Set up Pr0.02=1 for interpolation movement
- c. Set up the inertia of ratio : Pr0.04
- d. Set up the rigidity : Pr0.03
- e. Set up the Pr0.00 :
 - 1) If no multi-axis synchronous movement , set Pr0.00 as 1 or more than 10 ;
 - 2) If multi-axis synchronous movement needed, set Pr0.00 as the same for all the axes.
 - 3) If Pr0.00 is more than 10, start with 100, or 150, 200, 250

Caution:

1. Set up the right control mode, the right inertia of ratio and rigidity firstly.
2. Don't change the value of Pr0.00 when the motor is running , otherwise vibration occurs

Set up a small value from the beginning if using it in manual mode , smaller value means running more smooth and steady , while bigger one means faster positioning

Pr0.01*	Name	Control Mode Setup			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0003H		
	Repower	o						

Set using control mode:

Setup value	Content	
	1st mode	2nd mode
0	Position	-
1	Velocity	-
2	Torque	-
3	Position	Velocity
4	Position	Torque
5	Velocity	Torque
6	Pr-Mode	-
7~10	Reserved	

When you set up the combination mode of 3.4.5, you can select either the 1st or the 2nd with control mode switching input(C-MODE).

When C-MODE is off, the 1st mode will be selected.

When C-MODE is on, the 2nd mode will be selected.

Pr0.02	Name	Real-time Auto-gain Tuning			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~2	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0005H		
	Repower	-						

You can set up the action mode of the real-time auto-gain tuning:

Setup value	mode	Varying degree of load inertia in motion
0	invalid	Real-time auto-gain tuning function is disabled.
1	standard	Basic mode. do not use unbalanced load, friction compensation or gain switching. It is usually for interpolation movement.
2	positioning	Main application is positioning. it is recommended to use this mode on equipment without unbalanced horizontal axis, ball screw driving equipment with low friction, etc. it is usually for point-to point movement .

Caution: If pr0.02=1 or 2 , you can't modify the values of Pr1.01 – Pr1.13, the values of them depend on the real-time auto-gain tuning ,all of them are set by the drive itself

For **Standard** mode (Pr0.02=1), **it is usually for interpolation movement**. It is unavailable to modify the value of Pr1.00- 1.14, just need to change the value of Pr0.03, and then all values of Pr1.00-1.14 will be changed accordingly.

For **Positioning** mode (Pr0.02=2), **it is usually for point to point movement**. It is unavailable to modify the value of Pr1.00- 1.14, just change the value of Pr0.03 ,then all values of Pr1.00-1.14 will be changed

Pr0.03	Name	Selection of machine stiffness at real- time auto-gain tuning			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	50 -81	Unit	—	Default	70		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0007H		
	Repower	-						

You can set up response while the real-time auto-gain tuning is valid.

Low ———▶ Machine stiffness ———▶ High

Low ———▶ Servo gain ———▶ High

81.80.....70.69.68.....51.50

Low ———▶ Response ———▶ High

Notice: Lower the setup value, higher the velocity response and servo stiffness will be obtained. However, when decreasing the value, check the resulting operation to avoid oscillation or vibration.

Control gain is updated while the motor is stopped. If the motor can't be stopped due to excessively low gain or continuous application of one-way direction command, any change made to Pr0.03 is not used for update. If the changed stiffness setting is made valid after the motor stopped, abnormal sound or oscillation will be generated. To prevent this problem, stop the motor after changing the stiffness setting and check that the changed setting is enabled.

Pr0.04	Name	Inertia ratio			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	%	Default	250		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0009H		
	Repower	-						

You can set up the ratio of the load inertia against the rotor(of the motor)inertia.

Pr0.04=(load inertia/rotate inertia)×100%

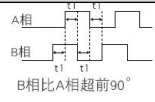
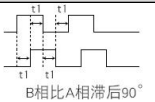
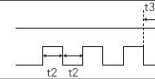
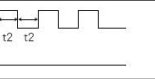
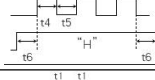
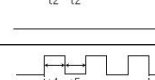
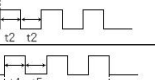
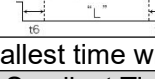
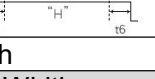
Notice:

If the inertia ratio is correctly set, the setup unit of Pr1.01 and Pr1.06 becomes (Hz). When the inertia ratio of Pr0.04 is larger than the actual value, the setup unit of the velocity loop gain becomes larger, and when the inertia ratio of Pr0.04 is smaller than the actual value, the setup unit of the velocity loop gain becomes smaller.

Pr0.06*	Name	Command Pulse Rotational Direction Setup			Mode	P		
	Range	0~1	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	000DH		
	Repower	o						

Set command pulse input rotate direction, command pulse input type

Pr0.07*	Name	Command Pulse Input Mode Setup			Mode	P		
	Range	0~3	Unit	—	Default	1		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	000FH		
	Repower	o						

Pr0.06	Pr0.07	Command Pulse Format	Signal	Positive Direction Command	Negative Direction Command
0	0 or 2	90 phase difference 2-phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign		
	1	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign		
	3	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign		
1	0 or 2	90 phase difference 2 phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign		
	1	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign		
	3	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign		

Command pulse input signal allow largest frequency and smallest time width

PULS/SIGN Signal Input I/F		Permissible Max. Input Frequency	Smallest Time Width					
			t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6
Pulse series interface	Differential pulse signal	500kpps	2	1	1	1	1	1
	Single-ended pulse signal	200kpps	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5

Pr0.08	Name	Command pulse counts per one motor revolution			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0-8388608	Unit	P	Default	0		
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0010H 0011H		
	Repower	o						

Set the command pulse that causes single turn of the motor shaft.

- 1) If Pr008≠0 , the actual motor rotation turns = pulse number / Pr008
- 2) If Pr008 = 0, Pr0.09 1st numerator of electronic gear and Pr0.10 Denominator of electronic gear valid.

Pr0.09	Name	1st numerator of electronic gear			Mode	P		
	Range	1~1073741824	Unit	—	Default	1		
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0012H 0013H		
	Repower	o						

Set the numerator of division/multiplication operation made according to the command pulse input.

Pr0.10	Name	1st denominator of electronic gear			Mode	P		
	Range	1~1073741824	Unit	—	Default	1		
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0014H 0015H		
	Repower	o						

Set the denominator of division/multiplication operation made according to the command pulse input.

Pr0.09	Pr0.10	Command division/multiplication operation	
1-10737 41824	1-10737 41824	Command pulse input → 【Pr0.09 set value】 【Pr0.10 set value】 → position command	

1. Settings:

- 1)The drive input command pulse number is X
- 2)The pulse number of encoder after frequency division and frequency doubling is Y
- 3)The number of pulses per revolution of the motor encoder is Z
- 4)Number of turns of motor is W

2. Calculations:

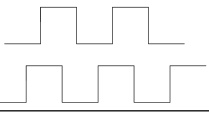
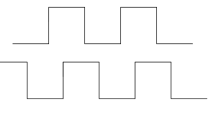
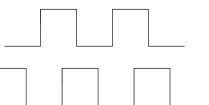
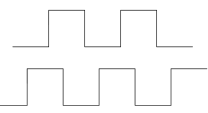
- 1) $Y = X * Pr0.09 / Pr0.10$
- 2)17Bit encoder: $Z = 2^{17} = 131072$
23Bit encoder: $Z = 2^{23} = 8388608$

Pr0.11 *	Name	Output pulse counts per one motor revolution			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	1~2500	Unit	P/r	Default	2500		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0017H		
	Repower	o						
For example, if this parameter is set to 1000, it means that the frequency division output signal of the encoder outputs 4000 pulses per turn.								

Pr0.12 *	Name	reversal of pulse output logic			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~1	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0019H		
	Repower	o						

You can set up the B phase logic and the output source of the pulse output. With this parameter, you can reverse the phase relation between the A-phase pulse and B-phase pulse by reversing the B-phase logic.

< reversal of pulse output logic >

Pr0.12	B-phase Logic	CCW Direction Rotation	CW Direction Rotation
0	Non-Reversal	A phase B 	A phase B phase 
1	Reversal	A phase B 	A phase B phase 

Pr0.13	Name	1st Torque Limit			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	300		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	001BH		
	Repower	-						
You can set up the limit value of the motor output torque, as motor rate current %, the value can't exceed the maximum of output current.								

Pr0.14	Name	Position Deviation Excess Setup			Mode	P		
	Range	0~500	Unit	0.1rev	Default	200		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	001DH		
	Repower	-						
Set excess range of positional deviation by the command unit(default).Setting the value too small will cause Err18.0 (position deviation excess detection)								

Pr0.15	Name	Absolute Encoder Setup			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~15	Unit		Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	001FH		
	Repower	o						

How to use:

0: Incremental position mode:

The encoder is used as a incremental encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is not supported.

1: Absolute position linear mode:

The encoder is used as an absolute encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is supported..

It is applicable to the scenario where the travel range of device load is fixed and the encoder multi-turn data dose not overflow.

2: Absolute position rotation mode:

The encoder is used as an absolute encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is supported..

It is mainly applicable to the scenario where the load travel range is not limited and the number of motor single-direction revolution is less than 0~(Pr6.63+1)

5: Clean multi-turn alarm, and open multi-turn absolute function.

It will become 1 when normal clearance, if it's still 5 after 3seconds, please deal with according to 153 alarm processing.

9: Clear multi-turn position and reset multi-turn alarm, open multi-turn absolute function.

It will become 1 when normal clearance, if it's still 9 after 3seconds, please deal with according to 153 alarm processing. Please remember to do mechanical homing.

Notes: Set to 9 after homing process finished and servo disabled, valid after repower.

Pr0.16	Name	External regenerative resistance			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	10~50	Unit	Ω	Default	100		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0021H		
	Repower	-						
Set Pr.0.16 and Pr.0.17 to confirm the threshold value of the discharge loop to give alarm for over current.								

Pr0.17	Name	External regenerative resistor power value			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	W	Default	20		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0023H		
	Repower	-						
Set Pr.0.16 and Pr.0.17 to confirm the threshold value of the discharge loop to give alarm for over current.								

Pr0.25	Name	Auxiliary function			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~0xFFFF	Unit		Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0033H		
	Repower	-						

Value	Auxiliary function
0x1111	Reset current alarm
0x1122	Reset history alarm
0x2211	Save parameter to EEPROM
0x2222	Reset to factory setting except motor parameters
0x2233	Reset to factory setting
0X4001	JOG_P (50ms time period)
0X4002	JOG_N (50ms time period)
0x6666	Soft reset

5.2.2 【Class 1】 Gain Adjust

Pr1.00	Name	1st gain of position loop			Mode	P		
	Range	0~30000	Unit	0.1/s	Default	320		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0101H		
	Repower	-						

You can determine the response of the positional control system.

Higher the gain of position loop you set, faster the positioning time you can obtain. Note that too high setup may cause oscillation.

Pr1.01	Name	1st gain of velocity loop			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~32767	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	180		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0103H		
	Repower	-						

You can determine the response of the velocity loop.

In order to increase the response of overall servo system by setting high position loop gain, you need higher setup of this velocity loop gain as well. However, too high setup may cause oscillation.

Pr1.02	Name	1st Time Constant of Velocity Loop Integration			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	310		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0105H		
	Repower	-						

You can set up the integration time constant of velocity loop, Smaller the setup value, faster you can dog-in deviation at stall to 0.The integration will be maintained by setting to"9999".The integration effect will be lost by setting to"10000".

Pr1.03	Name	1st Filter of Velocity Detection			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	50~81	Unit	—	Default	15		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0107H		
	Repower	-						

You can set up the time constant of the low pass filter (LPF) after the speed detection, in 32 steps (0 to 31). Higher the setup, larger the time constant you can obtain so that you can decrease the motor noise, however, response becomes slow.

You can set the filter parameters through the loop gain, referring to the following table:

Setup Value	Speed Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency(Hz)	Setup Value	Speed Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency(Hz)
81	2500	65	750
80	2250	64	700
79	2100	63	650
78	2000	62	600
77	1800	61	550
76	1600	60	500
75	1500	59	450
74	1400	58	400
73	1300	57	350
72	1200	56	300
71	1100	55	250
70	1000	54	200
69	950	53	175
68	900	52	150
67	850	51	125
66	800	50	100

Pr1.04	Name	1st Time Constant of torque filter			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~2500	Unit	0.01ms	Default	126		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0109H		
	Repower	-						

Pr1.05	Name	2nd gain of position loop			Mode	P		
	Range	0~30000	Unit	0.1/s	Default	380		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	010BH		
	Repower	-						

Pr1.06	Name	2nd gain of velocity loop			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~32767	Unit	0.1Hz	Default	180		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	010DH		
	Repower	-						

Pr1.07	Name	2nd Time Constant of Velocity Loop Integration			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	10000		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	010FH		
	Repower	-						

Pr1.08	Name	2nd Filter of Velocity Detection			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~31	Unit	—	Default	15		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0111H		
	Repower	-						

Pr1.09	Name	2nd Time Constant of torque filter			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~2500	Unit	0.01ms	Default	126		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0113H		
	Repower	-						
Position loop, velocity loop, velocity detection filter, torque command filter have their 2 pairs of gain or time constant (1st and 2nd).								

Pr1.10	Name	Velocity feed forward gain			Mode	P		
	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.10%	Default	300		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0115H		
	Repower	-						
Multiply the velocity control command calculated according to the internal positional command by the ratio of this parameter and adds the result to the speed command resulting from the positional control process.								

Pr1.11	Name	Velocity feed forward filter			Mode	P		
	Range	0~6400	Unit	0.01ms	Default	50		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0117H		
	Repower	-						

Set the time constant of 1st delay filter which affects the input of speed feed forward.

(usage example of velocity feed forward)

The velocity feed forward will become effective as the velocity feed forward gain is gradually increased with the speed feed forward filter set at approx.50 (0.5ms). The positional deviation during operation at a constant speed is reduced as shown in the equation below in proportion to the value of velocity feed forward gain.

Position deviation [unit of command]=command speed [unit of command /s]/position loop gain[1/s]×(100-speed feed forward gain[%]/100

Pr1.12	Name	Torque feed forward gain			Mode	P	S	
	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.1%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W			Address	0119H
	Repower	-						
● Multiply the torque control command calculated according to the velocity control command by the ratio of this parameter and add the result to the torque command resulting from the velocity control process. ● To use torque feed forward, correctly set ratio of inertia. Set the inertia ratio that can be calculated from the machine specification to Pr0.04 inertia ratio. ● Positional deviation at a constant acceleration/deceleration can be minimized close to 0 by increasing the torque forward gain .this means that positional deviation can be maintained at near 0 over entire operation range while driving in trapezoidal speed pattern under ideal condition where disturbance torque is not active.								

Pr1.13	Name	Torque feed forward filter			Mode	P	S	
	Range	0~6400	Unit	0.01ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	011BH		
	Repower	-						

Set up the time constant of 1st delay filter which affects the input of torque feed forward. zero positional deviation is impossible in actual situation because of disturbance torque. as with the velocity feed forward, large torque feed forward filter time constant decreases the operating noise but increases positional deviation at acceleration change point.

Pr1.15	Name	Mode of position control switching			Mode	P		
	Range	0~10	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	011FH		
	Repower	-						
Setup value	Switching condition	Gain switching condition						
0	Fixed to 1st gain	Fixed to the 1st gain (Pr1.00-Pr1.04)						
1	Fixed to 2nd gain	Fixed to the 2nd gain (Pr1.05-Pr1.09)						
2	with gain switching input	1st gain when the gain switching input is open. 2nd gain when the gain switching input is connected to com- . ✧ If no input signal is allocated to the gain switching input, the 1st gain is fixed.						
3	Torque command is large	- Shift to the 2nd gain when the absolute value of the torque command exceeded (level + hysteresis)[%]previously with the 1st gain. - Return to the 1st gain when the absolute value of the torque command was kept below (level + hysteresis) [%]previously during delay time with the 2nd gain.						
4-9	reserved	reserved						
10	Have position command +actual speed	- Valid for position control. - Shift to the 2nd gain when the positional command was not 0 previously with the 1st gain. - Return to the 1st gain when the positional command was kept at 0 during the delay time and the absolute value of actual speed was kept below (level - hysteresis) (r/min) previously with the 2nd gain.						

Pr1.17	Name	Level of position control switching			Mode	P		
	Range	0~20000	Unit	Mode specific	Default	50		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0123H		
	Repower	-						
Unit of setting varies with switching mode. switching condition: position :encoder pulse number ; speed : r/min ; torque : % . Notice: set the level equal to or higher than the hysteresis.								

Pr1.18	Name	Hysteresis at position control switching			Mode	P		
	Range	0~20000	Unit	Mode specific	Default	33		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0125H		
	Repower	-						
Combining Pr1.17(control switching level)setup Notice: when level< hysteresis, the hysteresis is internally adjusted so that it is equal to level.								

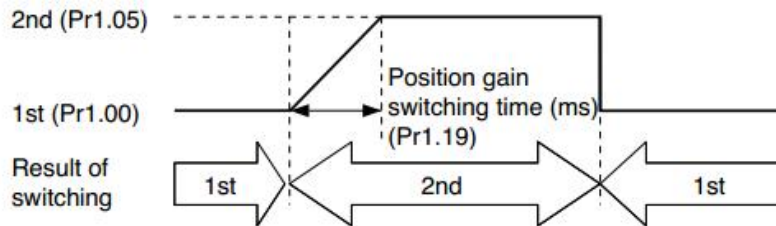
Pr1.19	Name	position gain switching time			Mode	P		
	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	33		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0127H		
	Repower	-						

For position controlling: if the difference between 1st gain and 2nd gain is large, the increasing rate of position loop gain can be limited by this parameter.

<Position gain switching time>

Notice: when using position control, position loop gain rapidly changes, causing torque change and vibration. By adjusting Pr1.19 position gain switching time, increasing rate of the position loop gain can be decreased and variation level can be reduced.

Example: 1st (Pr1.00) <-> 2nd (Pr1.05)



Pr1.35*	Name	positional command filter setup			Mode	P		
	Range	0~200	Unit	0.05us	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0147H		
	Repower	-						

Do filtering for positional command pulse, eliminate the interference of the narrow pulse, over-large setup will influence the input of high frequency positional command pulse, and make more time-delayed.

Pr1.37	Name	Special register			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~32767	Unit	-	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	014BH		
	Repower	-						

Under binary, these bits in register are used for some function operation.

Bit2=1, shield the speed out of control alarm (1A1)

Bit4=1, shield the over-load alarm 100,101

Bit6=1, shield the excessive vibration alarm 190

Bit7=1, shield the braking resistor over-load alarm 120

Bit9=1, shield the lacking of phase alarm 0dl (other bits are forbidden to use, default 0)

For example : Pr137 = 4 can be used to shield alarm code 1A1

Pr137 = 64 can be used to shield alarm code 190

Pr137 =68 can be used to shield both 1A1 and 190.

5.2.3 【Class 2】 Vibration Suppression

Pr2.00	Name	Adaptive filter mode setup			Mode	P	S															
	Range	0~4	Unit	—	Default	0																
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0201H																
	Repower	-																				
Set up the resonance frequency to be estimated by the adaptive filter and the special the operation after estimation.																						
<table><tr><th>Setup value</th><th colspan="2">Details</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>Adaptive filter: invalid</td><td>Parameters related to the 3rd and 4th notch filter hold the current value.</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Adaptive filter,1 filter is valid, one time</td><td>One adaptive filter is valid, parameters related to the 3rd notch filter will be updated based on adaptive performance. After updated, Pr2.00 returns to 0, stop self-adaptation.</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Adaptive filter, 1 filter is valid, It will be valid all the time</td><td>One adaptive filter is valid, parameters related to the 3rd notch filter will be updated all the time based on adaptive performance.</td></tr><tr><td>3-4</td><td>Not use</td><td>Non-professional forbidden to use</td></tr></table>								Setup value	Details		0	Adaptive filter: invalid	Parameters related to the 3rd and 4th notch filter hold the current value.	1	Adaptive filter,1 filter is valid, one time	One adaptive filter is valid, parameters related to the 3rd notch filter will be updated based on adaptive performance. After updated, Pr2.00 returns to 0, stop self-adaptation.	2	Adaptive filter, 1 filter is valid, It will be valid all the time	One adaptive filter is valid, parameters related to the 3rd notch filter will be updated all the time based on adaptive performance.	3-4	Not use	Non-professional forbidden to use
Setup value	Details																					
0	Adaptive filter: invalid	Parameters related to the 3rd and 4th notch filter hold the current value.																				
1	Adaptive filter,1 filter is valid, one time	One adaptive filter is valid, parameters related to the 3rd notch filter will be updated based on adaptive performance. After updated, Pr2.00 returns to 0, stop self-adaptation.																				
2	Adaptive filter, 1 filter is valid, It will be valid all the time	One adaptive filter is valid, parameters related to the 3rd notch filter will be updated all the time based on adaptive performance.																				
3-4	Not use	Non-professional forbidden to use																				

Pr2.01	Name	1st notch frequency			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	50~2000	Unit	Hz	Default	2000		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0203H		
	Repower	-						

Set the center frequency of the 1st notch filter

Notice: the notch filter function will be invalid by setting up this parameter to “2000”.

Pr2.02	Name	1st notch width selection			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~20	Unit	—	Default	2		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0205H		
	Repower	-						

Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 1st notch filter.

Notice: Higher the setup, larger the notch width you can obtain. Use with default setup in normal operation.

Pr2.03	Name	1st notch depth selection			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~99	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0207H		
	Repower	-						

Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 1st notch filter.

Notice: Higher the setup, shallower the notch depth and smaller the phase delay you can obtain.

Pr2.04	Name	2nd notch frequency			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	50~2000	Unit	Hz	Default	2000		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0209H		
	Repower	-						
Set the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter Notice: the notch filter function will be invalid by setting up this parameter to “2000”.								
Pr2.05	Name	2nd notch width selection			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~20	Unit	—	Default	2		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	020BH		
	Repower	-						
Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter. Notice: Higher the setup, larger the notch width you can obtain. Use with default setup in normal operation.								
Pr2.06	Name	2nd notch depth selection			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~99	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	020DH		
	Repower	-						
Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter. Notice: Higher the setup, shallower the notch depth and smaller the phase delay you can obtain.								

Pr2.07	Name	3rd notch frequency			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	50~2000	Unit	Hz	Default	2000		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	020FH		
	Repower	-						
Set the center frequency of the 3rd notch filter Notice: the notch filter function will be invalid by setting up this parameter to “2000”.								
Pr2.08	Name	3rd notch width selection			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~20	Unit	—	Default	2		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0211H		
	Repower	-						
Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 3rd notch filter. Notice: Higher the setup, larger the notch width you can obtain. Use with default setup in normal operation.								
Pr2.09	Name	3rd notch depth selection			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~99	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0213H		
	Repower	-						
Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 3rd notch filter. Notice: Higher the setup, shallower the notch depth and smaller the phase delay you can obtain.								

Pr2.14*	Name	1st damping frequency			Mode	P		
	Range	10~2000	Unit	0.1HZ	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	021DH		
	Repower	-						
0: close Setup damping frequency, to suppress vibration at the load edge.								
Pr2.16*	Name	2nd damping frequency			Mode	P		
	Range	10~2000	Unit	0.1HZ	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0221H		
	Repower	-						
0: close Setup damping frequency, to suppress vibration at the load edge								

Pr2.22	Name	positional command smoothing filter			Mode	P		
	Range	0~32767	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	022DH		
	Repower	o						

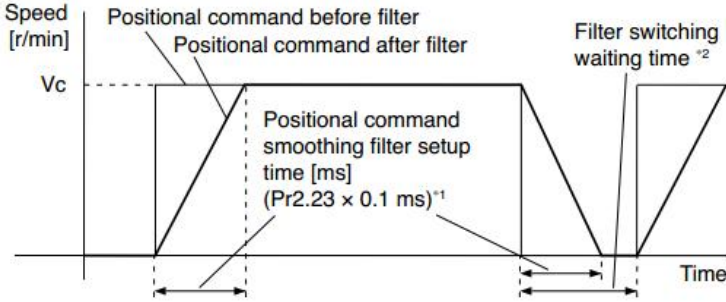
- Set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter in response to the positional command.
- When a square wave command for the target speed V_c is applied ,set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter as shown in the figure below

The graph illustrates the speed response to a square wave positional command. The y-axis represents Speed [r/min] with levels V_c , $V_c \times 0.632$, and $V_c \times 0.368$. The x-axis represents Time. Key features include:

- Positional command before filter:** A square wave pulse.
- Positional command after filter:** A smoothed version of the pulse.
- Positional command smoothing filter setup time [ms]:** The time from the start of the command to reaching $V_c \times 0.632$, calculated as $(Pr2.22 \times 0.1 \text{ ms})$.
- Filter switching waiting time *2:** The time from the end of the command to when the speed returns to zero.

Pr2.23	Name	positional command FIR filter			Mode	P
	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	022FH
	Repower	o				

- Set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter in response to the positional command.
- When a square wave command for the target speed V_c is applied, set up the V_c arrival time as shown in the figure below.



5.2.4 【Class 3】 Velocity/ Torque Control

Pr3.00	Name	Speed setup, Internal /External switching			Mode	S
	Range	0~3	Unit	—	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0301H
	Repower	-				

This drive is equipped with internal speed setup function so that you can control the speed with contact inputs only.

Setup value	Speed setup method		
1	Internal speed command 1st to 4th speed (PR3.04-PR3.07)		
2	Internal speed command 1st to 3rd speed (PR3.04-PR3.06), Analog speed command (SPR)		
3	Internal speed command 1st to 8th speed (PR3.04-PR3.11)		

<relationship between Pr3.00 Internal/External switching speed setup and the internal command speed selection 1-3 and speed command to be selected>

Setup value	1 st selection of internal command speed (INTSPD1)	2 nd selection of internal command speed (INTSPD2)	3 rd selection of internal command speed (INTSPD3)	selection of Speed command
1	OFF	OFF	NO effect	1st speed
	ON	OFF		2nd speed
	OFF	ON		3rd speed
	ON	ON		4th speed
2	OFF	OFF	NO effect	1st speed
	ON	OFF		2nd speed
	OFF	ON		3rd speed
	ON	ON		Analog speed command
3	The same as [Pr3.00=1]		OFF	1st to 4th speed
	OFF	OFF	ON	5th speed
	ON	OFF	ON	6th speed
	OFF	ON	ON	7th speed
	ON	ON	ON	8th speed

Pr3.04	Name	1st speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0309H
	Repower	-				
Pr3.05	Name	2nd speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	030BH
	Repower	-				
Pr3.06	Name	3rd speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	030DH
	Repower	-				
Pr3.07	Name	4th speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	030FH
	Repower	-				
Pr3.08	Name	5th speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0311H
	Repower	-				
Pr3.09	Name	6th speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0313H
	Repower	-				
Pr3.10	Name	7th speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0315H
	Repower	-				
Pr3.11	Name	8th speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0317H
	Repower	-				
Set up internal command speeds, 1st to 8th						

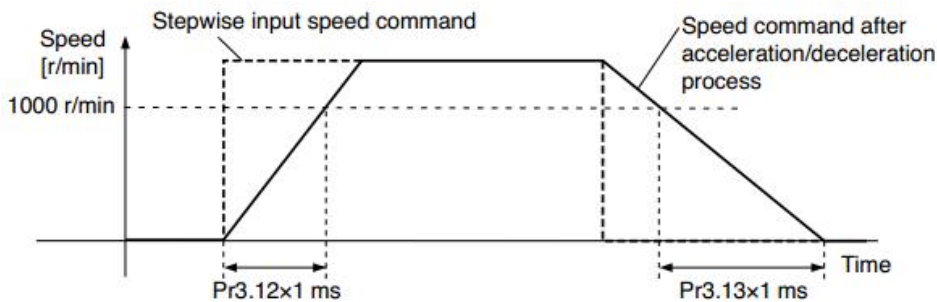
Pr3.12	Name	time setup acceleration			Mode	S
	Range	0~10000	Unit	Ms/ (1000r/min)	Default	100
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0319H
	Repower	-				
Pr3.13	Name	time setup deceleration			Mode	S
	Range	0~10000	Unit	Ms/ (1000r/min)	Default	100
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	031BH
	Repower	-				

Set up acceleration/deceleration processing time in response to the speed command input. Set the time required for the speed command(stepwise input)to reach 1000r/min to Pr3.12 Acceleration time setup. Also set the time required for the speed command to reach from 1000r/min to 0 r/min, to Pr3.13 Deceleration time setup.

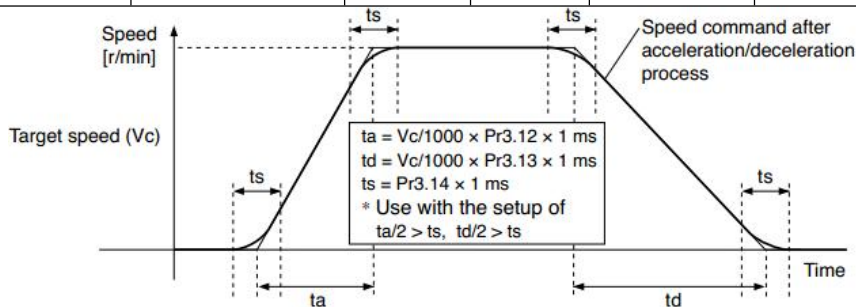
Assuming that the target value of the speed command is V_c (r/min), the time required for acceleration/deceleration can be computed from the formula shown below.

Acceleration time (ms)= $V_c/1000 \times \text{Pr3.12} \times 1\text{ms}$

Deceleration time (ms)= $V_c/1000 \times \text{Pr3.13} \times 1\text{ms}$



Pr3.14	Name	Sigmoid acceleration /deceleration time setup			Mode	S
	Range	0~1000	Unit	ms	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	031DH
	Repower	o				



Set S-curve time for acceleration/deceleration process when the speed command is applied.

According to Pr3.12 Acceleration time setup and Pr3.13 Deceleration time setup, set up sigmoid time with time width centering the inflection point of acceleration/deceleration.

Pr3.17	Name	Selection of torque command			Mode		T						
	Range	0、1、2	Unit		Default	0							
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0323H							
	Repower	-											
<table><tr><td>Setup value</td><td>Torque command input</td><td>Velocity limit input</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Parameter value (P3.22)</td><td>Parameter value (P3.21)</td></tr></table>								Setup value	Torque command input	Velocity limit input	2	Parameter value (P3.22)	Parameter value (P3.21)
Setup value	Torque command input	Velocity limit input											
2	Parameter value (P3.22)	Parameter value (P3.21)											

Pr3.18	Name	Torque command direction selection			Mode			T
	Range	0~1	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0325H		
	Repower	-						

Select the direction positive/negative direction of torque command

Setup value	Details
0	Specify the direction with the sign of torque command Torque command input[+]→ positive direction, [-]→ negative direction
1	Specify the direction with torque command sign(TC-SIGN). OFF: positive direction ON: negative direction

Pr3.21	Name	Speed limit value 1			Mode			T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	032BH		
	Repower	-						
Set up the speed limit used for torque control. During the torque controlling, the speed set by the speed limit cannot be exceeded.								

Pr3.22	Name	Torque command			Mode			T
	Range	0~300	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	032DH		
	Repower	-						
Set up torque limit value in torque mode control.								

Pr3.24 *	Name	Motor rotate maximum speed limit			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	3000		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0331H		
	Repower	-						
Set up motor running max rotate speed, but can't be exceeded motor allowed max rotate speed.								

5.2.5 【Class 4】 I/F Monitor Setting

Pr4.00 *	Name	Input selection SI1			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	3		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0401H		
	Repower	o						
Pr4.01 *	Name	Input selection SI2			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0403H		
	Repower	o						
Pr4.02 *	Name	Input selection SI3			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0405H		
	Repower	o						
Pr4.03 *	Name	Input selection SI4			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0207H		
	Repower	o						

Set digital SI input function allocation.

This parameter use 16 binary system to set up the values,

For the function number, please refer to the following Figure.

Signal name	Symbol	Setup value	
		Normally open	Normally closed
Invalid	-	00h	Do not setup
Positive direction over-travel inhibition	POT	01h	81h
Negative direction over-travel inhibition	NOT	02h	82h
Servo-ON input	SRV-ON	03h	83h
Alarm clear input	A-CLR	04h	Do not setup
Control mode switching input	C-MODE	05h	85h
Gain switching input	GAIN	06h	86h
Deviation counter clear input	CL	07h	Do not setup
Command pulse inhibition input	INH	08h	88h
Torque switching	TC-SEL	09h	89h
Selection 1 input of internal command speed	INTSPD1	0Eh	8Eh
Selection 2 input of internal command speed	INTSPD2	0Fh	8Fh
Selection 3 input of internal command speed	INTSPD3	10h	90h
Forced alarm input	E-STOP	14h	94h
Inertia ratio switching	J-SEL	15h	95h

Note:

- Normally open means input signal comes from external controller or component, for example: PLC.
- Normally closed means input signal comes from drive internally.

- Don't setup to a value other than that specified in the table.
- Don't assign specific function to 2 or more signals. Duplicated assignment will cause Err210 I/F input multiple assignment error 1 or Err211 I/F input multiple assignment error 2

Pr-Mode related input setup as below:

Input			
Signal name	Symbol	Setup value	
		Normally open	Normally closed
Trigger command	CTRG	20h	A0h
Homing signal	HOME	21h	A1h
Forced stop	STP	22h	A2h
Forward direction JOG	JOG+	23h	A3h
Opposite direction JOG	JOG-	24h	A4h
Positive limit switch	PL	25h	A5h
Negative limit switch	NL	26h	A6h
Homing switch signal	ORG	27h	A7h
Road strength address 0	ADD0	28h	A8h
Road strength address 1	ADD1	29h	A9h
Road strength address 2	ADD2	2ah	Aah
Road strength address 3	ADD3	2bh	Abh

Note:

CTRG, HOME is edge triggered. the active duration must more than 1ms.

Pr4.10 *	Name	Output selection SO1			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	101		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0415H		
	Repower	o						
Pr4.11 *	Name	Output selection SO2			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	202		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0417H		
	Repower	o						
Pr4.12 *	Name	Output selection SO3			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~00FFFFFFh	Unit	—	Default	404		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0419H		
	Repower	o						

Set digital SO output functions allocation.

This parameter use 16 binary system do setup

For the function number, please refer to the following Figure.

Signal name	Symbol	Setup value
Invalid	-	00h
Alarm output	Alm	01h
Servo-Ready output	S-RDY	02h
External brake release signal	BRK-OFF	03h
Positioning complete output	INP	04h
At-speed output	AT-SPPED	05h
Torque limitation output	TLC	06h
Zero-speed detection output	ZSP	07h
Velocity coincidence output	V-COIN	08h

Positional command ON/OFF output	P-CMD	0Bh
Speed command ON/OFF output	V-CMD	0Fh
Servo enabled output	SEV-ST	12h
Positive limit active	POT-OUT	15h
Negative limit active	NOT-OUT	16h

Pr-Mode related output setup as below;

Output			
Signal name	Symbol	Setup value	
		Normally open	Normally closed
Command complete	CMD-OK	20h	A0h
Road strength address	MC-OK	21h	A1h
Homing finish	HOME-OK	22h	A2h
Torque limit	TQL	06h	86h

Note:

CMD-OK indicates PR command sent complete, but the motor may not in-position.

MC-OK indicates command complete and the motor in-position.

*1 Pay attention to the front panel display is hexadecimal.

Pr4.31	Name	Positioning complete range			Mode	P
	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.0001rev	Default	10
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	043FH
	Repower	-				
Set up the timing of positional deviation at which the positioning complete signal (INP1) is output.						

Pr4.32	Name	Positioning complete output setup			Mode	P
	Range	0~3	Unit	command unit	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0441H
	Repower	-				
Select the condition to output the positioning complete signal (INP1).						
Setup value		Action of positioning complete signal				
0		The signal will turn on when the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].				
1		The signal will turn on when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].				
2		The signal will turn on when there is no position command, the zero-speed detection signal is ON and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].				
3		The signal will turn on when there is no position command and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range]. Then holds "ON" states until the next position command is entered. Subsequently, ON state is maintained until Pr4.33 INP hold time has elapsed. After the hold time, INP output will be turned ON/OFF according to the coming positional command or condition of the positional deviation.				

Pr4.33	Name	INP hold time			Mode	P		
	Range	0~30000	Unit	1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0443H		
	Repower	-						

Set up the hold time when Pr 4.32 positioning complete output setup=3

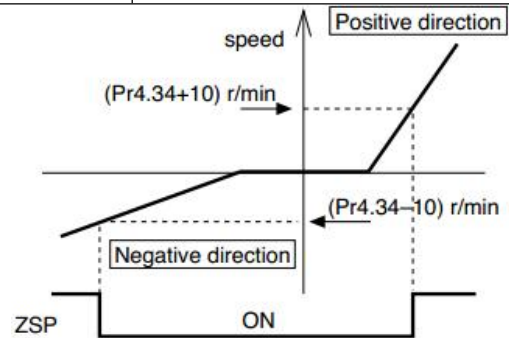
Setup value	State of Positioning complete signal
0	The hold time is maintained definitely, keeping ON state until next positional command is received.
1-30000	ON state is maintained for setup time (ms) but switched to OFF state as the positional command is received during hold time.

Pr4.34	Name	Zero-speed			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	10~20000	Unit	r/min	Default	50		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0445H		
	Repower	-						

You can set up the timing to feed out the zero-speed detection output signal(ZSP or TCL) in rotate speed (r/min).

The zero-speed detection signal(ZSP) will be fed out when the motor speed falls below the setup of this parameter, Pr4.34

- The setup of pr4.34 is valid for both positive and negative direction regardless of the motor rotating direction.
- There is hysteresis of 10[r/min]



Pr4.35	Name	Speed coincidence range			Mode	S
	Range	10~2000	Unit	r/min	Default	50
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0447H
	Repower	-				

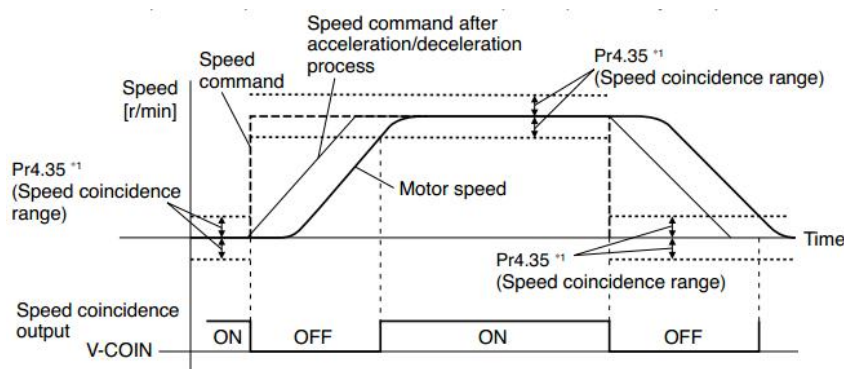
Set the speed coincidence (V-COIN) output detection timing.

Output the speed coincidence (V-COIN) when the difference between the speed command and the motor speed is equal to or smaller than the speed specified by this parameter.

Because the speed coincidence detection is associated with 10 r/min hysteresis, actual detection range is as shown below.

Speed coincidence output OFF -> ON timing (Pr4.35 -10) r/min

Speed coincidence output ON -> OFF timing (Pr4.35 +10) r/min

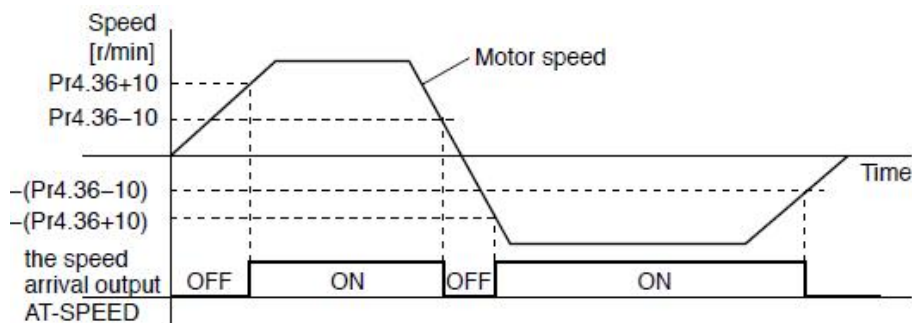


Pr4.36	Name	At-speed(Speed arrival)			Mode	S
	Range	10~2000	Unit	r/min	Default	1000
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0449H
	Repower	-				

Set the detection timing of the speed arrival output (AT-SPEED).

When the motor speed exceeds this setup value, the speed arrive output (AT-SPEED) is output.

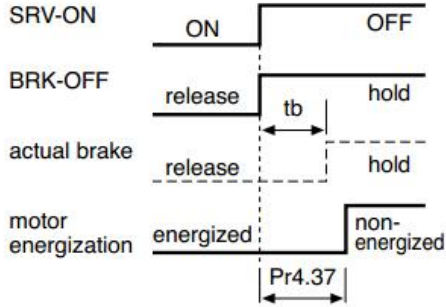
Detection is associated with 10r/min hysteresis .



Pr4.37	Name	Mechanical brake action setting when stopping			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	044BH		
	Repower	-						

Motor brake delay time setup, mainly used to prevent servo on “galloping” phenomenon. Set up the time from when the brake release signal(BRK-OFF) turns off to when the motor is de-energized (servo-free),when the motor turns to servo-off while the motor is at stall

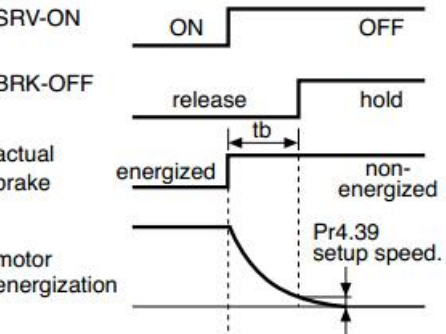
- Set up to prevent a micro-travel/drop motor (work) due to the action delay time(tb) of the brake.
- After setting up Pr4.37>=tb, then compose the sequence so as the turns to servo-off after the brake is actually activated.



Pr4.38	Name	Mechanical brake action setting			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	044DH		
	Repower	-						

Mechanical brake start delay time setup, mainly used to prevent servo off “galloping” phenomenon. Set up time from when detecting the off of servo-on input signal(SRV-ON)is to when external brake release signal(BRK-OFF)turns off, while the motor turns to servo off during the motor in motion

- Set up to prevent the brake deterioration due to the motor
- At servo-OFF during the motor is running , tb of the right fig will be a one of either Pr4.38 setup time, or lapse till the motor speed falls below setup speed



Pr4.39	Name	Brake release speed setup			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	30~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	30		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	044FH		
	Repower	-						

Set up the speed timing of braking output checking during operation

5.2.6 【Class 5】 Extended Setup

Pr5.00	Name	2nd Command pulse counts per one motor revolution			Mode	P		
	Range	0-8388608	Unit	P	Default	0		
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0500H 0501H		
	Repower	o						
	Set the command pulse that causes single turn of the motor shaft. Select Pr0.08 1st or Pr5.00 2nd by IO signal. 1) If Pr5.00≠0 , the actual turns = pulse number / Pr5.00 2) If Pr5.00 = 0 , Pr5.01 2nd numerator of electronic gear and Pr5.02 2nd Denominator of electronic Gear become valid.							

Pr5.01	Name	2nd numerator of electronic gear			Mode	P		
	Range	1~1073741824	Unit	—	Default	1		
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0502H 0503H		
	Repower	o						
Set the numerator of division/multiplication operation made according to the command pulse input								
Pr5.02	Name	2nd denominator of electronic gear			Mode	P		
	Range	1~1073741824	Unit	—	Default	1		
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0504H 0505H		
	Repower	o						
Set the denominator of division/multiplication operation made according to the command pulse input. Instructions refer to Pr0.09 and Pr0.10 and select by IO signal								

Pr5.04	Name	Over-travel inhibit input setup			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0/1/2	Unit	1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0509H		
	Repower	-						
0: positive and negative limit effective, no alarm output; 1: positive and negative limit effective invalid; 2: positive and negative limit effective, alarm output;								

Pr5.06	Name	Servo stop mode			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~1	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	050DH		
	Repower	-						

Specify the status during deceleration and after stop, after servo-off.

Setup value	Servo stop mode
0	When servo-disable signal active, servo-disable after the speed reduced less than Pr4.39
1	When servo-disable signal active, servo-disable right away, motor in free-run mode.

Pr5.08	Name	LV trip selection at main power OFF			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~1	Unit	—	Default	1		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0511H		
	Repower	-						

You can select whether or not to activate Err0d.0 (main power under-voltage protection)function while the main shutoff continues for the setup of Pr5.09(The main power-OFF detection time).

Setup value	Action of main power low voltage protection
0	When the main power is shut off during Servo-On,Err0d.0 will not be triggered and the drive turns to Servo-OFF. The drive returns to Servo-On again after the main power resumption.
1	When the main power is shut off during Servo-On, the drive will trip due to Err0d.0

Caution: Err0d.0(main power under-voltage protection) is trigged when setup of Pr5.09 is long and P-N voltage of the main converter falls below the specified value before detecting the main power shutoff , regardless of the Pr5.08 setup.

Pr5.09 *	Name	The main power-OFF detection time			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	70~2000	Unit	1ms	Default	70		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0513H		
	Repower	o						
You can set up the time to detect the shutoff while the main power is kept shut off continuously. The main power off detection is invalid when you set up this to 2000.								

Pr5.10	Name	Dynamic braking mode			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~2	Unit		Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0515H		
	Repower	o						
0: Dynamic braking is valid in both normal and abnormal conditions. 1: Dynamic braking is valid in normal condition, invalid in abnormal condition. (used to prevent abnormal conditions, high speed and large inertia to burn up the dynamic braking) 2: Dynamic braking is invalid in both normal and abnormal conditions.								

Pr5.11 *	Name	Torque setup for emergency stop			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	051H		
	Repower	-						
Set up the torque limit at emergency stop When setup value is 0, the torque limit for normal operation is applied.								

Pr5.12	Name	Over-load level setup			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~115	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0519H		
	Repower	-						
You can set up over-load level. The overload level becomes 115% by setting up this value to 0. Use this with 0 setup in normal operation, set up other value only when you need to low this over-load level. The setup value of this parameter is limited by 115% of the motor rating.								

Pr5.13	Name	Over-speed level setup			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	051BH		
	Repower	-						

If the motor speed exceeds this setup value, Err1A.0 [over-speed protect] occurs.
The over-speed level becomes 1.2 times of the motor max, speed by setting up this to 0.

Pr5.15 *	Name	I/F reading filter			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~255	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	051FH		
	Repower	o						
I/O input digital filtering; higher setup will arise control delay.								

Pr5.17	Name	Counter clear input mode			Mode	P		
	Range	0~4	Unit	—	Default	3		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0523H		
	Repower	-						
Set up the clearing conditions of the counter clear input signal								
		Setup value	Clear condition					
		0/2/4	invalid					
		1	Always clear					
		3	Only clear one time					

Pr5.20	Name	Position setup unit select			Mode	P		
	Range	0~2	Unit	—	Default	2		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0529H		
	Repower	-						

Specify the unit to determine the range of positioning complete and excessive positional deviation

Setup value	unit
0	Encoder unit
1	Command unit
2	10000pulse/rotation

Pr5.21	Name	Selection of torque limit			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~5	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	052BH		
	Repower	-						

Set up the torque limiting method

Setup value		Limiting value
0		PR0.13
1		PR5.22
2	TL-SEL off	PR0.13
	TL-SEL on	PR5.22
5		PR0.13 Positive torque limit PR5.22 Negative torque limit

Pr5.22	Name	2nd torque limit			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	300		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	052DH		
	Repower	-						

Set up the 2nd limit value of the motor torque output

The value of the parameter is limited to the maximum torque of the applicable motor.

Pr5.23	Name	Positive torque reached			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~300	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	052FH		
	Repower	-						

- Default setting is 0, if the torque feedback is greater than 95% of the rated torque, output TCL signal.
- If the torque feedback is greater than the user setting value, output TCL signal.

Pr5.24	Name	Negative torque reached			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~300	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0531H		
	Repower	-						

- Default setting is 0, if the torque feedback is greater than 95% of the rated torque, output TCL signal.
- If the torque feedback is greater than the user setting value, output TCL signal.

Pr5.28 *	Name	LED initial status			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~35	Unit	—	Default	1		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0539H		
	Repower	-						

You can select the type of data to be displayed on the front panel LED (7-segment) at the initial status after power-on.

Setup value	content	Setup value	content	Setup value	content
0	Positional command deviation	12	I/O signal status	24	Reserved

1	Motor speed	13	Reserved	25	Reserved
2	Positional command speed	14	Regenerative load rate	26	Reserved
3	Velocity control command	15	Overload rate	27	Voltage across PN [V]
4	Actual torque	16	Inertia ratio	28	Drive serial number
5	Feedback pulse sum	17	Factor of no-motor running	29	Reserved
6	Command pulse sum	18	Encoder positional deviation [encoder unit]	30	Electromagnetic interference value
8	Max torque during operation	20	Encoder ID	31	Accumulated operation time
9	Position command frequency	21	Encoder initial angle	32	Reserved
10	Control mode	22		33	drive temperature
11	I/O signal status	23	Number of abnormal communication of encoder	36	Reserved

Pr5.29 *	Name	Mode setup of RS485 communication			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~255	Unit	—	Default	5		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	053BH		
	Repower	-						

Value	Data bit	Parity-check	Stop bit
0	8	Even Parity	2
1	8	Odd Parity	2
2	8	Even Parity	1
3	8	Odd Parity	1
4	8	None	1
5	8	None	2

Pr5.30 *	Name	Baud rate setup of RS485 communication			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~6	Unit	—	Default	2		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	053DH		
	Repower	-						

Set up the communication baud rate of RS485.

Setup value	Baud rate	Setup value	Baud rate
0	2400bps	4	38400bps
1	4800bps	5	57600bps
2	9600bps	6	115200bps
3	19200bps		

Pr5.31 *	Name	RS485 slave axis ID			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~127	Unit	—	Default	1		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	053FH		
	Repower	-						
During communication with the host (e.g. PC) to control multiple shafts, the shaft being accessed by the host should be identified. Note: when using RS232/RS485, the maximum valid value is 31.								

Pr5.32	Name	Command pulse input maximum setup			Mode	P		
	Range	0~4000	Unit	KHZ	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0541H		
	Repower	-						
Set the maximum number of pulses to be used as command pulse input, if the number of the input pulse exceeds the setup value ,ERR1B0 command pulse input frequency error protection occurs								

Pr5.35 *	Name	Front panel lock setup			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~1	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0547H		
	Repower	-						
Lock the operation on the front panel.								
Setup value		content						
0		No limit on the front panel operation						
1		Lock the operation on the front panel						

Pr5.36	Name	7 th setting parameters open			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0、102	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0549H		
	Repower	-						
7th setting parameters open.								
Setup value		content						
0								
102		Open 7 th setting parameters modification authority.						

Pr5.36	Name	7 th setting parameters open			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0、102	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0549H		
	Repower	-						
7 th setting parameters open.								
Setup value		content						
0								
102		Open 7 th setting parameters modification authority.						

5.2.7 【Class 6】 Special Setup

Pr6.03	Name	JOG trial run command torque			Mode			T
	Range	0~100	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0607H		
	Repower	-						
You can set up the command speed used for JOG trial run (torque control).								

Pr6.04	Name	JOG trial run command speed			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	300		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0609H		
	Repower	-						
You can set up the command speed used for JOG trial run (velocity control).								

Pr6.05	Name	Position 3 rd gain valid time			Mode	P		
	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	060BH		
	Repower	-						
Set up the time at which 3rd gain becomes valid. When not using this parameter, set PR6.05=0, PR6.06=100 This is valid for only position control/full-closed control.								

Pr6.06	Name	Position 3 rd gain multiplication			Mode	P		
	Range	0~1000	Unit	100%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	060DH		
	Repower	-						
Set up the 3rd gain by multiplying factor of the 1st gain 3rd gain= 1st gain * PR6.06/100.								

Pr6.07	Name	Torque command additional value			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	060FH		
	Repower	-						
Pr6.08	Name	Positive torque compensation value			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0611H		
	Repower	-						
Pr6.09	Name	Negative torque compensation value			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0		

	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0613H
	Repower	-				
This three parameters may apply feed forward torque superposition directly to torque command.						

Pr6.13	Name	2 nd inertia ratio			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	061BH		
	Repower	-						
Set up 2nd inertia ratio Set up the ratio of the load inertia against the rotor of the motor ratio. PR6.13= (load inertia/ rotor inertia) * 100 【%】								

Pr6.14	Name	Emergency stop time at alarm			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~3000	Unit	ms	Default	200		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	061DH		
	Repower	-						
Set up the time allowed to complete emergency stop in an alarm condition, exceeding this time puts this system in alarm state.								

Pr6.20	Name	Trial run distance			Mode	P		
	Range	0~1200	Unit	0.1rev	Default	10		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0629H		
	Repower	-						
The distance of running each time in JOG run(position control)								

Pr6.21	Name	Trial run waiting time			Mode	P		
	Range	0~30000	Unit	Ms	Default	100		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	062BH		
	Repower	-						
The waiting time after running each time in JOG run(position control)								

Pr6.22	Name	Trial run cycle times			Mode	P		
	Range	0~32767	Unit	—	Default	5		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	062DH		
	Repower	-						
The cycling times of JOG run(position control)								

Pr6.25	Name	Acceleration of trial running			Mode	P	S	
	Range	0~32767	Unit	ms	Default	100		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0633H		
	Repower	-						
Acceleration time from 0rpm~1000rpm of trial running								

Pr6.63	Name	Absolute multi-turn position upper bound			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~32766	Unit	Rotation	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	067FH		
	Repower	o						
While Pr0.15=2: Absolute position rotation mode: The encoder is used as an absolute encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is supported.. It is mainly applicable to the scenario where the load travel range is not limited and the number of motor single-direction revolution is less than 0~(Pr6.63+1)								

5.2.8 【Class B】 Status Information

Note: This parameters class is only for RS485 communication.

PrB.00	Name	Software version 1 (DSP)			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B00H		
Display Software version 1 (DSP)								

PrB.01	Name	Software version 2 (CPLD)			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B01H		
Display Software version 2 (CPLD)								

PrB.02	Name	Software version 3 (other)			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B02H		
Display Software version 3								

PrB.03	Name	Error code			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B03H		
Display Error code								

PrB.04	Name	Factor of no-motor running			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B04H		
Factor of no-motor running								

PrB.05	Name	Drive operating state			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B05H		
	Bit	Function	Details					
	0	RDY	Servo ready					
	1	RUN	Servo run					
	2	ERR	Servo error					
	3	HOME_OK	Homing process finished					
	4	INP	Positioning complete					
	5	AT-SPEED	At-speed					
	6~15		Reserve					

PrB.06	Name	Actual velocity (unfiltered)			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit	RPM	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B06H		
Actual velocity (unfiltered)								

PrB.07	Name	Actual torque feedback			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit	%	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B07H		
Actual torque feedback（Percentage of the rated torque）								

PrB.08	Name	Actual current feedback			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit	0.01A	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B08H		
Actual current feedback								

PrB.09	Name	Actual velocity(After filtering)			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit	RPM	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B09H		
Actual velocity(After filtering)								

PrB.10	Name	DC bus voltage			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit	V	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B0AH		
DC bus voltage								

PrB.11	Name	Drive temperature			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit	℃	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B0BH		
Drive temperature								

PrB.15	Name	Over-load ratio			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit	%	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B0FH		
Over-load ratio（%）								

PrB.16	Name	Regeneration load ratio			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit	%	Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B10H		
Regeneration load ratio（%）								

PrB.17	Name	Digital input signal status			Mode	P	S	T												
	Range		Unit		Default															
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B11H														
Digital input signal status:																				
<table><tr><th>Bit</th><th>SI input</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>SI1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>SI2</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>SI3</td></tr><tr><td>...</td><td>...</td></tr><tr><td>8</td><td>SI9</td></tr></table>									Bit	SI input	0	SI1	1	SI2	2	SI3	...	...	8	SI9
Bit	SI input																			
0	SI1																			
1	SI2																			
2	SI3																			
...	...																			
8	SI9																			
Bit n=1, indicates SI(n+1)is at high level; Bitn=0,indacates SI(n+1)is at low level.																				

PrB.18	Name	Digital output signal status			Mode	P	S	T
	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R	Address	0B11H		
Digital output signal status:								

Bit	SO output
0	SO1
1	SO2
2	SO3

Bit n=1, indicates SO(n+1)is at high level; Bitn=0,indacates SO(n+1)is at low level.

PrB.20	Name	Motor position feedback (Command unit)			Mode	P		
	Range		Unit	P	Default			
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R	Address	0B14H~0B15H		
Motor position feedback (Command unit) . If the drive receives 8388608 pulse, and the drive's instruction unit is 10000pulse/ r, the encoder unit is 8388608 pulse/r, then the drive motor position feedback pulse number is 10000P								

PrB.21	Name	Command pulse sum (Command unit)			Mode	P		
	Range		Unit	P	Default			
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R	Address	0B16H~0B17H		
Command pulse sum (Command unit)								

PrB.22	Name	Positional deviation (Command unit)			Mode	P		
	Range		Unit	P	Default			
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R	Address	0B18H~0B19H		
Positional deviation (Command unit) ,refer to PrB.23 for details.								

PrB.23	Name	Position command (Encoder unit)			Mode	P		
	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R	Address	0B1AH~0B1BH		
Position command (Encoder unit) If the drive's instruction unit is 10000pulse/ r, the encoder unit is 8388608 pulse/r, then the drive receive 10000pulse, the position command pulse number is 8388608 pulse								

PrB.24	Name	Motor position (encoder unit)				Mode	P		
	Range		Unit		Default				
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R	Address	0B1CH~0B1DH			
Motor position (encoder unit)									

PrB.25	Name	Positional deviation(encoder unit)			Mode	P		
	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R	Address	0B1EH~0B1FH		
Positional deviation(encoder unit)								

PrB.26	Name	Position feedback in rotation mode(encoder unit)			Mode	P		
	Range		Unit		Default			
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R	Address	0B20H~0B21FH		
Position feedback in rotation mode(encoder unit), refer to PrB.23 for details.								

Chapter 6 Alarm and Processing

6.1 Alarm List

Protection function is activated when an error occurs, the drive will stop the rotation of servo motor, and the front panel will automatically display the corresponding fault error code. The history of the error can be viewed on data monitoring mode. error logging submenu displays like:“d12Er”.

Table 6.1 Error Code List

Error code		Content	Attribute		
Main	Sub		History	Immediate stop	Can be cleared
09	0~F	FPGA communication error	●		
0A	0~1	Current detection circuit error	●		
	2、4	Analog input circuit error	●		
	3	Power line (U、V、W) not connected	●		
	5	DC bus circuit error	●		
	6	Temperature detection circuit error	●		
0b	0	Control power under-voltage	●		
0c	0	DC bus over-voltage	●		●
0d	0	DC bus under-voltage	●		●
	2	Power line (U、V、W) not connected			●
0E	0	Over-current	●		
	1	over-current of intelligent power module (IPM)	●		
0F	0	Drive over-heat	●	●	
10	0	Motor over-load	●		●
	1	Drive over-load	●		●
	2	Motor stalling detection	●	●	●
12	0	Resistor discharged circuit overload	●	●	
	1	Brake error	●		
15	0	Encoder wiring error	●		
	1	Encoder data error	●		
	2	Encoder initial position error	●		
	3	Encoder battery low-voltage error	●		●
17	0	Encoder data error	●	●	
	1	Motor parameter error			
18	0	Too large position pulse deviation	●	●	●
	1	Too large velocity deviation	●	●	●
19	0	Vibration is too large	●	●	●
1A	0	Over-speed 1	●	●	●
	1	Speed out of control	●		●
1b	0	Incorrect input pulse format or over frequency	●	●	●
	1	The electronic gear ratio is not set correctly	●	●	●
21	0	I/F input interface allocation error	●		●
	1	I/F input interface function set error	●		●
	2	I/F output interface function set error	●		●
24	0	CRC verification error when EEPROM parameter saved	●		
26	0	Positive/negative over-range input valid	●	●	●
57	0	Compulsory alarm input valid	●	●	

Save: save this error history record

Emergency: error, drive will stop immediately

Alarm clear: may through SI input/panel/configuration software remove alarm

6.2 Alarm Processing Method

When appear error, please clear error reason, renew power on

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 090"--"Er 09F"	
	09	0~F	Content: FPGA communication error	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution
L1,L2 terminal under-voltage			Check L1,L2 terminal voltage	Make sure voltage of L1,L2 terminal in proper range
Drive internal fault			/	replace the drive with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0A0"--"Er 0A1"	
	0A	0~1	Content: current detection circuit error	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution
Wiring error of motor output U,V,W terminal			Check wiring of motor output U,V,W terminal	Make sure motor U,V,W terminal wiring correctly
Main voltage L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage whether over-low			Check main voltage L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Make sure voltage of L1,L2,L3 terminal in proper range
Drive internal fault			/	replace the drive with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0A2"、"Er 0A4"	
	0A	2、4	Content: analog input circuit error	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution
Analog input Wiring error			Check wiring of analog input	Make sure analog input wiring correctly
Drive internal fault			/	replace the drive with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0A3"	
	0A	3	Content: Power line (U、V、W) not connected	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution
Power line (U、V、W) not connected or broken			Check wiring of U、V、W	Make sure U、V、W wiring correctly
Motor internal fault			/	replace the motor with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0A5"	
	0A	5	Content: DC bus circuit error	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution
Main voltage L1,L2,L3 terminal under-voltage			Check L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Make sure voltage of L1,L2,L3 terminal in proper range
Drive internal fault			/	replace the drive with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0A6"	
	0A	6	Content: temperature detection circuit error	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution
L1,L2,L3 terminal under-voltage			Check L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Make sure voltage of L1,L2,L3 terminal in proper range
Drive internal fault			/	replace the drive with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0b0"
	0b	0	Content: control power under-voltage
Cause			Confirmation
L1,L2,L3 terminal under-voltage			Check L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage
Drive internal fault			/
			Solution
			Make sure voltage of L1,L2,L3 terminal in proper range
			replace the drive with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0c0"
	0c	0	Content: DC bus over-voltage
Cause			Confirmation
Main power L1,L2,L3 terminal over-voltage			Check L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage
Inner brake circuit damaged			/
Drive inner fault			/
			Solution
			decrease L1,L2,L3 terminal Voltage
			replace the drive with a new one
			replace the drive with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0d0"
	0d	0	Content: DC bus under-voltage
Cause			Confirmation
Main power L1,L2,L3 terminal under-voltage			Check L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage
Drive inner fault			/
			Solution
			increase L1,L2 terminal Voltage
			replace the drive with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0E0"
	0E	0	Content: over-current
Cause			Confirmation
Short of drive output wire			Short of drive output wire, whether short circuit to PG ground or not
Abnormal wiring of motor			Check motor wiring order
Short of IGBT module			Cut off drive output wiring, make srv_on available and drive motor, check whether over-current exists
abnormal setting of control parameter			Modify the parameter
abnormal setting of control command			Check control command whether command changes too violently or not
			Solution
			Assure drive output wire no short circuit, assure motor no damage
			Adjust motor wiring sequence
			replace the drive with a new one
			Adjust parameter to proper range
			Adjust control command: open filter function

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0E1"
	0E	1	Content: IPM over-current
Cause			Confirmation
Short of drive output wire			Short of drive output wire, whether short circuit to PG ground or not
Abnormal wiring of motor			Check motor wiring order
Short of IGBT module			Cut off drive output wiring, make srv_on available and drive motor, check whether over-current exists or not
Short of IGBT module			/
abnormal setting of control parameter			Modify the parameter
abnormal setting of control			Check control command whether
			Solution
			Assure drive output wire no short circuit, assure motor no damage
			Adjust motor wiring sequence
			replace the drive with a new one
			replace the drive with a new one
			Adjust parameter to proper range
			Adjust control command: open filter

command	command changes too violently or not	function
---------	--------------------------------------	----------

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 0F0"
	0F	0	Content: drive over-heat
Cause			Confirmation
the temperature of power module have exceeded upper limit			Solution
			Strengthen cooling conditions, promote the capacity of drive and motor, enlarge acceleration/deceleration time, reduce load

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 100"
	10	0	Content: motor over-load
Cause			Confirmation
Load is too heavy			Solution
			Decrease load, adjust limit parameter
Oscillation of machine			Modify the parameter of control loop; enlarge acceleration/deceleration time
wiring error of motor			Adjust wiring or replace encoder/motor for a new one
electromagnetic brake engaged			Cut off brake

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 101"
	10	1	Content: Drive over-load
Cause			Confirmation
wiring error of motor power line			Solution
			Check U、V、W wiring if error occurs or not, if line breaks or not
Motor doesn't match the drive			Motor current exceed drive current

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 102"
	10	2	Content: Motor stalling detection
Cause			Confirmation
Mechanically stalling.			Solution
			- Investigate and eliminate the cause of motor stalling. - Modify the parameter of Pr6.56 for version above 1.14, or increase the parameter of Pr6.57 for version below 1.14.

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 120"
	12	0	Content: Resistance discharge circuit over-load
Cause			Confirmation
Regenerative energy has exceeded the capacity of regenerative resistor .			Solution
			lower motor rotational speed; decrease load inertia ,increase external regenerative resistor, improve the capacity of the drive and motor
Resistance discharge circuit damage			Increase external regenerative resistor, replace the drive with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 121"	
	12	1	Content: braking error	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution
Braking circuit damage			Braking resistor short circuit	Change a new braking resistor
			Braking IGBT damaged	Repair IGBT

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 150"	
	15	0	Content: encoder line breaked	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution
Encoder line disconnected			check wiring if it steady or not	Make encoder wiring steady
Encoder wiring error			Check encoder wiring if it is correct or not	Reconnect encoder wiring
Encoder damaged			/	replace the motor with a new one
Encoder measuring circuit damaged			/	replace the drive with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 151"	
	15	1	Content: encoder data error	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution
Encoder data error			Check for interference	Anti-interference treatment

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 152"	
	15	2	Content: initialized position of encoder error	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution
Communication data abnormal			Check encoder power voltage if it is $DC5V \pm 5\%$ or not; check encoder cable and shielded line if it is damaged or not; check encoder cable whether it is intertwined with other power wire or not	Ensure power voltage of encoder normally, ensure encoder cable and shielded line well with FG ground, ensure encoder cable separated with other power wire
Encoder damaged			/	replace the motor with a new one
Encoder measuring circuit damaged			/	replace the drive with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 153"	
	15	3	Content: encoder battery under voltage	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution
Multi-turn absolute encoder power off			Check battery	Change a battery
			/Check motor	Motor damaged, replace the motor with a new one
			/Clear drive alarm	Clear alarm after changing battery

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 170"	
	17	0	Content: encoder data error	
Cause			Confirmation	Solution
Communication data abnormal			Check encoder power voltage if it is $DC5V \pm 5\%$ or not ; check encoder cable and shielded line if it is damaged or not; check encoder cable whether it is intertwined with other power wire or not	Ensure power voltage of encoder normally, ensure encoder cable and shielded line well with FG ground, ensure encoder cable separated with other power wire

Encoder damaged	/	replace the motor with a new one
Encoder measuring circuit damaged	/	replace the drive with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 171"
	17	1	Content: motor parameters error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Motor parameters error			Input motor parameters to match with drive or replace the motor with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 180"
	18	0	Content: position error over-large error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Unreasonable set of position error parameter		Check parameter Pr0.14 value if it is too small or not	Enlarge the value of Pr0.14
Gain set is too small		Check parameter Pr1.00, Pr1.05 value if it is too small or not	Enlarge the value of Pr1.00, Pr1.05
Torque limit is too small		Check parameter Pr0.13, Pr5.22 value whether too small or not	Enlarge the value of Pr1.03, Pr5.22
Outside load is too large		Check acceleration/ deceleration time if it is too small or not , check motor rotational speed if it is too big or not ; check load if it is too large or not	Increase acceleration/ deceleration time decrease speed, decrease load

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 181"
	18	1	Content: velocity error over-large error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
The deviation of inner position command velocity is too large with actual speed		Check the value of PA_602 if it is too small or not	Enlarge the value of PA_602, or set the value to 0, make position deviation over-large detection invalid
The acceleration/ decelerate time Inner position command velocity is too small		Check the value of PA_312, PA_313 if it is too small or not	Enlarge the value of PA_312, PA_313. adjust gain of velocity control, improve trace performance.

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 190"
	19	0	Content: motor vibration
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Current vibration		Current vibration	Cut down the value of Pr003. Pr004
Current loop is too strong		Current loop is too strong	

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 1A0"
	1A	0	Content: over-speed 1
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Motor speed has exceeded the first speed limit (Pr3.21)		Check speed command if it is too large or not; check the voltage of analog speed command if it is too large or not; check the value of Pr3.21 if it is too small or not; check input frequency and division frequency coefficient of command pulse if it is proper or not; check encoder if the wiring is correct or not	Adjust the value of input speed command, enlarge the value Pr3.21 value, modify command pulse input frequency and division frequency coefficient, assure encoder wiring correctly

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 1A1"	
	1A	1	Content: speed out of control	
Cause		Confirmation		Solution
Control maladjustment		UVW wrong connection		
Encoder error		Monitor D30 count increasing		Anti-interference treatment or change motor
Special application		The rotation direction of the motor is opposite with motor force direction.		The special assessment of practical application, set 0 to 4 for PA137 to shield ERR1A1 alarm.

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 1b0"	
	1b	0	Content: input pulse format incorrect or out of frequency	
Cause		Confirmation		Solution
The input pulse frequency is too high		Too high pulse frequency		To decrease pulse input frequency, less than 500K

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 1b1"	
	1b	1	Content: incorrect electronic gear ratio	
Cause		Confirmation		Solution
Out of range		Numerator denominator is zero, or setting values out of range		Reduce the number of pulses per revolution

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 210"	
	21	0	Content: I/F input interface allocation error	
Cause		Confirmation		Solution
The input signal are assigned with two or more functions.		Check the value of PA_400, PA_401, PA_402,PA_403,PA_404 if it is proper or not		Assure the value of PA_400, PA_401, PA_402, PA_403, PA_404 set correctly
The input signal aren't assigned with any functions.		Check the value of PA_400, PA_401,PA_402,PA_403,PA_404 if it is proper or not		Assure parameter PA_400, PA_401, PA_402,PA_403,PA_404 set correctly

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 211"	
	21	1	Content: I/F input interface function set error	
Cause		Confirmation		Solution
Signal allocation error		Check the value of PA_400, PA_401, PA_402,PA_403,PA_404 if it is proper or not		Assure the value of PA_400, PA_401, PA_402, PA_403, PA_404 set correctly

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 212"
	21	2	Content: I/F input interface function set error
Cause			Confirmation
The input signal is assigned with two or more functions.			Check the value of PA_410, PA_411, PA_412, PA_413, if it is proper or not
The input signal isn't assigned with any functions.			Check the value of PA_410, PA_411, PA_412, PA_413, if it is proper or not
			Solution
			Assure the value of PA_410, PA_411, PA_412, PA_413 set correctly
			Assure the value of PA_410, PA_411, PA_412, PA_413 set correctly

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 240"
	24	0	Content: CRC verification error when EEPROM parameter is saved
Cause			Confirmation
L1,L2,L3 terminal under-voltage			Check L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage
Drive is damaged			save the parameters again
The setting of drive maybe default setting which isn't suitable for motor .			Check the setting of drive if it is suitable for your motor
			Solution
			Assure L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage in proper range
			replace the drive with a new one
			Download the suitable project file to drive for motor

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 260"
	26	0	Content: positive negative over-travel input valid
Cause			Confirmation
positive /negative over-travelling input signal has been conducted			Check the state of positive negative over-travel input signal
			Solution
			/

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 260"
	26	0	Content: positive negative over-travel input valid
Cause			Confirmation
positive /negative over-travelling input signal has been conducted			Check the state of positive negative over-travel input signal
			Solution
			/

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 270~ Er 272"
	27	0~2	Content: analog input out of range
Cause			Confirmation
Analog input out of range			
			Solution
			Try to adjust analog input within limited range

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "Er 570"
	57	0	Content: forced alarm input valid
Cause			Confirmation
Forced-alarm input signal has been conducted			Check forced-alarm input signal
			Solution
			Assure input signal wiring correctly

6.3 Alarm clear

For alarm can be cleared:

- 1、 Use auxiliary function “AF_ACL”
 - a. Press M to select auxiliary function
 - b. Press SET to enter into “AF_ACL”
 - c. Press and hold ◀ to clear the alarm
- 2、 Set IO input function as Alarm clear input “ (A-CLR)”, refer to switch input interface connection to clear the alarm

For alarm cannot be cleared:

- 1、 Restart the power-supply to clear the alarm.

Chapter 7 Display and Operation

7.1 Introduction

The operation interface of servo drive consists of six LED nixie tubes and five key , which are used for servo drive's status display and parameter setting. The inter face layout is as follows :



Figure 7-1 front panel

Table 7.1 The name and function of keys

Name	Key	Function
Display	/	There are 5 LED nixie tubes to display monitor value, parameter value.
Mode key	M	Press this key to switch among 4 modes: 1.data monitor mode 2.parameter setting mode 3.auxiliary function mode 4.EEPROM written mode
Set key	SET	Entrance for submenu, confirming the current setting
Up key	▲	Press this key to increase the current setup value
Down key	▼	Press this key to decrease the current setup value
Left key	◀	Press this key to shift to the next digit on the left

7.2 Panel Display and Operation

7.2.1 Panel Operation Flow Figure

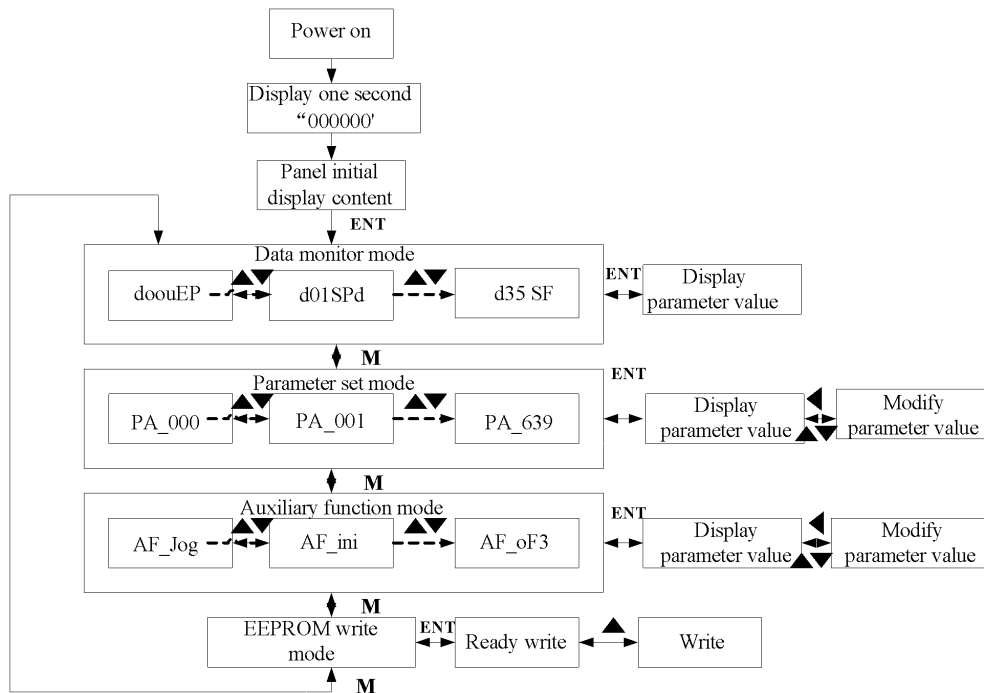


Figure 7-1 the flow diagram of panel operation

- (1) The front panel display **rEAdY** for about one second firstly after turning on the power of the drive. Then if no abnormal alarm occurs, monitor mode is displayed with the value of initial parameter ; otherwise, abnormal alarm code is displayed.
- (2) Press M key to switch the data monitor mode → parameter setting mode → auxiliary function mode → EEPROM written mode.
- (3) If new abnormal alarm occurs, the abnormal alarm will be displayed immediately in abnormal mode no matter what the current mode is, press M key to switch to the other mode.
- (4) In data monitor mode, press ▲ or ▼ to select the type of monitor parameter; Press ENT to enter the parameter type , then press ◀ to display the high 4 bits “H” or low 4 bits “L” of some parameter values.
- (5) In parameter setting mode, press ◀ to select current editing bit of parameter No, press ▲ or ▼ to change current editing bit of parameters No. Press ENT key to enter the parameter setting mode of corresponding parameters No. Press ◀ to select current bit of parameter value when editing it, press ▲ or ▼ to change the value of the bit. Press ENT to save it and switch to the interface of parameter No.

7.2.2 Drive Operating Data Monitor

Table 7.2 Function List of Drive Monitor

Serial Number	Name	Specification	Display	Unit	Data Format (x, y is numerical value)
0	d00uE	Positional command deviation	d00uE	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
1	d01SP	Motor speed	d01SP	r/min	"r xxxx"
2	d02cS	Positional command speed	d02CS	r/min	"r xxxx"
3	d03cu	Velocity command	d03Cu	r/min	"r xxxx"
4	d04tr	Actual Torque feedback	d04tr	%	"r xxxx"
5	d05nP	Feedback pulse sum	d05nP	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
6	d06cP	Command pulse sum	d06CP	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
7	d07	Maximum torque feedback	d07	/	"xxxx"
8	d08FP	Frequency of pulse signal	d08FP	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
9	d09cn	Control mode	d09Cn	/	Position: "PoScn" Speed: "SPdcn" Torque: "trqcn" Composite mode "cnt"
10	d10lo	Digital input/output status	d10 lo	/	Refer instructions for details
11	d11Ai	/	d11Ai		
12	d12Er	Error factor and reference of history	d12Er	/	"Er xxx"
13	d13 rn	/	d13rn	/	"m xxx"
14	d14 r9	Regeneration load factor	d14r9	%	"rg xxx"
15	d15 oL	Over-load factor	d15oL	%	"oL xxx"
16	d16Jr	Inertia ratio	d16Jr	%	"J xxx"
17	d17ch	Factor of no-motor running	d17Ch	/	"cP xxx"
18	d18ic	No. of changes in I/O signals	d18ic	/	"n xxx"
19	d19	/	d19	/	"xxxx"
20	d20Ab	Absolute encoder data	d20Ab	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
21	d21AE	Absolute external scale position	d21AE	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
22	d22rE	No of Encoder/external scale communication errors monitor	d22rE	times	"n xxx"
23	d23 id	Communication axis ID	d23id	/	"id xxx" "Fr xxx"
24	d24PE	/	d24PE	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
25	d25PF	/	d25PF	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
26	d26hy	/	d26hy	pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
27	d27 Pn	Voltage across PN [V]	d27Pn	V	"u xxx"
28	d28 no	Software version	d28no	/	"d xxx" "F xxx"

					"P xxx"
29	d29AS	/	d29AS	/	"n xxx"
30	d30NS	Times of encoder communication anomaly	d30sE	/	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
31	d31 tE	Accumulated operation time	d31tE	/	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
32	d32Au	Automatic motor identification	d32Au	/	"r xxx"
33	d33At	Drive temperature	d33At	°C	"th xxx"
34	d34	/	d34	/	"t xxx"
35	d35 SF	/	d35SF	/	"xxxxxx"

Instructions:

1、d01SP Motor speed

Drive display **s 0** after power on, in disable state. While in enable state, display **r 0**. Motor speed display **r xxx**. So users can distinguish in disable state or in enable state by display **s 0** or **r 0**.

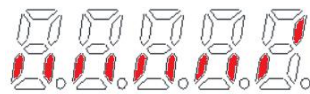
2、d10 Io I/O signal status

The upper half of the nixie tube is valid, the lower half is invalid, the decimal point represents the input and output state, lit represents the input, not bright represents the output

Input: , from low to high, the order is SI1, SI2...SI10. The next figure represents SI1、SI8、SI10 input are valid, other inputs are invalid.



Output: , from low to high, the order is SO1, SO2...SO10. The next figure represents SO1 output are valid, other inputs are invalid.



3、Parameter high and low bit, positive and negative Numbers.

The highest and lowest digits of data and the signs are shown as follows. The first and second decimal points on the right are bright, indicating the data of high order. The two decimal points are not lit, indicating the data of low order. The fourth and fifth decimal places on the right indicate negative Numbers, otherwise positive Numbers

Users can choose to set the initial display state of power supply to any of the below:

Pr5.28 *	Name	LED initial status			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~35	Unit	—	Default	1		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0539H		
	Repower	-						
You can select the type of data to be displayed on the front panel LED (7-segment) at the initial status after power-on.								
	Setup value	content	Setup value	content	Setup value	content		
	0	Positional command deviation	12	I/O signal status	24	Reserved		
	1	Motor speed	13	Reserved	25	Reserved		
	2	Positional command speed	14	Regenerative load rate	26	Reserved		
	3	Velocity control command	15	Overload rate	27	Voltage across PN [V]		
	4	Actual torque	16	Inertia ratio	28	Drive serial number		
	5	Feedback pulse sum	17	Factor of no-motor running	29	Reserved		
	6	Command pulse sum	18	Encoder positional deviation [encoder unit]	30	Electromagnetic interference value		
	8	Max torque during operation	20	Encoder ID	31	Accumulated operation time		
	9	Position command frequency	21	Encoder initial angle	32	Reserved		
	10	Control mode	22		33	drive temperature		
	11	I/O signal status	23	Number of abnormal communication of encoder	36	Reserved		

Table 7.3 “d17 ch” Motor No Rotate Reason Code Definition

Code	Display Code	Specification	Content
0	cP 0	Working normally	
1	cP 1	DC bus under-voltage	/
2	cP 2	Servo-Enable signal not active	Servo-Enable signal not active
3	cP 3	POT/NOT input is valid	PA_504=0,POT is open , speed command is positive direction NOT is open , speed command is negative direction
4	cP 4	Drive fault	/
5	cP 5	The relay inside the drive isn't closed	/
6	cP 6	Pulse input prohibited (INH)	PA_518=0,INH is open
8	cP 8	CL is valid	PA_517=0,deviation counter clear is connected to COM-
9	cP 9	speed zero-clamp is valid	PA_315=1, speed zero-clamp is open

7.2.3 Auxiliary Function

Table 7.4 setting interface System parameter

No	Name	Specification	Display Code	Operation Flow
0	AFjog	Trial run	AFjog	Please refer to the chapter of“trial run”
1	AFInI	Initialization of parameter	AFInI	1. press SET to enter operation, display “InI -”。 2.press ▲ once to display “InI---”, indicated initialization; after finishing it, display“FinSh”。
2	AFunL	Release of front panel lock	AFunL	1. press SET to enter operation, display “unL -”。 2. press ▲button one time , display “FinSh”,indicated unlock the panel successfully
3	AFAcL	Alarm clear	AFAcL	1. press SET to enter operation, display“Acl -”。 2. press ▲once , display “FinSh”, indicated alarm clear successfully
4	AFEnc	Motor Angle correction	AFEnc	1. Press SET once to enter operation, display “Enc -” 2. press ▲once , display “StArt”, indicated start to correct the angle, then display“FiniSh”indicated correction finished
5	AF_GL	Inertia ratio identification	AF_GL	1. Press SET once to enter operation, display “G---” 2. Press ◀ once, display “StUon” 3. Press ▲, motor running, indicated start to identification 4. Finishing, display G xxx, xxx indicated Inertia ratio value
6	AFrSt	Soft reset	AFrSt	1. Press SET once to enter operation, display “rSt -” 2. Press ▲ and hold on, display “StArt” Then, finished

Table 7.5 The Locked panel conditions

Mode	The Locked panel conditions
Monitor mode	No limitation: all monitored data can be checked.
Parameter set up mode	No parameter can be changed but setting can be checked.
Auxiliary function mode	Cannot be run except for” release of front panel lock”
EEPROM writing mode	No limitation

7.2.4 Saving parameter

Operation procedure:

1. press M to select EEPROM writing mode, display “EESet”;
2. Press ENT to enter into writing mode operation:
3. Press and hold ▲, display LED from “EP -” to “EP--”, then it becomes “EP---”, finally it becomes “StArt”, indicated EEPROM writing operation have been began;
4. “Error” means that writing is unsuccessful, while “Finish” show that the writing is successful; Follow steps 3 and 4 to repeat the operation; the drive may be damaged if repeat of several times still fails. The drive need to repair.
5. The drive need to power off and restart again if writing is successful.

NOTE: Don’t turn off the power if EEPROM writing operation goes on, otherwise it may cause a writing wrong data; If this happens, please reset all the parameters ,then do EEPROM writing operation again.

7.2.5 Abnormal Alarm

The front panel will automatically enter the abnormal alarm display mode if drive error occurs while it displays the corresponding error code. Please refer to Chapter 6 of alarm processing about the detail of error code.

7.3 Trial Run

Attention

- Ground the earth terminal of the motor and drive without fail. the PE terminal of drive must be reliably connected with the grounding terminal of equipment.
- The drive power need with isolation transformer and power filter in order to guarantee the security and anti-jamming capability.
- Check the wiring to make sure correctness before power on.
- Install a emergency stop protection circuit externally, the protection can stop running immediately to prevent accident happened and the power can be cut off immediately.
- If drive alarm occurs, the cause of alarm should be excluded and Svon signal must be invalid before restarting the drive.
- The high voltage also will contain in several minutes even if the servo drive is powered off, please don't touch terminal strip or separate the wiring.
-

Note: there are two kinds of trial run: trial run without load and trial run with load. The user needs to test the drive without load for safety first.

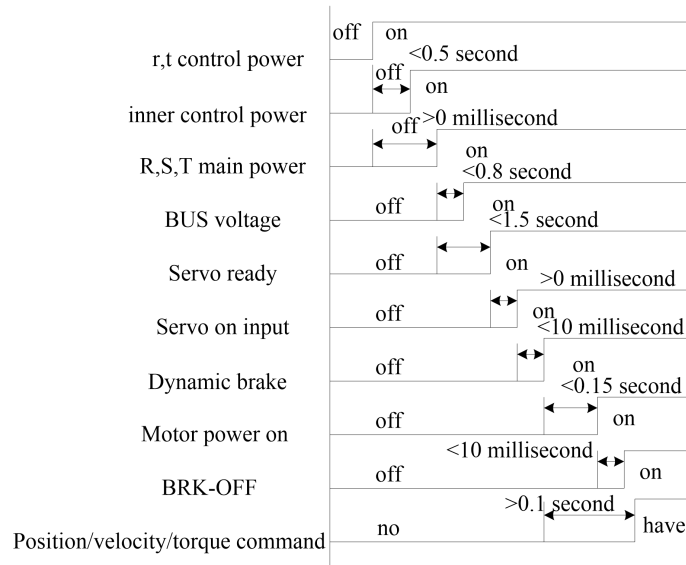
Contact oyostepper.com@gmail.com if you need more technical service.

7.3.1 Inspection Before trial Run

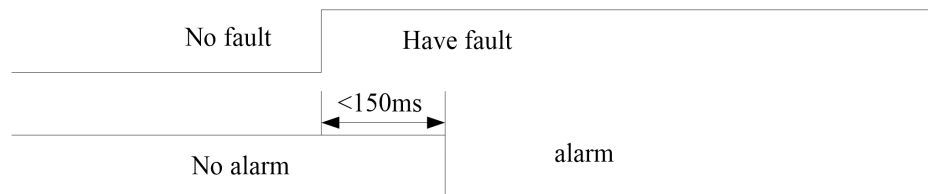
Table7.6 inspection Item before Run

No	Item	Content
1	Inspection on wiring	1. Ensure the following terminals are properly wired and securely connected : the input power terminals, motor output power terminal ,encoder input terminal CN2, control signal terminal CN1, communication terminal CN4(it is unnecessary to connect CN1 andCN4 in Jog run mode) 2.short among power input lines and motor output lines are forbidden , and no short connected with PG ground.
2	Confirmation of power supply	1. The range of control power input r, t must be in the rated range. 2. The range of the main power input R, S, T must be in the rated range. 3. Single phase 220VAC input is sufficient if the power of drive is no more 1.5kw.
3	Fixing of position	the motor and drive must be firmly fixed
4	Inspection without load	The motor shaft must not be with a mechanical load.
5	Inspection on control signal	1, all of the control switch must be placed in OFF state. 2, servo enables input Srv on must be in OFF state.

7.3.2 Timing chart on power-up



7.3.3 Timing chart on fault



7.3.4 Trial Run by operation interface

After installation and connection is completed, check the following items before turning on the power:

Wiring ? (Especially power input and motor output)

Short or grounded?

Loose connection?

Unstable mounting?

Separation from the mechanical system ?

It is unnecessary to connect control signal terminal CN1 and communication terminal CN4 in Jog run mode. It is recommended that motor runs at low speed for safety, while the speed depends on the parameters below:

Table 7.7 Parameter Setup of Position JOG

No	parameter	name	value	unit
1	Pr0.01	Control mode setting	0	/
2	Pr6.04	JOG trial run command speed	User-specified	rpm
3	Pr6.25	Acceleration of trial running	User-specified	ms/1000rpm

◆JOG trial run operation process

1. set all parameters above corresponding to velocity JOG or position JOG ;
 2. Enter EEPROM writing mode, and save the value of modified parameters ;
 3. The drive need to restart after the value is written successfully;
 4. Enter auxiliary function mode, and go to "AFJog "sub-menu;
 5. Press ENT once, and display Jog - ";
 6. Press  once, and display " Srvon " if no exception occurs; press  once again if "Error " occurs, it should display "Srvon "; If "Error " still occurs, please switch to data monitoring mode "d17 Ch "sub-menu, find the cause why motor doesn't rotate, fix the trouble and try again;
 7. In position JOG mode, the motor will rotate directly; if motor doesn't rotate, switch to data monitoring mode d17 Ch "sub-menu, find the cause why motor doesn't rotate, fix the trouble and try again;
- In speed JOG mode, press  once, the motor rotates once (hold  will make motor rotating to value of Pr6.04); press  once, the motor rotates once (hold  will make motor rotating to value of Pr6.04); if motor doesn't rotate, switch to data monitoring mode d17 Ch "sub-menu, find the cause why motor doesn't rotate, fix the trouble and try again;
8. Press SET will exit JOG control in JOG run mode.

Chapter 8 Application Case

Operation Mode Selection

T6 series AC servo drives support the position, speed, torque three basic modes of operation, and can switch freely between the three basic modes of operation by switch or modify parameters.

Table 8.1 Parameter setup of Operation Mode Selection

No	Mode	Parameter	Specification
1	Position mode	Pr0.01=0	The position control is performed based on the positional command (pulse train) from the host controller or the command set in the servo drive.
2	Velocity mode	Pr0.01=1	The velocity control is performed according to the analog speed command from the host controller or the speed command set in the servo drive.
3	Torque mode	Pr0.01=2	The torque control is performed according to the torque command specified in the form of analog voltage or the command set in the servo drive.
4	1st mode: position mode 2nd mode: speed mode	Pr0.01=3	The control mode is switched through external input.
5	1st mode: position mode 2nd Mode: torque mode	Pr0.01=4	The control mode is switched through external input.
6	1st mode: speed mode 2nd Mode: torque mode	Pr0.01=5	The control mode is switched through external input.

The step of changing the operation mode:

- 1, Switch the drive to Servo Off status.
 - 2, Modify the corresponding parameters of control mode to EEPROM.
- Turn off/on the power to make the new mode works after setup completed.

8.1 Position Control

Notice : You must do inspection before position control test run.

Table 8.2 Parameter Setup of Position Control

No	parameter	name	input	value	unit
1	Pr0.01	control mode setup	/	0	/
2	Pr0.06	command pulse rotational direction setup		0	
3	Pr0.07	command pulse input mode setup		0~3	
4	Pr0.08	Command pulse per one motor revolution		User-specified	Pulse
5	Pr0.09	1st numerator of electronic gear		1	
6	Pr0.10	denominator of electronic gear		1	
7	Pr2.22	positional command smoothing filter		User-specified	0.1ms
8	Pr2.23	positional command FIR filter		User-specified	0.1ms
9	Pr3.12	Acceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
10	Pr3.13	Deceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
11	Pr3.14	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
12	Pr4.00	SI1 input select: servo-enable	Srv_on	Hex:0003	/

◆ Wiring Diagram

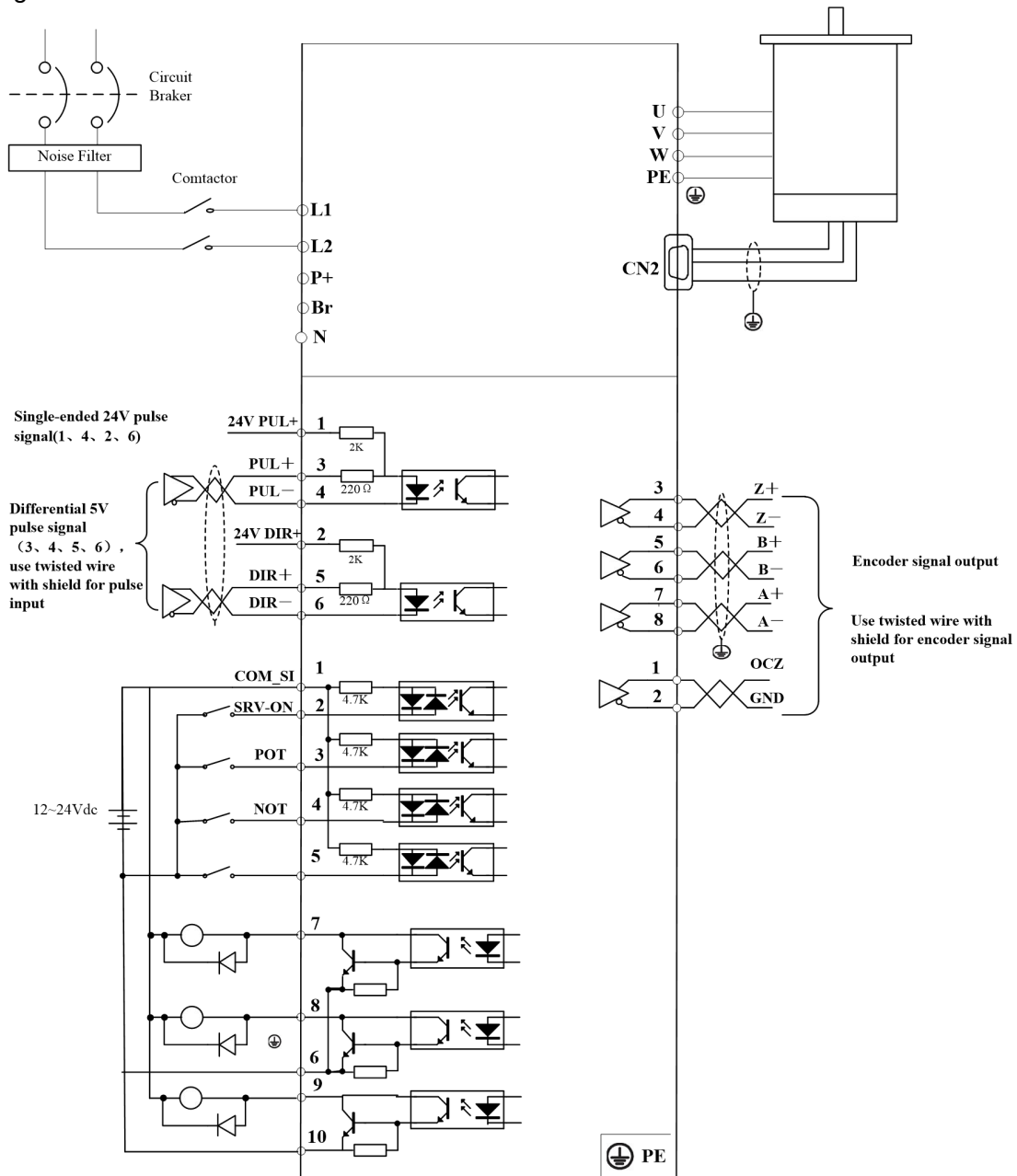
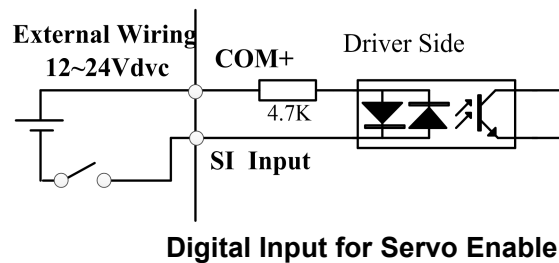


Figure 8-1 Position Mode Typical Wiring Diagram



Digital Input for Servo Enable

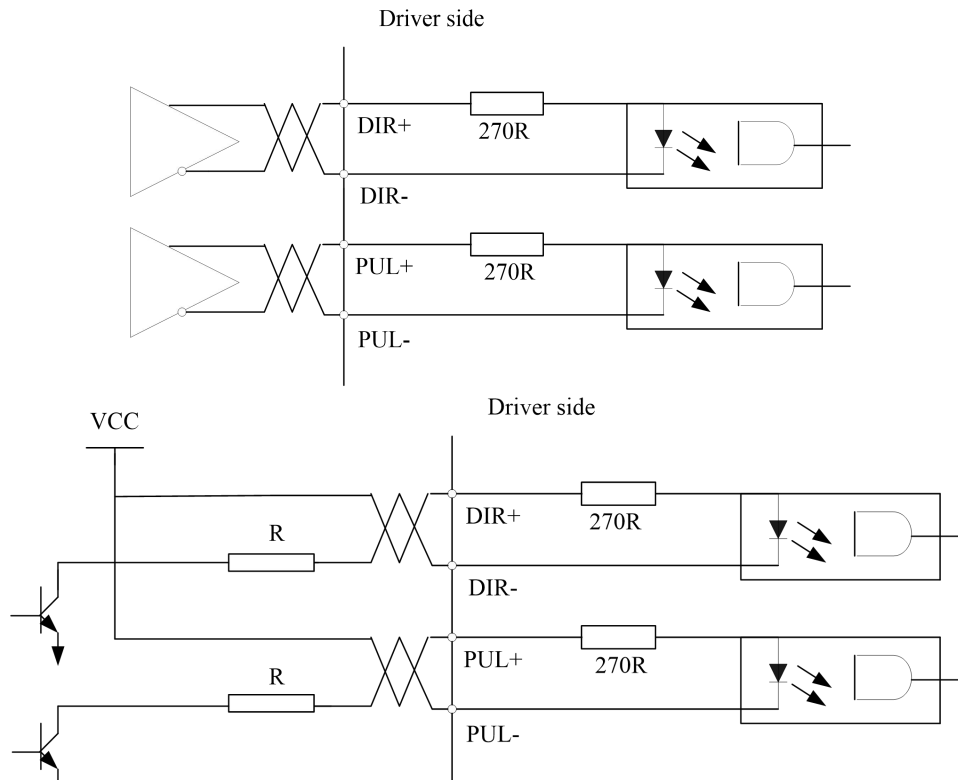


Figure 8-2 CN1 and CN2 Signal Wiring in Position Control Mode

◆Operation Steps

1. Connect terminal CN1.
2. Connect DC12V to 24V to digital input SI1 to ENABLE drive (the COM + and SI1).
3. Power on the drive.
4. Confirm the value of the parameters, and write to the EEPROM and turn off/on the power (of the drive).
5. Connect the Srv_on input to bring the drive to servo-on status and energize the motor.
6. Enter low-frequency pulse and direction signal to run the motor at low speed.
7. Check the motor rotational speed at monitor mode whether, ("d01SP"), Rotational speed is as per the setup or not, and The motor stops by stopping the command (pulse) or not if the motor does not run correctly, refer to the Factor of No-Motor running in data monitor mode ("d17Ch").

The drive is widely used for precise positioning in position control mode.

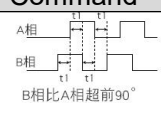
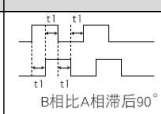
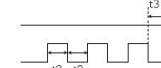
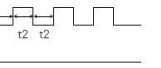
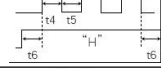
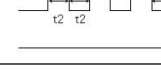
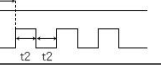
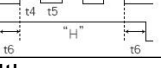
Related parameters setup of position mode

8.1.1 Pulse command and rotation direction

The positional commands of the following 3 types (pulse train) are available.

- ◆A, B phase pulse
- ◆Positive direction pulse/negative direction pulse
- ◆Pulse + direction

Pr0.06*	Name	Command Pulse Rotational Direction Setup			Mode	P	
	Range	0~1	Unit	—	Default	0	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	000DH	
	Repower	o					
Set command pulse input rotate direction, command pulse input type							
Pr0.07*	Name	Command Pulse Input Mode Setup			Mode	P	
	Range	0~3	Unit	—	Default	1	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	000FH	

Repower		o						
Pr0.06	Pr0.07	Command Pulse Format	Signal	Positive Direction Command	Negative Direction Command			
0	0 or 2	90 phase difference 2-phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign					
	1	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign					
	3	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign					
1	0 or 2	90 phase difference 2 phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign					
	1	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign					
	3	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign					
Command pulse input signal allow largest frequency and smallest time width								
PULS/SIGN Signal Input I/F		Permissible Max. Input Frequency	Smallest Time Width					
			t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6
Pulse series interface	Long distance interface	500kpps	2	1	1	1	1	1
	Open-collector output	200kpps	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5

8.1.2 Electronic gear function

The function multiplies the input pulse command from the host controller by the predetermined dividing or multiplying factor and applies the result to the position control section as the positional command. By using this function, desired motor rotations or movement distance per unit input command pulse can be set.

Pr0.08	Name	Command pulse counts per one motor revolution			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0-8388608	Unit	P	Default	0		
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0010H 0011H		
	Repower	o						

Set the command pulse that causes single turn of the motor shaft.

1) If Pr008≠0 , the actual motor rotation turns = pulse number / Pr0.08

2) If Pr008 = 0, Pr0.09 1st numerator of electronic gear and Pr0.10 Denominator of electronic gear valid.

Pr0.09	Name	1st numerator of electronic gear			Mode	P		
	Range	1~1073741824	Unit	—	Default	1		
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0012H 0013H		
	Repower	o						

Set the numerator of division/multiplication operation made according to the command pulse input.

Pr0.10	Name	1st denominator of electronic gear			Mode	P		
	Range	1~1073741824	Unit	—	Default	1		
	Data Type	32bit	Access	R/W	Address	0014H 0015H		
	Repower	o						

Set the denominator of division/multiplication operation made according to the command pulse input.

Pr0.09	Pr0.10	Command division/multiplication operation	
1-10737 41824	1-10737 41824	Command pulse input 	position command

1. Settings:

- 1)The drive input command pulse number is X
- 2)The pulse number of encoder after frequency division and frequency doubling is Y
- 3)The number of pulses per revolution of the motor encoder is Z
- 4)Number of turns of motor is W

2. Calculations:

- 1)Y=X* Pr0.09 / Pr0.10
- 2)17Bit encoder: $Z=2^{17} = 131072$
23Bit encoder: $Z=2^{23} = 8388608$

8.1.3 Position command filter

To make the positional command divided or multiplied by the electronic gear smooth, set the command filter.

In the following situations, it is necessary to consider adding position command filtering:

- (1) The position instruction output by the controller is not accelerated or decelerated;
- (2) Low command pulse frequency;
- (3) when the electronic gear ratio is more than 10 times.

The position command filter can make the position command smoother and the motor rotation more stable.

Pr2.22	Name	positional command smoothing filter			Mode	P
	Range	0~32767	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	022DH
	Repower	o				
- Set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter in response to the positional command. - When a square wave command for the target speed Vc is applied ,set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter as shown in the figure below						

Pr2.23	Name	positional command FIR filter			Mode	P
	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	022FH
	Repower	o				
- Set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter in response to the positional command. - When a square wave command for the target speed V_c is applied, set up the V_c arrival time as shown in the figure below.						

8.1.4 Motor encoder pulse output

The information on the amount of movement can be sent to the host controller in the form of A and B phase pulses from the servo drive.

Pr0.11 *	Name	Output pulse counts per one motor revolution			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	1~2500	Unit	P/r	Default	2500		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0017H		
	Repower	o						
For example, if this parameter is set to 1000, it means that the frequency division output signal of the encoder outputs 4000 pulses per turn.								

Pr0.12 *	Name	reversal of pulse output logic			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~1	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0019H		
	Repower	o						

You can set up the B phase logic and the output source of the pulse output. With this parameter, you can reverse the phase relation between the A-phase pulse and B-phase pulse by reversing the B-phase logic.

< reversal of pulse output logic >

Pr0.12	B-phase Logic	CCW Direction Rotation	CW Direction Rotation
0	Standard	A phase 	A phase
		B phase 	B phase
1	Reverse	A phase 	A phase
		B phase 	B phase

8.1.5 Position complete output (INP)

The completion of positioning can be verified by the positioning complete output (INP). When the absolute value of the positional deviation counter at the position control is equal to or below the positioning complete

Range by the parameter, the output is ON. Presence and absence of positional command can be specified as one of judgment conditions.

Pr4.31	Name	Positioning complete range			Mode	P		
	Range	0~10000	Unit	0.0001rev	Default	10		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	043FH		
	Repower	-						
Set up the timing of positional deviation at which the positioning complete signal (INP1) is output.								

Pr4.32	Name	Positioning complete output setup			Mode	P	
	Range	0~3	Unit	command unit	Default	0	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0441H	
	Repower	-					

Select the condition to output the positioning complete signal (INP1).

Setup value	Action of positioning complete signal
0	The signal will turn on when the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].
1	The signal will turn on when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].
2	The signal will turn on when there is no position command, the zero-speed detection signal is ON and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].
3	The signal will turn on when there is no position command and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range]. Then holds "ON" states until the next position command is entered. Subsequently, ON state is maintained until Pr4.33 INP hold time has elapsed. After the hold time, INP output will be turned ON/OFF according to the coming positional command or condition of the positional deviation.

Pr4.33	Name	INP hold time			Mode	P	
	Range	0~30000	Unit	1ms	Default	0	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0443H	
	Repower	-					

Set up the hold time when Pr 4.32 positioning complete output setup=3

Setup value	State of Positioning complete signal
0	The hold time is maintained definitely, keeping ON state until next positional command is received.
1-30000	ON state is maintained for setup time (ms) but switched to OFF state as the positional command is received during hold time.

And the output port should be assigned for "INP", for details of these parameters, refer to PA_410 – PA415.

8.2 Multi-turn absolute encoder

The absolute encoder remember position, When the absolute encoder is used for the first time, user need to move to the home position, and clear the absolute position value of multiple turns through the drive to set the home position. It is unnecessary to return to home position in the future (except for the absolute encoder alarm and other situations). It is recommended that the motor is stationary when reading the position to prevent dynamic data jump.

Notice: This function is only available for T6-RS***Z version.

8.2.1 Parameters setting

Pr0.15	Name	Absolute Encoder Setup			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~15	Unit		Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	001FH		
	Repower	o						

How to use:

0: Incremental position mode:

The encoder is used as a incremental encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is not supported.

1: Absolute position linear mode:

The encoder is used as an absolute encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is supported.. It is applicable to the scenario where the travel range of device load is fixed and the encoder multi-turn data dose not overflow.

2: Absolute position rotation mode:

The encoder is used as an absolute encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is supported.. It is mainly applicable to the scenario where the load travel range is not limited and the number of motor single-direction revolution is less than $0 \sim (\text{Pr}6.63+1)$

5: Clean multi-turn alarm, and open multi-turn absolute function.

It will become 1 when normal clearance, if it's still 5 after 3seconds, please deal with according to 153 alarm processing.

9: Clear multi-turn position and reset multi-turn alarm, open multi-turn absolute function.

It will become 1 when normal clearance, if it's still 9 after 3seconds, please deal with according to 153 alarm processing. Please remember to do mechanical homing.

Notes: Set to 9 after homing process finished and servo disabled. valid after repower.

Pr6.63	Name	Absolute multi-turn position upper bound			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~32766	Unit	Rotation	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	067FH		
	Repower	o						

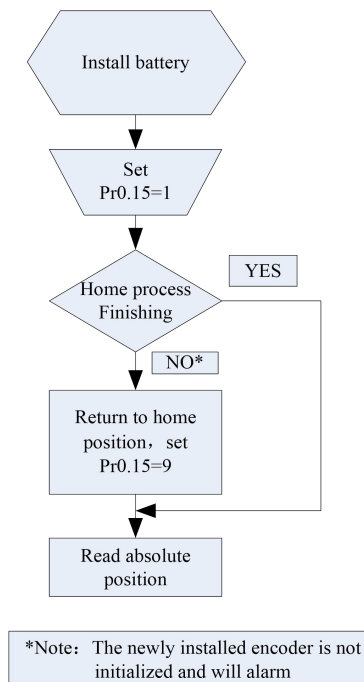
While Pr0.15=2: Absolute position rotation mode:

The encoder is used as an absolute encoder, and the position retentive at power failure is supported..

It is mainly applicable to the scenario where the load travel range is not limited and the number of motor single-direction revolution is less than $0 \sim (\text{Pr}6.63+1)$

8.2.2 Read absolute position

1、Steps:



(1) Firstly, select the multi-turns absolute encoder motor, install the battery, and confirm whether the drive version supports multi-turns absolute encoder motor;

(2) Set Pr0.15=1 to open absolute encoder. If it is the first time of installation, the drive will alarm Err153. The reason is that the multi-turn position is invalid due to the newly installed battery of the motor. At this time, it is necessary to return to the home position of the machine and perform the multi-turn position reset operation (see multi-turn position reset).

(3) When the absolute value origin is set and there is no battery fault, the alarm will be cancelled

(4) Finally, the user can read the absolute position, even if the power off the position will not lost.

2、Read absolute position

The absolute encoder counting mode is that when the motor rotates clockwise, the number of turns is defined as negative; while motor rotates counterclockwise the number of turns is defined as positive. The maximum rotation number is -32768 to +32767. After the number of turns is out of range, if the number of turns is 32767 counterclockwise, it will reverse to -32768, -32767... ; If the number of turns clockwise -32768, it will reverse to 32767, 32766...

Absolute encoder read mode: read 6064h data object

3、Clear absolute position

Before clear absolute position, the machine needs to return to the home point. After clear absolute position, the absolute position =0, the single-turn position remains unchanged, and the absolute value of the encoder is cleared to alarm

Set Pr0.15=9: multi-turn zero clearing and reset multi-turn alarm, open multi-turn absolute function. It will become 1 when normal clearance, if it's still 9 after 3seconds, please deal with according to 153 alarm processing. Please remember to do mechanical homing.

8.2.3 Alarm

1、Introductions

The multi-turns absolute encoder alarm function can determine whether the absolute encoder is valid or not, such

as battery under voltage or power failure, encoder fault, etc., users can judge the absolute encoder alarm through bus alarm output, IO alarm output, and drive operation panel alarm. At this time, the controller should stop operation immediately, and the absolute motion operation can only be carried out after the alarm is eliminated

2、Alarm output

Absolute encoder alarm can be displayed by the panel Err153, IO output alarm signal, or read alarm information by communication

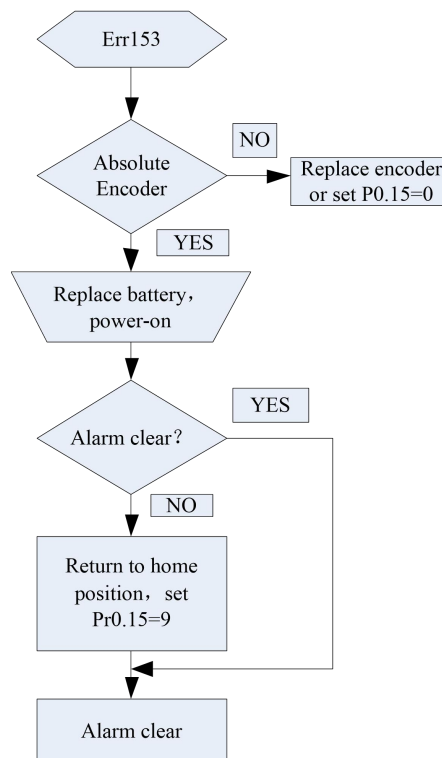
3、The drive sends an absolute encoder alarm Err153, the main situation is as follows:

(1) When the absolute encoder is used for the first time, absolute encoder alarm will be generated due to the new battery of the motor. At this time, it is necessary to return to the home point and perform multi-turn zero clearing operation

(2) When the battery under voltage is lower than 3.2v, absolute encoder alarm will be generated by the drive. At this time, the alarm will be automatically eliminated after the battery is recharged by replacing the battery

(3) When the battery voltage is lower than 2.5v, or the battery has a power failure, the absolute encoder alarm will be generated. Even if the battery is replaced, the alarm cannot be eliminated. At this time, the return to the home point and multi-turn zero clearing operation should be performed

4、Alarm processing flow chart



8.3 Security Features

8.3.1 Speed limit

Pr3.24 *	Name	Motor rotate maximum speed limit			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	3000		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0331H		
	Repower	-						
Set up motor running max rotate speed, but can't be exceeded motor allowed max rotate speed.								

8.3.2 BRK-OFF output

This function can be configured by set digital SO output functions allocation. refer to IO Pr4.10 parameter description. When the enable and time meet the set conditions, the digital output IO port can output ON.

Pr4.37	Name	Mechanical brake action setting when stopping			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	044BH		
	Repower	-						

Motor brake delay time setup, mainly used to prevent servo on “galloping” phenomenon. Set up the time from when the brake release signal(BRK-OFF) turns off to when the motor is de-energized (servo-free),when the motor turns to servo-off while the motor is at stall

- Set up to prevent a micro-travel/drop motor (work) due to the action delay (tb) of the brake.
- Ni After setting up Pr4.37>=tb, then compose the sequence so as the turns to servo-off after the brake is actually activated.

SRV-ON

ON

OFF

BRK-OFF

release

hold

actual brake

release

hold

motor energization

energized

non-energized

tb

Pr4.37

of the time

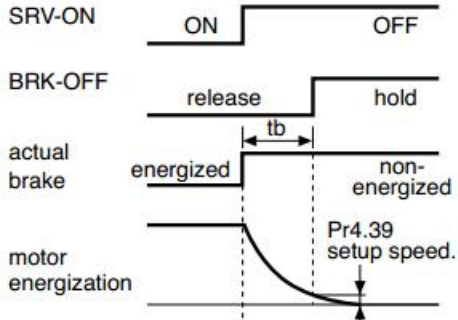
drive

Pr4.38	Name	Mechanical brake action setting			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	044DH		
	Repower	-						

Mechanical brake start delay time setup, mainly used to prevent servo off “galloping” phenomenon.

Set up time from when detecting the off of servo-on input signal(SRV-ON)is to when external brake release signal(BRK-OFF)turns off, while the motor turns to servo off during the motor in motion

- Set up to prevent the brake deterioration due to the motor
- At servo-OFF during the motor is running , tb of the right fig will be a one of either Pr4.38 setup time, or lapse till the motor speed falls below setup speed

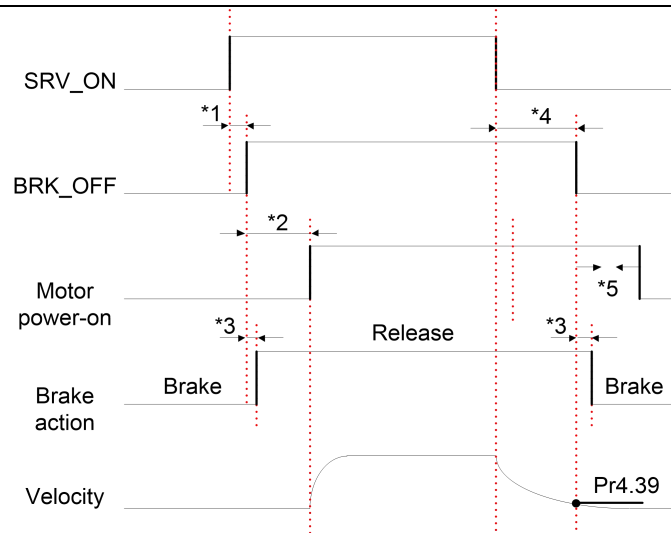


running.

shorter time

Pr4.39

Pr4.39	Name	Brake release speed setup			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	30~3000	Unit	1ms	Default	30		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	044FH		
	Repower	-						
Set up the speed timing of braking output checking during operation								



Notice:

*1: The delay time between SRV_ON and BRK_OFF is less than 500ms;

*2: Time setting in Pr4.38;

*3: The delay time between the BRK_OFF signal output and the actual brake release action, which depends on the hardware characteristics of the motor brake;

*4: The smaller value of Pr4.37 and Pr4.39;

8.3.3 Servo stop mode

Pr5.06	Name	Servo stop mode			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~1	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	050DH		
	Repower	-						
Specify the status during deceleration and after stop, after servo-off.								
Setup value		Servo stop mode						
0		When servo-disable signal active, servo-disable after the speed reduced less than Pr4.39						
1		When servo-disable signal active, servo-disable right away, motor in free-run mode.						

8.3.4 Emergency stop function

Pr5.11 *	Name	Torque setup for emergency stop			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~500	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	051H		
	Repower	-						
Set up the torque limit at emergency stop When setup value is 0, the torque limit for normal operation is applied.								

8.4 Inertia ratio identification

Pr0.04	Name	Inertia ratio			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	%	Default	250		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0009H		
	Repower	-						

You can set up the ratio of the load inertia against the rotor(of the motor)inertia.

Pr0.04=(load inertia/rotate inertia)×100%

Notice:

If the inertia ratio is correctly set, the setup unit of Pr1.01 and Pr1.06 becomes (Hz). When the inertia ratio of Pr0.04 is larger than the actual value, the setup unit of the velocity loop gain becomes larger, and when the inertia ratio of Pr0.04 is smaller than the actual value, the setup unit of the velocity loop gain becomes smaller..

8.4.1 On-line inertia ratio identification

The motor is operated by the controller, and the motor speed is above 400rpm. The running stroke has obvious acceleration, uniform speed and deceleration process, and the load inertia ratio can be tested by running 2-3 times continuously. The inertia ratio of the test is viewed in Drive Operating Data Monitor-> d16Jr. Set the monitor value minus 100 into Pr0.04..

8.4.2 Off-line inertia ratio identification

Pre-conditions: 1、 servo disable. 2、 Positive limit and negative limit invalid

Steps:

- 1、 Set the trial running speed Pr6.04, and the setting of Pr6.04 should not be too large
- 2、 Enter auxiliary inertia ratio identification function on the drive panel, AF_GL
- 3、 Press ENT once to enter operation, display “G---”
- 4、 Press ◀ once, display “StUon”
- 5、 Press ▲ once, motor start running to identification
- 6、 After finishing, display G XXX, which represents the measured inertia ratio value
- 7、 Set the monitor value minus 100 into Pr0.04.

8.4.3 Motion Studio inertia ratio identification

This inertia ratio identification function also added in Motion Studio configuration software.

Pre-conditions: 1、 Servo disable. 2、 Positive limit and negative limit invalid

Steps:

- 1、 Set the Jog speed Pr6.04, and the setting should not be too large(600~1000rpm is recommend)
- Set the Acc Pr6.25(50~100 ms/1000rpm is recommend)
- Set the Default Inertia Ratio.

Download these settings, then **Servo Enable**.

- 2、 Click “CCW” to make motor run to CCW direction, click “Position 1” to save the position limit 1
- Click “CW” to make motor run to CW direction, click “Position 2” to save the position limit 2
- Click “Run” to start Inertia ratio identification.

STEP-1

Pr6.04 Jog Speed

400

rpm

Download

Pr6.25 Acceleration of trial running

200

ms/1000rpm

Servo Enable

ON

Default Inertia Ratio

250

☐ Invalid External Enable

STEP-2



Current

62.9497

r

CCW

CW

62.9487

Position 1

Position 2

-0.0033

Pr6.21 Waiting time of trial running

50

ms

Pr6.22 Cycling times of trial running

3

Run

STEP-3

Inertia Ratio

0

Write

3、After finishing, Click“Write”to save the Inertia ratio identification result.

8.5 Vibration Suppression

Specific resonance frequency can be obtained from PC configuration software according to waveform monitoring, and filter frequency can be set to effectively suppress the oscillation ripple of a certain frequency in the current instruction.

The width of the notch is the ratio of the frequency of the notch center at a depth of 0 to the frequency range width of the attenuation rate of -3db.

The depth of the trap is: when the set value is 0, the input of the center frequency is completely disconnected; when the set value is 100, it represents the ratio of input and output that are completely passed

How to use:

1. Set Pr2.00=1
2. Decrease Pr0.03 to get higher stiffness, higher position loop gain and velocity loop gain. Decrease Pr0.03 gradually, while abnormal sound or oscillation occurred, decreases the current value by 2.
3. Execute movement by controller or Motion Studio, drive will record notch frequency automatically.
4. Upload the drive parameters, the record notch frequency saved in Pr2.07.
Read the value of Pr2.07, and set this value into Pr2.01. Then reset Pr2.07 to 2000.
5. Saving parameters setting.

Pr2.00	Name	Adaptive filter mode setup			Mode	P	S	
	Range	0~4	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0201H		
	Repower	-						

Set up the resonance frequency to be estimated by the adaptive filter and the special the operation after estimation.

Setup value	Details	
0	Adaptive filter: invalid	Parameters related to the 3rd and 4th notch filter hold the current value.
1	Adaptive filter,1 filter is valid, one time	One adaptive filter is valid, parameters related to the 3rd notch filter will be updated based on adaptive performance. After updated, Pr2.00 returns to 0, stop self-adaptation.
2	Adaptive filter, 1 filter is valid, It will be valid all the time	One adaptive filter is valid, parameters related to the 3rd notch filter will be updated all the time based on adaptive performance.
3-4	Reserved	-

Pr2.01	Name	1st notch frequency			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	50~2000	Unit	Hz	Default	2000		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0203H		
	Repower	-						
Set the center frequency of the 1st notch filter Notice: the notch filter function will be invalid by setting up this parameter to “2000”.								
Pr2.02	Name	1st notch width selection			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~20	Unit	—	Default	2		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0205H		
	Repower	-						
Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 1st notch filter. Notice: Higher the setup, larger the notch width you can obtain. Use with default setup in normal operation.								
Pr2.03	Name	1st notch depth selection			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~99	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0207H		
	Repower	-						
Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 1st notch filter. Notice: Higher the setup, shallower the notch depth and smaller the phase delay you can obtain.								

Pr2.04	Name	2nd notch frequency			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	50~2000	Unit	Hz	Default	2000		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0209H		
	Repower	-						
Set the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter Notice: the notch filter function will be invalid by setting up this parameter to “2000”.								
Pr2.05	Name	2nd notch width selection			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~20	Unit	—	Default	2		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	020BH		
	Repower	-						
Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter. Notice: Higher the setup, larger the notch width you can obtain. Use with default setup in normal operation.								
Pr2.06	Name	2nd notch depth selection			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~99	Unit	—	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	020DH		
	Repower	-						
Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter. Notice: Higher the setup, shallower the notch depth and smaller the phase delay you can obtain.								

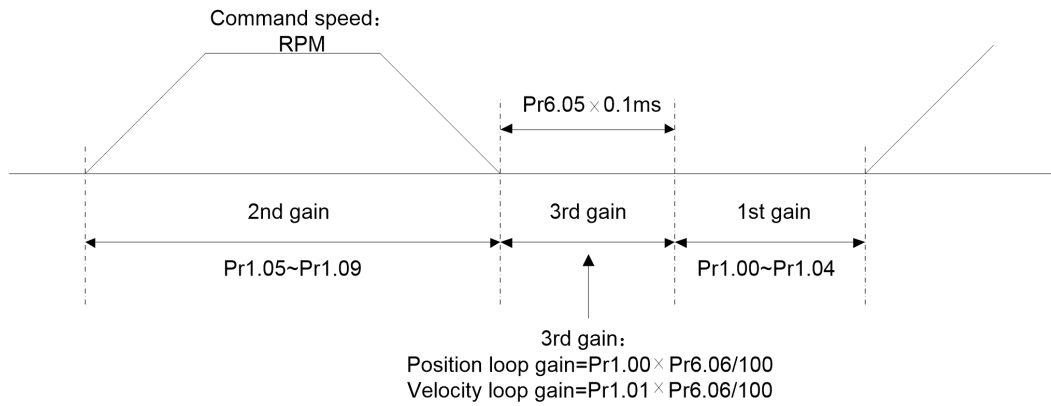
8.6 Third gain switching

In addition to the conventional switch between the first and second gain, add the third gain switch function to shorten the positioning and setting time.

Pr6.05	Name	Position 3 rd gain valid time			Mode	P		
	Range	0~1000	Unit	0.1ms	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	060BH		
	Repower	-						
Set up the time at which 3rd gain becomes valid. When not using this parameter, set PR6.05=0, PR6.06=100 This is valid for only position control/full-closed control.								

Pr6.06	Name	Position 3 rd gain multiplication			Mode	P		
	Range	0~1000	Unit	100%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	060DH		
	Repower	-						
Set up the 3 rd gain by multiplying factor of the 1 st gain 3rd gain= 1st gain * Pr6.06/100.								

This function is only effective for position control. When Pr6.06 is set to non-0 value, the third gain function will be turned on. Pr6.05 is set to specify the value of the third gain. When switching from the second gain to the first gain, there will be a transition from the third gain. The switching time is set as Pr1.19. Take Pr1.15=7(with or without position instruction as the first and second gain of conditional switching) as an example to illustrate the figure below:



8.7 Friction torque compensation

Pr6.07	Name	Torque command additional value			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	060FH		
	Repower	-						
Pr6.08	Name	Positive torque compensation value			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0611H		
	Repower	-						
Pr6.09	Name	Negative torque compensation value			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	-100~100	Unit	%	Default	0		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0613H		
	Repower	-						
These three parameters may apply feed forward torque superposition directly to torque command.								

8.8 Regenerative resister setting

When the torque of the motor is opposite to the direction of rotation (such as deceleration, z-axis falling down, etc.), energy will feedback to the drive. At this time, the energy feedback received by the capacitor in the drive, which makes the voltage of the capacitor rise. When it rises to a certain voltage value, the excess energy needs to be consumed by the regenerative resistance.

Pr0.16	Name	External regenerative resistance			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	10~50	Unit	Ω	Default	100		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0021H		
	Repower	-						
Set Pr.0.16 and Pr.0.17 to confirm the threshold value of the discharge loop to give alarm for over current.								

Pr0.17	Name	External regenerative resistor power value			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~10000	Unit	W	Default	20		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0023H		
	Repower	-						
Set Pr.0.16 and Pr.0.17 to confirm the threshold value of the discharge loop to give alarm for over current.								

8.9 Velocity Control

The drive is widely used for accuracy speed control in velocity control mode. You can control the speed according to the speed command set in servo drive.

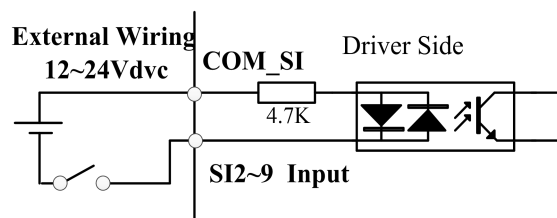
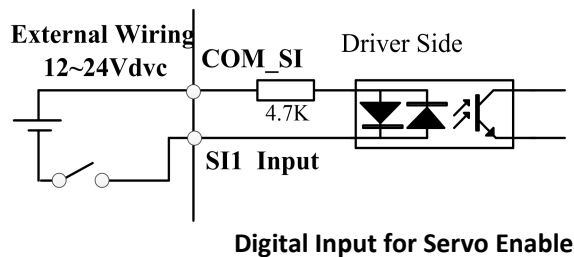
Notice: You must do inspection before position control test run.

8.9.1 Velocity mode control by internal speed command

Table 8.3 Parameter Setup of Velocity Controlled by analog input

No	Parameter	Name	input	Setup value	Unit
1	Pr0.01	Control mode setup	/	1	/
2	Pr3.12	Acceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
3	Pr3.13	Deceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
4	Pr3.14	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
7	Pr3.01	Speed Command direction selection	/	User-specified	/

Wiring Diagram



Digital Input for Velocity Control_ INTSPD1/ INTSPD2/ INTSPD3/ VC-SIGN

You can control the speed by using the internal speed command set to the parameter. By using the internal speed command selection 1, 2, 3(INTSPD 1, 2, 3), you can select best appropriate one

Pr3.00	Name	Speed setup, Internal /External switching			Mode	S
	Range	0~3	Unit	—	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0301H
	Repower	-				

This drive is equipped with internal speed setup function so that you can control the speed with contact inputs only.

Setup value	Speed setup method
1	Internal speed command 1st to 4th speed (PR3.04-PR3.07)
2	Internal speed command 1st to 3rd speed (PR3.04-PR3.06), Analog speed command (SPR)
3	Internal speed command 1st to 8th speed (PR3.04-PR3.11)

<relationship between Pr3.00 Internal/External switching speed setup and the internal command speed selection 1-3 and speed command to be selected>

Setup value	1 st selection of internal command speed (INTSPD1)	2 nd selection of internal command speed (INTSPD2)	3 rd selection of internal command speed (INTSPD3)	selection of Speed command
1	OFF	OFF	NO effect	1st speed
	ON	OFF		2nd speed
	OFF	ON		3rd speed
	ON	ON		4th speed
2	OFF	OFF	NO effect	1st speed
	ON	OFF		2nd speed
	OFF	ON		3rd speed
	ON	ON		Analog speed command
3	The same as [Pr3.00=1]		OFF	1st to 4th speed
	OFF	OFF	ON	5th speed
	ON	OFF	ON	6th speed
	OFF	ON	ON	7th speed
	ON	ON	ON	8th speed

Pr3.04	Name	1st speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0309H
	Repower	-				
Pr3.05	Name	2nd speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	030BH
	Repower	-				
Pr3.06	Name	3rd speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	030DH
	Repower	-				
Pr3.07	Name	4th speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	030FH
	Repower	-				
Pr3.08	Name	5th speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0311H

	Repower	-				
Pr3.09	Name	6th speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0313H
	Repower	-				
Pr3.10	Name	7th speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0315H
	Repower	-				
Pr3.11	Name	8th speed of speed setup			Mode	S
	Range	-10000~10000	Unit	r/min	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0317H
	Repower	-				
Set up internal command speeds, 1st to 8th						

8.9.2 Speed command acceleration and deceleration

On the basis of speed command input, acceleration and deceleration are added as internal speed commands to control the speed. This function can be used when entering the ladder-like speed command and internal speed setting. In addition, the acceleration and deceleration function can also be used when the vibration is reduced by the change of acceleration

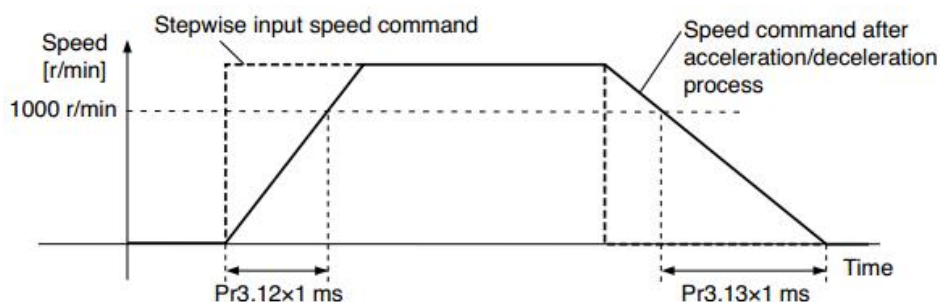
Pr3.12	Name	time setup acceleration			Mode	S
	Range	0~10000	Unit	Ms/(1000r/min)	Default	100
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0319H
	Repower	-				
Pr3.13	Name	time setup deceleration			Mode	S
	Range	0~10000	Unit	Ms/(1000r/min)	Default	100
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	031BH
	Repower	-				

Set up acceleration/deceleration processing time in response to the speed command input. Set the time required for the speed command(stepwise input)to reach 1000r/min to Pr3.12 Acceleration time setup. Also set the time required for the speed command to reach from 1000r/min to 0 r/min, to Pr3.13 Deceleration time setup.

Assuming that the target value of the speed command is V_c (r/min), the time required for acceleration/deceleration can be computed from the formula shown below.

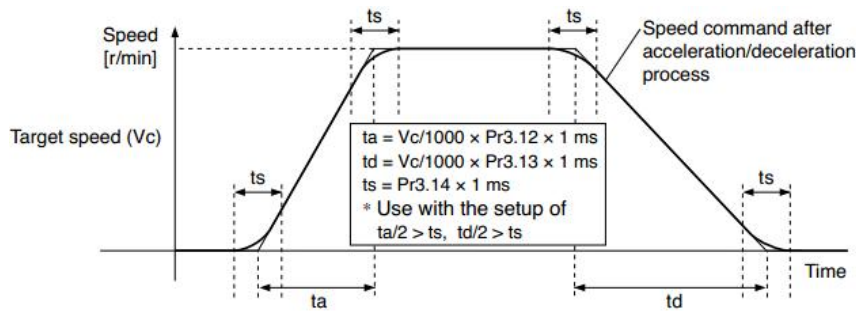
$$\text{Acceleration time (ms)} = V_c / 1000 * \text{Pr3.12} * 1\text{ms}$$

$$\text{Deceleration time (ms)} = V_c / 1000 * \text{Pr3.13} * 1\text{ms}$$



Pr3.14	Name	Sigmoid acceleration /deceleration time setup			Mode	S
	Range	0~1000	Unit	ms	Default	0
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	031DH
	Repower	o				

Set S-curve time for acceleration/deceleration process when the speed command is applied. According to Pr3.12 Acceleration time setup and Pr3.13 Deceleration time setup, set up sigmoid time with time width centering the inflection point of acceleration/deceleration.



8.9.3 Attained Speed signal AT-SPEED output

When the motor speed reaches the speed set by the parameter PA_436 (setting of arrival speed), the output speed reaches the output (AT-SPEED) signal.

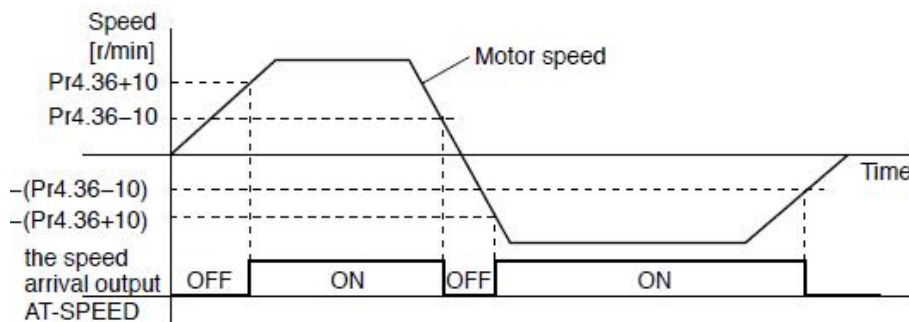
This function can be configured by IO output function parameters, as described in IO Pr4.10 parameters. When the speed meets the set conditions, the set corresponding output IO port can output ON.

Pr4.36	Name	At-speed(Speed arrival)			Mode	S
	Range	10~2000	Unit	r/min	Default	1000
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0449H
	Repower	-				

Set the detection timing of the speed arrival output (AT-SPEED).

When the motor speed exceeds this setup value, the speed arrive output (AT-SPEED) is output.

Detection is associated with 10r/min hysteresis .



8.9.4 Speed coincidence output (V-COIN)

When the speed command (before acceleration and deceleration processing) is consistent with the motor speed, the output speed is consistent (V-COIN). If the difference between the speed command and the motor speed before acceleration and deceleration processing in the drive is within the parameter PA_435 (setting the same speed range), it is judged to be consistent.

This function can be configured by IO output function parameters, as described in IO Pr4.10 parameters. When the speed difference meets the setting conditions, the corresponding output IO port set can output ON.

Among them, the in place signal of PV mode is synchronized with the v-coin signal

Pr4.35	Name	Speed coincidence range			Mode	S
	Range	10~2000	Unit	r/min	Default	50
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	0447H
	Repower	-				

Set the speed coincidence (V-COIN) output detection timing.
Output the speed coincidence (V-COIN) when the difference between the speed command and the motor speed is equal to or smaller than the speed specified by this parameter.

Because the speed coincidence detection is associated with 10 r/min hysteresis, actual detection range is as shown below.

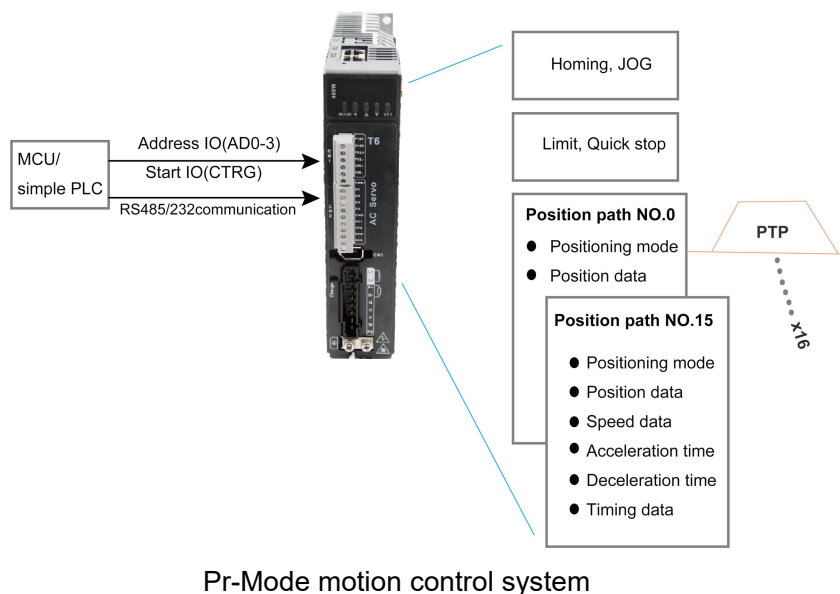
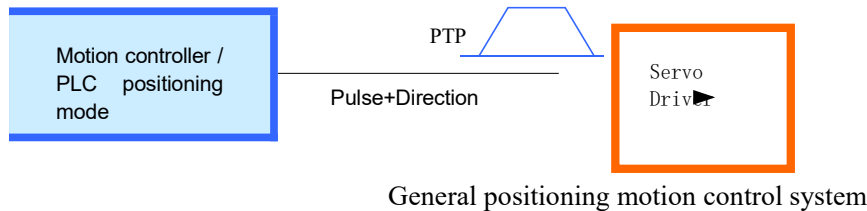
Speed coincidence output OFF -> ON timing (Pr4.35 -10) r/min
Speed coincidence output ON -> OFF timing (Pr4.35 +10) r/min

Chapter 9 Pr-Mode

9.1 Overview

PR is uniaxial motion control function which is controlled by procedure software. Mainly uniaxial motion command control, save the motion control function of the controller.

Notice: This function is only available for T6-RS***Z version.



9.1.1 Main function

Main function as below:

PR function	Specification
Homing	Set the homing position by homing process. 1、Homing method selectable. Limit switch homing, home switch homing, and manual homing all selectable, 2、Homing direction settable 3、Home deviation position settable. Can be positioned to the specified position after homing. 4、Homing acceleration and deceleration settable Remark: Cannot input external pulse during homing process!
JOG	Trigger positive/negative movement by digital input, for debugging.

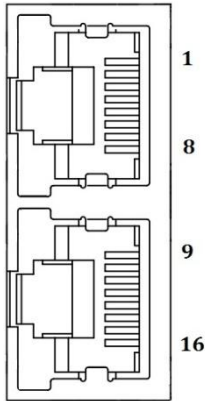
	1、 Positive move, Negative move 2、 JOG speed and acceleration selectable
Position limit	Protect machine by position limit. 1、 Positive and negative limit switch. 2、 Software position limit setting. 3、 Position limit deceleration settable. Remark: Software position limit effective after homing process finished.
E-stop	Digital input E-stop signal, stop positioning movement.
Execute movement by digital input	Select 16 motion path by digital input(ADD0~ADD3 allocation to digital input) Execute select motion path by digital input (CTRG allocation to digital input) 1、 Motion path can be set as position mode, speed mode and homing mode. 2、 Digital input rising edge / double edge.. 3、 Support continuous positioning 4、 Up to 16 motion path 5、 Position, speed, acceleration/deceleration are settable. 6、 Pause time settable Remark: Double edge trigger only effective for CTRG!
Execute movement by RS485	Execute movement by RS485 communication.

Remark: (1) For PR mode, position command adopt unit: 10000P/r.

(2) PR position control mode, Pr0.01=6.

9.1.2 Installation wiring

485 communication terminal connection diagram:

Port		Pin	Signal
CN4 CN5		1, 9	RDO+(RS485+)
		2, 10	RDO-(RS485-)
		3, 11	/
		4, 12	/
		5, 13	/
		6, 14	TXD(RS232)
		7, 15	RXD(RS232)
		8, 16	GND(RS232)
			PE

IO terminal wiring and parameter configuration: Newly added IO of PR on the base of standard IO Relevant parameters:

Parameters	Name	Specification
Pr4.00-Pr4.08	SI input selection	Specific of the 9 input terminals' function distribution, refer to functional allocation table.
Pr4.10-Pr4.15	SO output selection	Specific of the 6 output terminals' function distribution, refer to functional allocation table.

IO terminal functional allocation table:

Input				Output			
Signal name	Symbol	setup value		Signal name	Symbol	setup value	
		Normally open	Normally closed			Normally open	Normally closed
Trigger command	CTRG	20h	A0h	Accomplish commands	CMD_OK	20h	A0h
Homing signal	HOME	21h	A1h	Accomplish path	MC_OK	21h	A1h
Forced to stop	STP	22h	A2h	Homing	HOME_OK	22h	A2h
PositiveJOG	JOG+	23h	A3h	Torque limit	TQL	06h	86h
NegativeJOG	JOG-	24h	A4h				
Forward limit	PL	25h	A5h				
Reverse limit	NL	26h	A6h				
Home signal	ORG	27h	A7h				
Path address 0	ADD0	28h	A8h				
Path address 1	ADD1	29h	A9h				
Path address 2	ADD2	2ah	Aah				
Path address 3	ADD3	2bh	Abh				
Torque switch	TC-SEL	09h	89h				

Remark: CMD_OK means PR instruction is sent, maybe motor is not yet in place.

MC_OK means PR instruction is sent and motor is in place.

CTRG、HOME is edge triggering, but effective level need to last more than 1ms.

9.2 Pr-Mode Parameters

Pr-Mode parameters contain 8th and 9th parameters, 8th parameter is e-stop and control parameter, 9th parameters is store path table.

9.2.1 8th parameters specification

Parameters	Name	Definition	RS485 address
Pr8.00	Pr control setting	Pr-Mode control function Bit0: 0: CTRG rising edge trigger 1: CTRG double edge trigger Bit1: 0: software limit invalid 1: software limit valid Bit2: 0: not execute homing after power on 1: execute homing after power on Bit3: 0: Absolute encoder function invalid 1: Absolute encoder function valid	0X6000
Pr8.01	Pr motion path number	Up to 16 paths	0X6001
Pr8.02	Control register	Write 0x1P, P path movement Write 0x20, Homing Write 0x21, set current position as homing position Write 0x40, e-stop Read 0x00P, positioning finished, can receive new data Read 0x10P, In operation Read 0x20P, In positioning	0X6002
Pr8.06	Positive software limit H		0X6006
Pr8.07	Positive software limit L		0X6007
Pr8.08	Negative software limit H		0X6008
Pr8.09	Negative software limit L		0X6009
Pr8.10	Homing method	Homing method Bit0: homing direction =0: Negative direction =1: Positive direction. Bit1: Whether go to the set position after homing =0: no =1: yes. Bit2-7: Homing mode 0: homing with limit switch detect 1: homing with homing switch detect 2: homing with single turn Z signal detect 3: homing with torque detect 8: set current position as homing position Bit8: 0: homing process without Z signal detect 1: homing process with Z signal detect	0X600A

Pr8.11	Homing position H		0X600B
Pr8.12	Homing position L		0X600C
Pr8.13	Homing stop positionH		0X600D
Pr8.14	Homing stop position L		0X600E
Pr8.15	Homing high speed		0X600F
Pr8.16	Homing low speed		0X6010
Pr8.17	Homing acceleration		0X6011
Pr8.18	Homing deceleration		0X6012
Pr8.19	Holding time of homing with torque detect		0X6013
Pr8.20	Torque value of homing with torque detect		0X6014
Pr8.21	Overpass distance setting while homing		0X6015
Pr8.22	Deceleration of E-stop while position limit active		0X6016
Pr8.23	Deceleration of E-stop		0X6017
Pr8.26	IO combined trigger mode	0: invalid, CTRG signal trigger 1: valid after homing process finished 2: valid without homing process	0X601A
Pr8.27	IO combined filtering		0X601B
Pr8.28	Output value of S code		0X601C
Pr8.29	PR alarm	=0x100: Homing overpass limit switch =0x101: Homing process not complete and stop urgently =0x20x: Path X overpass the limit switch	0X601D
Pr8.39	JOG speed		0X6027
Pr8.40	Acceleration of JOG		0X6028
Pr8.41	Deceleration of JOG		0X6029
Pr8.42	Command position H		0X602A
Pr8.43	Command position L		0X602B
Pr8.44	Motor position H		0X602C
Pr8.45	Motor position L		0X602D

9.2.2 9th parameters specification

Parameters	Name	Definition	RS485 address
------------	------	------------	---------------

Pr9.00	Path0 Mode	The motion mode of Path0 motion Bit0-3: TYPE: 0 No Action 1 position mode 2 velocity mode 3 homing mode 4 stop Bit4: INS, 0 do not interrupt 1 interrupt (All interrupt now) Bit5: OVLP, 0 do not overlap 1 overlap Bit6-7: 0 absolute position 1 relative to command 2 relative to motor Bit8-13: 0-15 Jump to the corresponding path Bit14: JUMP: 0 do not jump 1 jump	0X6200
Pr9.01	Path0 position H		0X6201
Pr9.02	Path0 position L		0X6202
Pr9.03	Path0 speed	rpm	0X6203
Pr9.04	Path0 acceleration	ms/1000rpm	0X6204
Pr9.05	Path0 deceleration	ms/1000rpm	0X6205
Pr9.06	Path0 Pause time	The pause of path, delay time parameter etc,	0X6206
Pr9.07	Special Parameters	Path 0 is mapped to Pr8.02 parameters	0X6207

9.3 Pr-Mode motion control

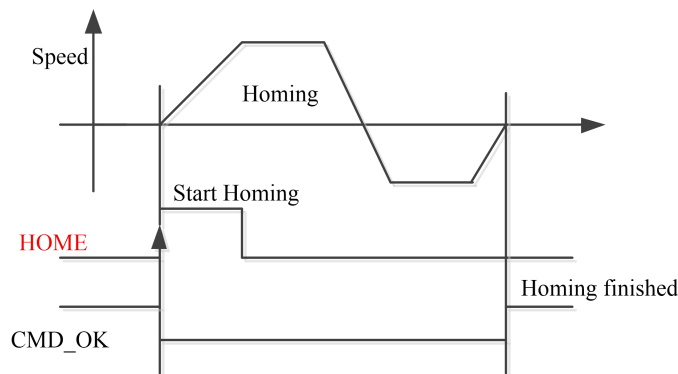
9.3.1 Homing

Homing method include homing with single turn Z signal detect、homing with limit switch detect、homing with homing switch detect、homing with torque detect、set current position as homing position.

Related parameters:

Parameters	Name	Definition	RS485 addresses
Pr8.00	Pr control setting	Pr-Mode control function Bit0: 0: CTRG rising edge trigger 1: CTRG double edge trigger Bit1: 0: software limit invalid 1: software limit valid Bit2: 0: not execute homing after power on 1: execute homing after power on Bit3: 0: Absolute encoder function invalid 1: Absolute encoder function valid	0X6000
Pr8.01	Pr motion path number	Up to 16 paths	0X6001
Pr8.02	Control register	Write 0x1P, P path movement Write 0x20, Homing Write 0x21, set current position as homing position Write 0x40, e-stop Read 0x00P, positioning finished, can receive new data Read 0x10P, In operation Read 0x20P, In positioning	0X6002
Pr8.06	Positive software limit H		0X6006
Pr8.07	Positive software limit L		0X6007
Pr8.08	Negative software limit H		0X6008
Pr8.09	Negative software limit L		0X6009
Pr8.10	Homing method	Homing method Bit0: homing direction =0: Negative direction =1: Positive direction. Bit1: Whether go to the set position after homing =0: no =1: yes. Bit2-7: Homing mode 0: homing with limit switch detect 1: homing with homing switch detect 2: homing with single turn Z signal detect 3: homing with torque detect 8: set current position as homing position Bit8: 0: homing process without Z signal detect 1: homing process with Z signal detect	0X600A
Pr8.11	Homing position H		0X600B
Pr8.12	Homing position L		0X600C
Pr8.13	Homing stop positionH		0X600D
Pr8.14	Homing stop position L		0X600E

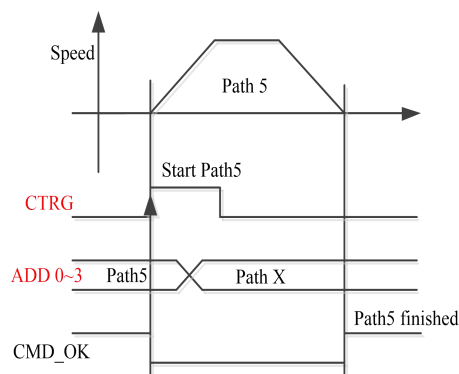
Pr8.15	Homing high speed		0X600F
Pr8.16	Homing low speed		0X6010
Pr8.17	Homing acceleration		0X6011
Pr8.18	Homing deceleration		0X6012
Pr8.19	Holding time of homing with torque detect		0X6013
Pr8.20	Torque value of homing with torque detect		0X6014
Pr8.21	Overpass distance setting while homing		0X6015



CMD_OK and MC_OK Both of them can be used to represent action is complete, after the signal effective, there will have a delay within 1 ms.

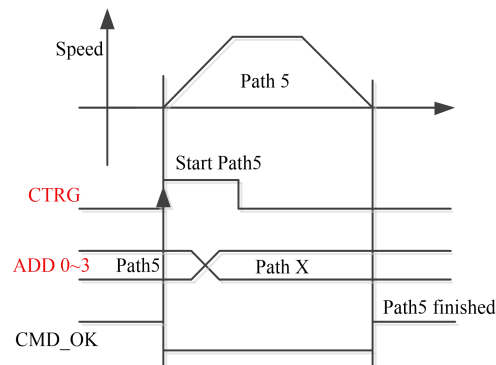
9.3.2 Position limit and E-stop

Position limit and E-stop



9.3.3 JOG

JOG



9.3.4 Path Motion

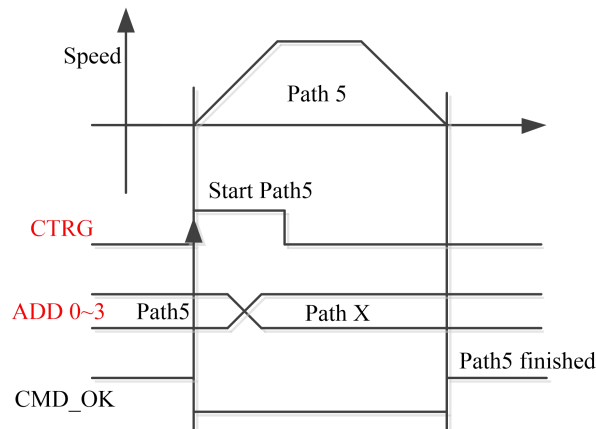
There are three modes of positioning path: Position mode, Velocity mode and homing mode.

Related parameters:

Parameters	Name	Definition	RS485 address
Pr9.00	Path0 Mode	The motion mode of Path0 motion Bit0-3: TYPE: 0 No Action 1 position mode 2 velocity mode 3 homing mode 4 stop Bit4: INS, 0 do not interrupt 1 interrupt (All interrupt now) Bit5: OVLP, 0 do not overlap 1 overlap Bit6-7: 0 absolute position 1 relative to command 2 relative to motor Bit8-13: 0-15 Jump to the corresponding path Bit14: JUMP: 0 do not jump 1 jump	0X6200
Pr9.01	Path0 position H		0X6201
Pr9.02	Path0 position L		0X6202
Pr9.03	Path0 speed	rpm	0X6203
Pr9.04	Path0 acceleration	ms/1000rpm	0X6204
Pr9.05	Path0 deceleration	ms/1000rpm	0X6205
Pr9.06	Path0 Pause time	The pause of path, delay time parameter etc,	0X6206
Pr9.07	Special Parameters	Path 0 is mapped to Pr8.02 parameters	0X6207

9.3.4.1 Single path motion

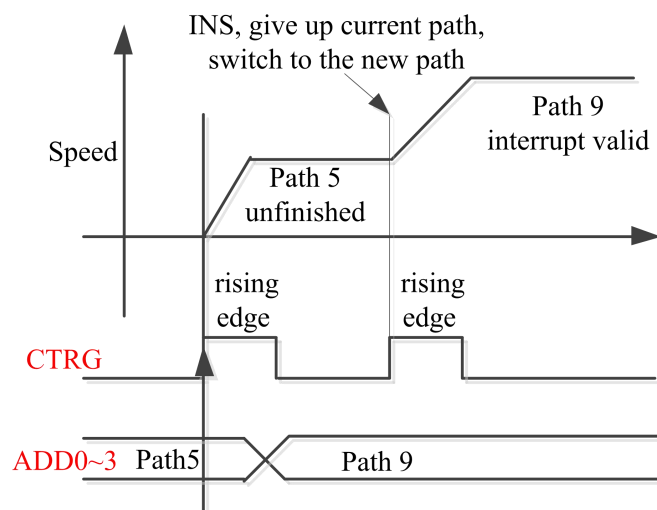
CTRG rising edge /double edge trigger the motion(Pr8.00), take CTRG rising edge signal to trigger path5 as example:



9.3.4.2 Multi path interrupt motion

Interrupt function means a higher path's priority. Interrupt the current valid path, give up the current path and run the new path directly. Similar to the interrupt priority of functions.

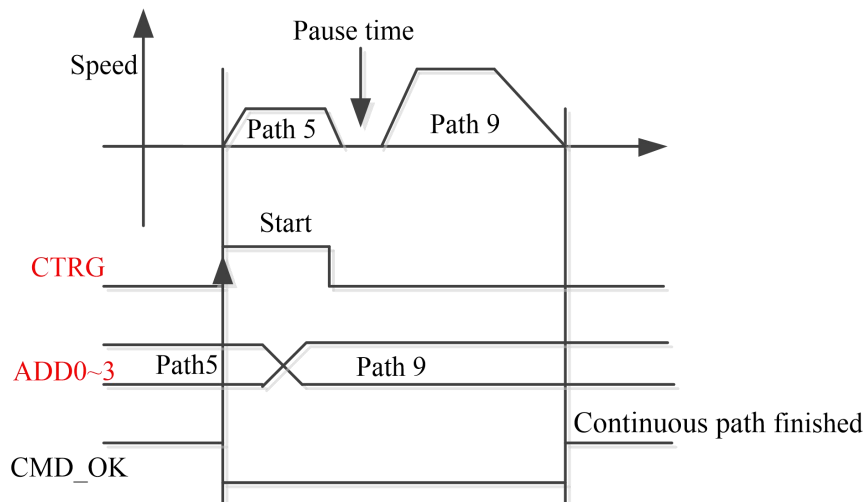
Pr9.00 bit4 = 0, interrupt



9.3.4.3 Continuous path motion without overlap

After the first path motion finished and pause time delay, start another path motion automatically without trigger signal.

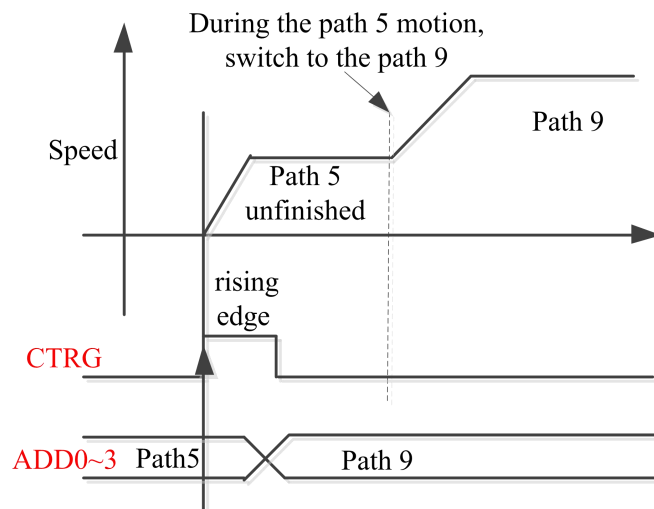
Pr9.00 bit5 = 0, continuous path motion without overlap



9.3.4.4 Continuous path motion with overlap

During the first path motion in process, start another path motion automatically without trigger signal.

Pr9.00 bit5 = 1, continuous path motion with overlap



9.4 Execute movement of Pr-Mode

9.4.1 Execute movement by Configuration software

Configuration software is used for drive parameter setting and save, debugging steps are:

1. Check the wirings.
2. Set the work mode to be PR mode (Pr0.01=6), Internal SERVO-enabled (Pr4.00=83), set the distribution of IO register Pr4.00-Pr4.13) Confirm the running direction and so on.
3. Setting up the PR basic control parameters through upper computer's "Pr-Mode" interface. Include: trigger setting, software limit, JOG function, homing function, e-stop function and so on.

4. Setting up the PR positioning path parameters in configuration software " Pr-Mode " interface, include:

Pr-Mode

Control Parameters | **Path Parameters** | Manual | Parameter Manage

Control Config

CTRG(Pr8.0)

☒ CTRG RisingEdge Trigger ☐ Homing after power on

☐ CTRG DoubleEdge Trigger ☐ Absolute Encoder Remember

☐ Soft Limit Position(Pr8.0,Pr8.6-Pr8.9)

Positive Soft Limit Position(Pluse)

Negative Soft Limit Position(Pluse)

Homing Config

Homing Direction(Pr8.10)

☒ Homing Direction (Negative) ☐ Homing Direction (Positive)

Homing Method (Pr8.10) ☐ Moves to the specified location after Homing Process(Pluse)

Homing Position(Pluse) (Pr8.11-Pr8.12)

ACC(ms/Krpm) (Pr8.17) High Speed (rpm) (Pr8.15)

Low Speed (rpm) (Pr8.16) DEC(ms/Krpm) (Pr8.18)

☐ Z phase Homing

E-stop Config(Pr8.22-Pr8.23)

Limit Pos Stop Time(ms/Krpm) Stop Time(ms/Krpm)

100/100

Pr-Mode

Control Parameters | Path Parameters | Manual | Parameter Manage

Functional area

Path ID	Position Mode	Position(P)	Speed(rpm)	Acceleration(...)	Deceleration(...)	Pause Time(...)	S Code
0	0001H:_P,ABS,END	3000	1500	100	100	0	0x00
1	0042H:_V,INC,END	0	1000	100	100	0	0x00
2	0011H:I,P,ABS,END	-3000	1200	100	100	0	0x00
3	0003H:_HOME	0	200	100	100	0	0x00
4	0000H:_END	0	0	100	100	0	0x00
5	0000H:_END	0	0	100	100	0	0x00
6	0000H:_END	0	0	100	100	0	0x00
7	0000H:_END	0	0	100	100	0	0x00
8	0000H:_END	0	0	100	100	0	0x00
9	0000H:_END	0	0	100	100	0	0x00
10	0000H:_END	0	0	100	100	0	0x00
11	0000H:_END	0	0	100	100	0	0x00
12	0000H:_END	0	0	100	100	0	0x00
13	0000H:_END	0	0	100	100	0	0x00
14	0000H:_END	0	0	100	100	0	0x00
15	0000H:_END	0	0	100	100	0	0x00

Parameters setting area

Symbol description of positioning mode: Interrupt function ([: No interrupt] (!: Interrupt)) + Position type (P: Position mode) (V: Speed mode) (HOME: Homing mode) (CAP: Relative reference) + Absolute/relative (ABS: absolute instruction) (INC: Relative instruction) (REL: Relative to the motor) (CAP: Relative reference) + Jump Function (SJ: Positioning jump) (CJ: Continuous jump) (END: Stop)

Position symbol description area

100/100

For the convenience of the positioning model expressing, use mnemonic symbol to express, such as: P, ABS, SJ1 means that path is position addressing, position value is absolute position, jump to No.1 path with delay, and cannot interrupt running.

! V, ABS , SJ1 means that path is speed running, jump to No.1 path with delay, and can interrupt running.

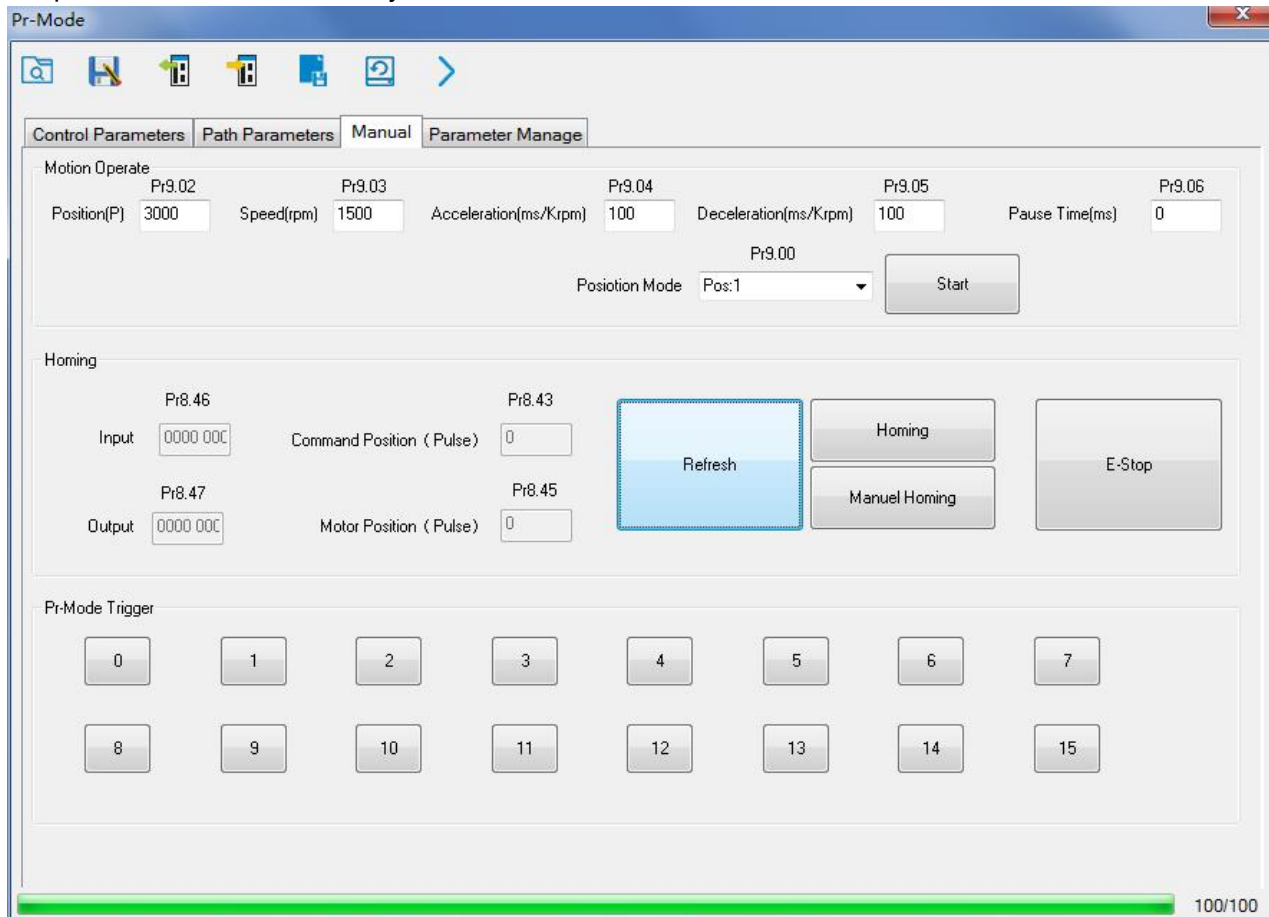
_HOME means that path is homing movement.

_END means that path is E-stop.

5. Test run

After confirming that the parameters are set correctly, the test begins. The interface is shown below

Click the number marked red in the figure and click start to run according to the speed in the path parameter configuration diagram. Click the corresponding number and click to run at the configured speed. If not, check that the parameters are set correctly



9.4.2 Execute movement by digital signal

Pr-Mode motion can be triggered by IO signal.

Parameters	Name	Specification
Pr4.00-Pr4.08	SI input selection	Specific of the digital input terminals' function distribution, refer to functional allocation table.
Pr4.10-Pr4.15	SO output selection	Specific of the digital output terminals' function distribution, refer to functional allocation table.

IO terminal functional allocation table:

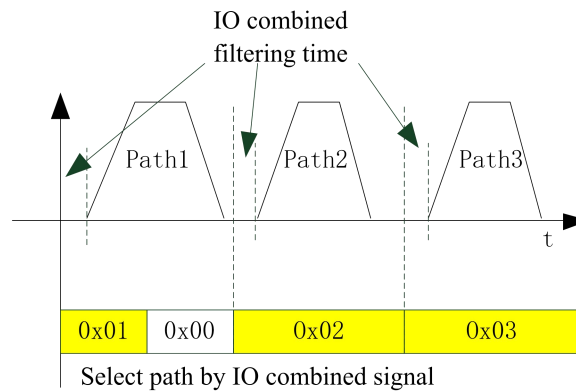
Input				Output			
Signal name	Symbol	set value		signal name	Symbol	set value	
		Normally open	Normally close			Normally open	Normally close
Trigger command	CTRG	20h	A0h	Accomplish commands	CMD_OK	20h	A0h
Homing signal	HOME	21h	A1h	Accomplish path	MC_OK	21h	A1h
Forced to stop	STP	22h	A2h	Accomplish homing	HOME_OK	22h	A2h
PositiveJOG	JOG+	23h	A3h	Torque limit	TQL	06h	86h
NegativeJOG	JOG-	24h	A4h				
Forward limit	PL	25h	A5h				
Reverse limit	NL	26h	A6h				
Home signal	ORG	27h	A7h				
Path address 0	ADD0	28h	A8h				
Path address 1	ADD1	29h	A9h				
Path address 2	ADD2	2ah	Aah				
Path address 3	ADD3	2bh	Abh				
Torque switch	TC-SEL	09h	89h				

Execute movement by digital signal

The trigger mode of path motion is divided into edge trigger and IO combination trigger. Determined by control parameter Pr8.26; The edge trigger selects the motion path by the combination of paths, and then triggers the edge event of IO CTRG signal to start a motion. The IO combination trigger means that the combination of IO path select signal is directly used to trigger the motion without IO CTRG signal, the path 0 is invalid. When the IO combination signal turns into a non-zero path, the path will run once triggered after IO filtering. The timing diagram is shown below:

Parameters	Name	Range	Default Value	Definition
Pr8.26	IO combined trigger mode	0~65535	0	0: invalid, CTRG signal trigger 1: valid after homing process finished 2: valid without homing process
Pr8.27	IO combined filtering	0~65535	10	IO combined filtering time

Notes: The path 0 is invalid, so the path 0 cannot be triggered by the IO combined signal, so the IO combined signal will trigger the motion from path 1 to path 15.



IO combined signal trigger sequence

Notes 1: The path 0 is invalid, so the path 0 cannot be triggered by the IO combined signal. If users want to trigger incremental position, the IO combined signal should be as follow:

Path X IO combined signal → Path 0 IO combined signal → Path Y IO combined signal, trigger incremental position multiple times by these 3 steps.

Notes 2: If the IO combined trigger mode=2 (Pr8.26=2), when the drive is powered on, the motion will be triggered while the IO combined signal select path≠0.

9.4.3 Execute movement by RS485 Communication

Communication control mode can realize same function as IO operation, users can modify parameters and trigger action to run, can control more than one drive by field bus, save the wiring and obtain good flexibility.

Communications control includes two modes: Fixed trigger mode and immediately trigger mode.

9.4.3.1 Parameters setting

Parameters	Name	Specification																												
Pr0.01	Control Mode Setup	Set Pr0.01=6 for Pr-Mode																												
Pr4.00	SI1 Input selection	Set 83 for internal Servo-Enable Set 03 for external Servo-Enable（Digital input for Servo-Enable）																												
Pr5.29	Mode setup of RS485 communication	<table><tr><th>Setup Value</th><th>Data bit</th><th>Parity-check</th><th>Stop bit</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>8</td><td>Even Parity</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>8</td><td>Odd Parity</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>8</td><td>Even Parity</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>8</td><td>Odd Parity</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>8</td><td>None</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>8</td><td>None</td><td>2</td></tr></table>	Setup Value	Data bit	Parity-check	Stop bit	0	8	Even Parity	2	1	8	Odd Parity	2	2	8	Even Parity	1	3	8	Odd Parity	1	4	8	None	1	5	8	None	2
Setup Value	Data bit	Parity-check	Stop bit																											
0	8	Even Parity	2																											
1	8	Odd Parity	2																											
2	8	Even Parity	1																											
3	8	Odd Parity	1																											
4	8	None	1																											
5	8	None	2																											
Pr5.30	Baud rate setup of RS485 communication	<table><tr><th>Setup value</th><th>Baud rate</th><th>Setup value</th><th>Baud rate</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>2400bps</td><td>4</td><td>38400bps</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>4800bps</td><td>5</td><td>57600bps</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>9600bps</td><td>6</td><td>115200bps</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>19200bps</td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>	Setup value	Baud rate	Setup value	Baud rate	0	2400bps	4	38400bps	1	4800bps	5	57600bps	2	9600bps	6	115200bps	3	19200bps										
Setup value	Baud rate	Setup value	Baud rate																											
0	2400bps	4	38400bps																											
1	4800bps	5	57600bps																											
2	9600bps	6	115200bps																											
3	19200bps																													
Pr5.31	RS485 slave axis ID	Modbus sub-station address number(Slave ID)																												
Pr8.02	PR trigger	（16bit, 485 address..0x6002） Write 0x1P, P path movement Write 0x20, Homing Write 0x21, set current position as homing position Write 0x40, e-stop Read 0x00P, positioning finished, can receive new data Read 0x10P, In operation Read 0x20P, In positioning																												

9.4.3.2 Pr-Mode parameters address

8th parameters: 0x6000+(Parameters NO - 800)

The address of Pr8.06: 0x6000+(806-800)=0x6006

9th parameters: 0x6200+(Parameters NO - 900)

The address of Pr9.06: 0x6200+(906-900)=0x6206

Pr-Mode parameters address

RS485 address	Parameter	Name	Specification
0x6000	Pr8.00	Pr control setting	HEX
0x6002	Pr8.02	Control register	HEX
0x6006	Pr8.06	Positive software limit H	Pulse
0x6007	Pr8.07	Positive software limit L	Pulse
0x6008	Pr8.08	Negative software limit H	Pulse
0x6009	Pr8.09	Negative software limit L	Pulse
0x600a	Pr8.10	Homing method	HEX
0x600c	Pr8.12	Homing position H	Pulse
0x600d	Pr8.13	Homing stop positionH	Pulse
0x600e	Pr8.14	Homing stop position L	Pulse
0x600f	Pr8.15	Homing high speed	r/min
0x6010	Pr8.16	Homing low speed	r/min
0x6011	Pr8.17	Homing acceleration	ms/Krpm
0x6012	Pr8.18	Homing deceleration	ms/Krpm
0x6016	Pr8.22	Deceleration of E-stop while position limit	r/min
0x6017	Pr8.23	Deceleration of E-stop	r/min
0x602a	Pr8.42	Command positionH	Read only
0x602b	Pr8.43	Command positionL	Read only
0x602c	Pr8.44	Motor position H	Read only
0x602d	Pr8.45	Motor position L	Read only
0x602e	Pr8.46	Input IO status	Read only
0x602f	Pr8.47	Output IO status	Read only
	Pr9.00~Pr9.07	Path 0 parameters	
0x6200	Pr9.00	Path0 Mode	HEX
0x6201	Pr9.01	Path0 position H	Pulse
0x6202	Pr9.02	Path0 position L	Pulse
0x6203	Pr9.03	Path0 speed	r/min
0x6204	Pr9.04	Path0 acceleration	ms/Krpm
0x6205	Pr9.05	Path0 deceleration	ms/Krpm
0x6206	Pr9.06	Path0 Pause time	ms
0x6207	Pr9.07	Special Parameters	
0x6208~0x620f	Pr9.08~Pr9.15	Path 1 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			
0x6210~0x6217	Pr9.16~Pr9.23	Path 2 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			
0x6218~0x621f	Pr9.24~Pr9.31	Path 3 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			
0x6220~0x6227	Pr9.32~Pr9.39	Path 4 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			
0x6228~0x622f	Pr9.40~Pr9.47	Path 5 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			

0x6230~0x6237	Pr9.48~Pr9.55	Path 6 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			
0x6238~0x623f	Pr9.56~Pr9.63	Path 7 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			
0x6240~0x6247	Pr9.64~Pr9.71	Path 8 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			
0x6248~0x624f	Pr9.72~Pr9.79	Path 9 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			
0x6250~0x6257	Pr9.80~Pr9.87	Path 10 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			
0x6258~0x625f	Pr9.88~Pr9.95	Path 11 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			
0x6260~0x6267	Pr9.96~Pr9.103	Path 12 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			
0x6268~0x626f	Pr9.104~Pr9.111	Path 13 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			
0x6270~0x6277	Pr9.112~Pr9.119	Path 14 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			
0x6278~0x627f	Pr9.120~Pr9.127	Path 15 parameters	
The same with Pr9.00~Pr9.07			

9.4.4 Fixed trigger method

Fixed trigger mode: Setup motion parameters. Then, replace CTRG and HOME signal with Pr8.02 (trigger register) to trigger the path. This mode apply to fixed motion and simple operation system.

As below procedure:

1. Firstly, setup homing and path 0~ path 15 which need to run, can transmit parameter configuration temporarily after power on, also can configured to save with upper computer.

2. Enable drive.

3. Implement choice and start of actions by write corresponding instructions into 0x6002 (Pr8.02) .

Write 0x01P, P path motion (write 0x011 to run path 1, write 0x013 to run path 3)

Write 0x020, homing

Write 0x021, set current position as homing position.

Write 0x040, E-stop.

Read 0x000p, means positioning accomplished, can receive new data

Read 0x01P, 0x020, 0x040 means still does not response to instructions.

Read 0x10P, means path is running.

Read 0x200, means instruction accomplished and wait for positioning.

Set path 0 parameters as the table showing , path 1~path15 parameters are the same as path 0

Parameters	Name	Definition	RS485 address
Pr9.00	Path0 Mode	The motion mode of Path0 motion Bit0-3: TYPE: 0 No Action 1 position mode 2 velocity mode 3 homing mode 4 stop Bit4: INS, 0 do not interrupt 1 interrupt (All interrupt now) Bit5: OVLP, 0 do not overlap 1 overlap Bit6-7: 0 absolute position 1 relative to command 2 relative to motor Bit8-13: 0-15 Jump to the corresponding path Bit14: JUMP: 0 do not jump 1 jump	0X6200
Pr9.01	Path0 position H		0X6201
Pr9.02	Path0 position L		0X6202
Pr9.03	Path0 speed	rpm	0X6203
Pr9.04	Path0 acceleration	ms/1000rpm	0X6204
Pr9.05	Path0 deceleration	ms/1000rpm	0X6205
Pr9.06	Path0 Pause time	The pause of path, delay time parameter etc,	0X6206
Pr9.07	Special Parameters	Path 0 is mapped to Pr8.02 parameters	0X6207

Set path 1~ path15 as same as path 0 .

Implement choice and start of actions by write corresponding instructions into 0x6002 (Pr8.02), to select which path to run.

9.4.5 Immediately trigger method

Compared with fixed trigger is limited by 16 path, immediately trigger method is more flexible. It is written to the current path at each time, at the same time trigger the operation of this path. Trigger position, speed, homing by a data frame.

This method adopt path0 to implement, path0 has 8 data in total, the last data Pr9.07 mapped to Pr8.02, write 0x10 to Pr8.02 can trigger path0 motion immediately.

As below procedure:

1. Firstly, configure homing and path which need to run, set these parameters by communication or set these parameters and save with upper computer. (Homing must be configured)
2. Enable drive.
3. Trigger fixed path by Pr8.02
4. Or write in immediate data into Pr9.00-9.07, set Pr9.07=0x10, implement immediately running path 0.

For example:

Sending orders (Master->Slave)				Return command (Slave->Master)		
1	ID	Sub-station No.	0~31	ID	Sub-station No.	0~31
2	FC	Function code	0x10	FC	Function code	0x10
3	ADDR	Address	0x62	ADDR	Address	0x62
4			0x00			0x00
5	NUM1	Data quantity Word	0x00	NUM	Actually written data quantity	0x00
6			0x08			0x08
7	NUM2	Data quantity Byte	0x10	CRC	check code	L
						H
8-9	Pr9.00	Mode	XXXX			
10-11	Pr9.01	High position	XXXX			
12-13	Pr9.02	Low position	XXXX			
14-15	Pr9.03	Speed	XXXX			
16-17	Pr9.04	Acceleration	XXXX			
18-19	Pr9.05	Deceleration	XXXX			
20-21	Pr9.06	Delay time	XXXX			
22-23	Pr9.07	Trigger control	0x0010			
24	CRC	Check code	L			
25			H			

Please refer to parameter specification for specific data setting.

9.5 Operation examples

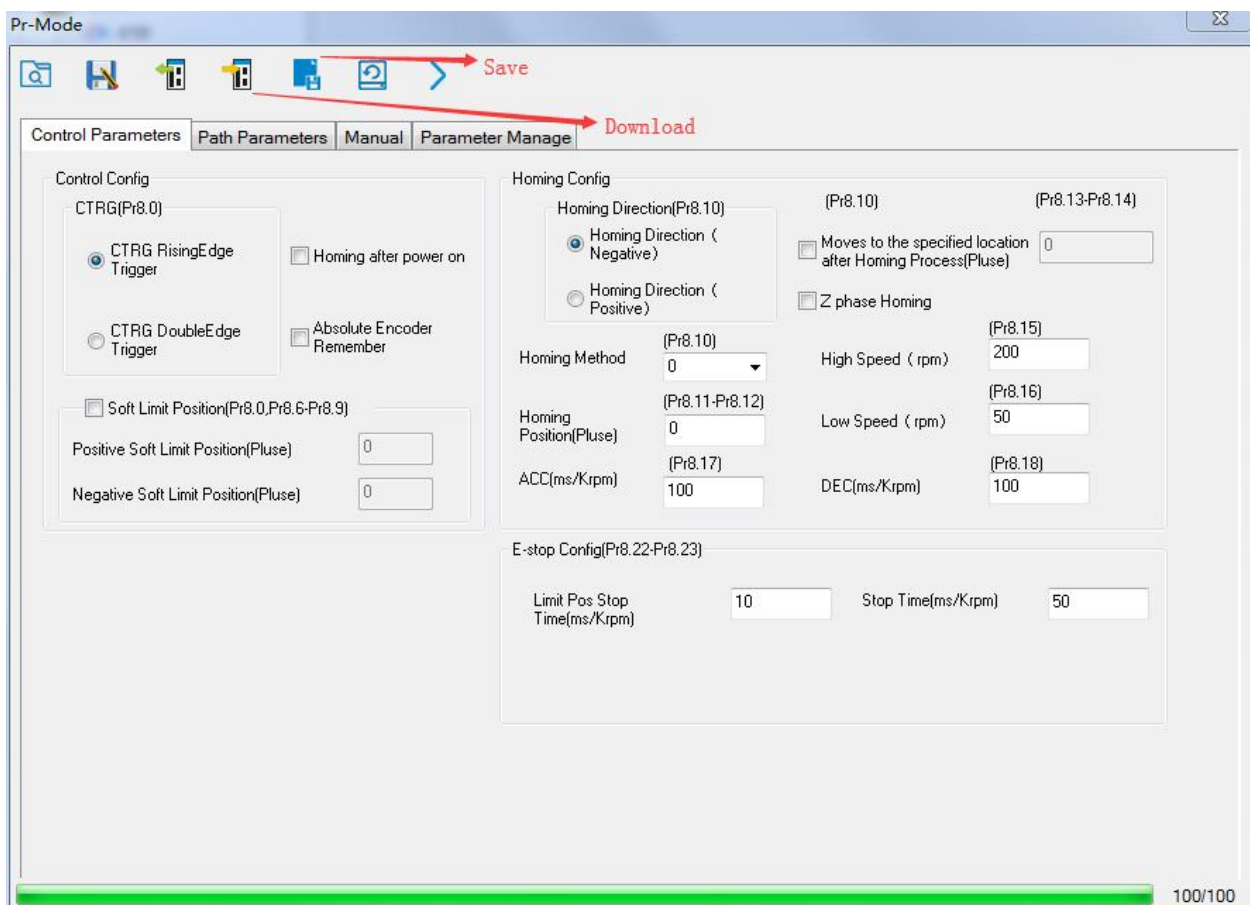
9.5.1 Execute movement by digital signal

Pr-Mode motion can be triggered by IO signal.

- 1、Parameters setting as follows:

Parameters	Name	Specification
Pr0.01	Control Mode Setup	Set Pr0.01=6 for Pr-Mode
Pr4.00	SI1 Input selection	Set Pr4.00=83 for internal Servo-Enable Set Pr4.00=03 for external Servo-Enable (Digital input for Servo-Enable)
Pr4.00-Pr4.08	SI input selection	Specific of the 9 input terminals' function distribution, refer to functional allocation table.
Pr4.10-Pr4.15	SO output selection	Specific of the 6 output terminals' function distribution, refer to functional allocation table.

2、Setup control parameters, such as: Trigger mode, Homing process, E-stop speed etc. The setting window as follow:



Notes: After the control parameter setting is completed, click the Download button of the toolbar to make the parameters valid. Click Save button to save the parameter to drive permanently.

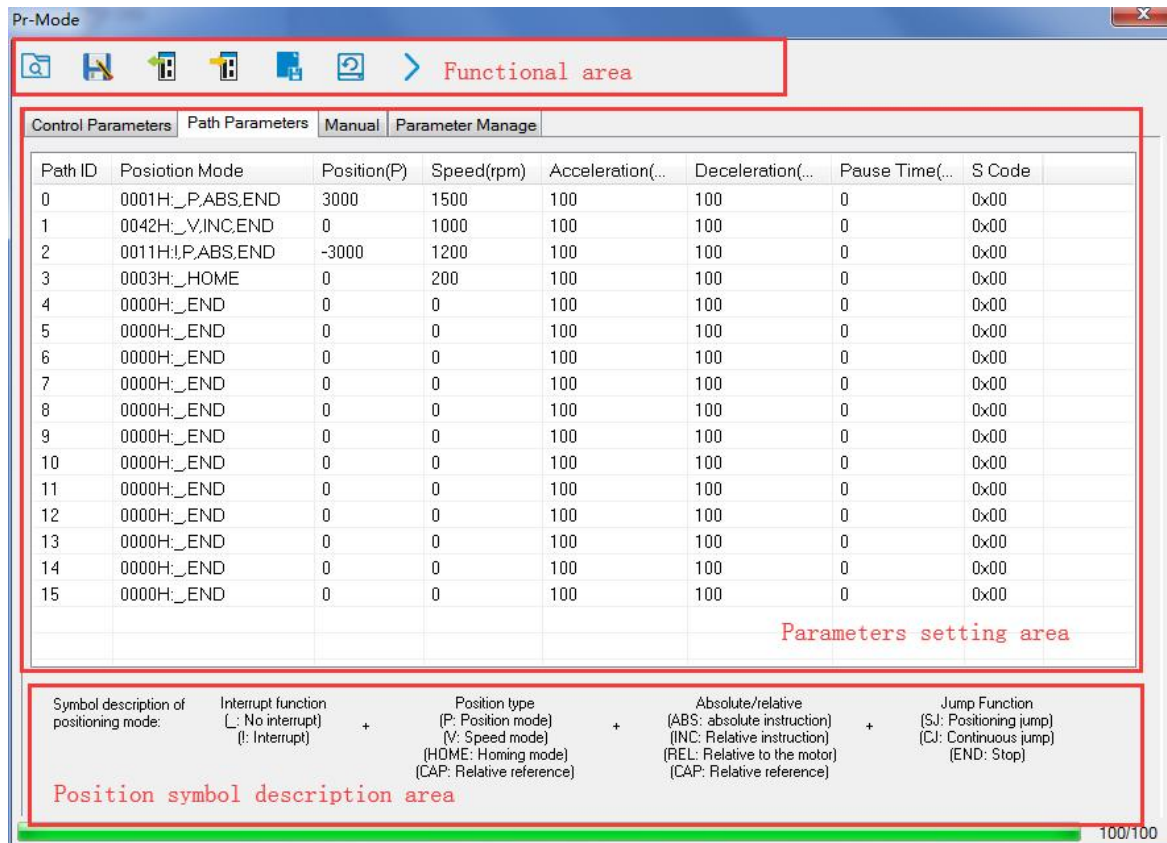
3、Setup path parameters, such as: Position mode, speed, ACC/DEC, etc.

Functional area: Read file, Upload, Download, save, etc.

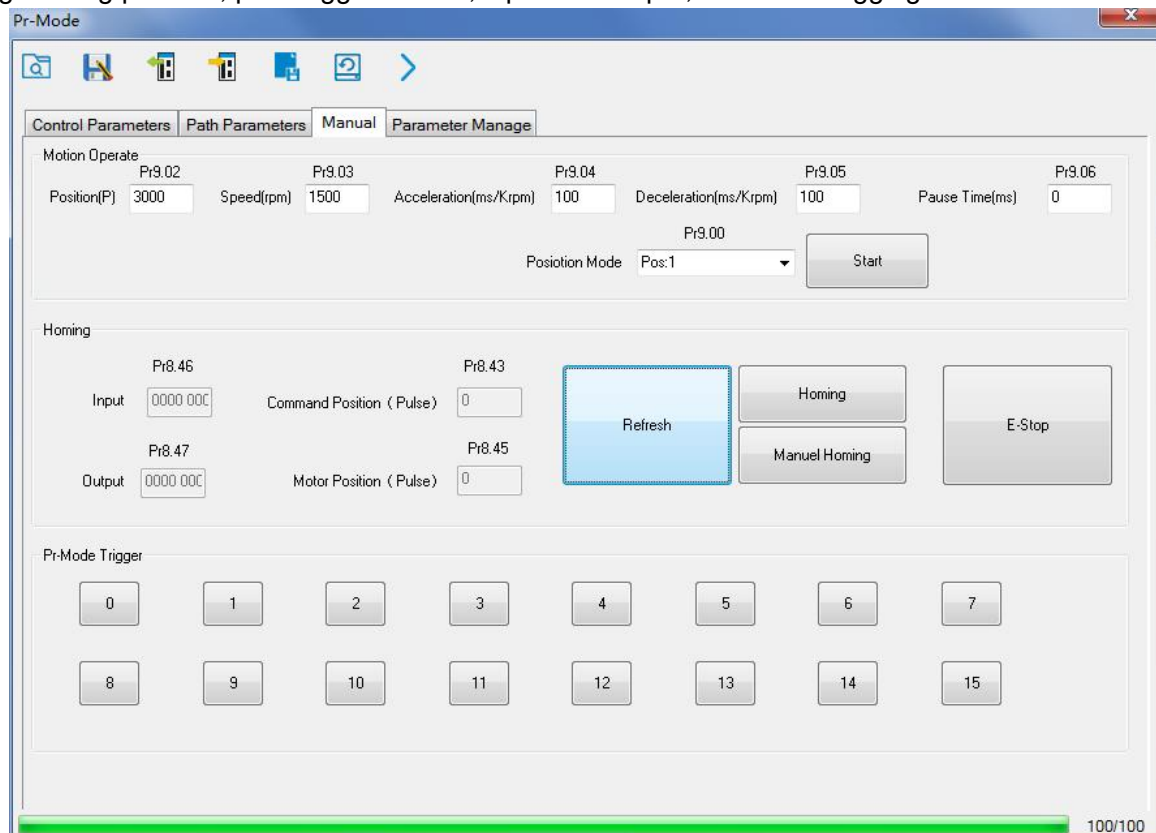
Parameters setting area: Position mode, speed, ACC/DEC, etc.

Position symbol description area: Explains the meaning of the path position symbol.

Notes: After the path parameter setting is completed, click the Download button of the toolbar to make the parameters valid. Click Save button to save the parameter to drive permanently.



4、Debug homing process, path trigger motion, input and output, etc. Its debugging interface is shown as follow:



Notes 1: Before using IO CTRG edge signal trigger path motion, select path number by IO combined signal, and then use IO CTRG edge signal to trigger the corresponding path motion

Notes 2: If IO combined trigger mode valid, the IO combined filtering time must be set to ensure that all the IO combined signal changes finished within the filtering time range.

9.5.2 Execute movement by RS485 Communication

9.5.2.1 Write single data 0x06

NO	Send			Receive		
1	ID	Slave ID	0x01	ID	Slave ID	0x01
2	FC	Function code	0x06	FC	Function code	0x06
3	ADDR	Address	H	ADDR	Address	H
4			L			L
5	DATA	Data quantity (Word)	H	DATA	Actually written data quantity	H
6			L			L
7	CRC	Check code	L	CRC	Check code	L
8			H			H

Notes: The number of receive frame is the same as the send frame.

(1) Path 0 (Absolute position mode, 200000pulse, 600rpm, 50ms/1000rpm)

NO	RS485 communication data frame	Details
0	01 06 20 09 00 01 93 C8	Servo enable
1	01 06 62 00 00 01 57 B2	Absolute position mode
2	01 06 62 01 00 03 87 B3	200000pulse, 16 bit H
3	01 06 62 02 0D 40 32 D2	200000pulse, 16 bit L
4	01 06 62 03 02 58 66 E8	600rpm
5	01 06 62 04 00 32 56 66	ACC: 50ms/1000rpm
6	01 06 62 05 00 32 07 A6	DEC: 50ms/1000rpm
7	01 06 60 02 00 10 37 C6	Trigger Path0 motion
8	01 06 60 02 00 40 37 FA	E-stop
9	01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08	Servo disable

(2) Path 0 (Relative position mode, 10000pulse, 600rpm, 50ms/1000rpm)

NO	RS485 communication data frame	Details
0	01 06 20 09 00 01 93 C8	Servo enable
1	01 06 62 00 00 41 56 42	Relative position mode
2	01 06 62 01 00 00 C7 B2	10000pulse, 16 bit H
3	01 06 62 02 27 10 2D 8E	10000pulse, 16 bit L
4	01 06 62 03 02 58 66 E8	600rpm
5	01 06 62 04 00 32 56 66	ACC: 50ms/1000rpm
6	01 06 62 05 00 32 07 A6	DEC: 50ms/1000rpm
7	01 06 60 02 00 10 37 C6	Trigger Path0 motion
8	01 06 60 02 00 40 37 FA	E-stop
9	01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08	Servo disable

(3) Path 0 (Velocity mode, 600rpm, 50ms/1000rpm)

NO	RS485 communication data frame	Details
0	01 06 20 09 00 01 93 C8	Servo enable
1	01 06 62 00 00 02 17 B3	Velocity mode
2	01 06 62 03 02 58 66 E8	600rpm
3	01 06 62 04 00 32 56 66	ACC: 50ms/1000rpm

4	01 06 62 05 00 32 07 A6	DEC: 50ms/1000rpm
5	01 06 60 02 00 10 37 C6	Trigger Path0 motion
6	01 06 60 02 00 40 37 FA	E-stop
7	01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08	Servo disable

(4) Path 1 (Absolute position mode, -200000pulse, 600rpm, 50ms/1000rpm)

NO	RS485 communication data frame	Details
0	01 06 20 09 00 01 93 C8	Servo enable
1	01 06 62 08 00 01 D6 70	Absolute position mode
2	01 06 62 09 FF FC 07 C1	-200000pulse, 16 bit H
3	01 06 62 0A F2 C0 F3 40	-200000pulse, 16 bit L
4	01 06 62 0B 02 58 E7 2A	600rpm
5	01 06 62 0C 00 32 D7 A4	ACC: 50ms/1000rpm
6	01 06 62 0D 00 32 86 64	DEC: 50ms/1000rpm
7	01 06 60 02 00 11 F6 06	Trigger Path1 motion
8	01 06 60 02 00 40 37 FA	E-stop
9	01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08	Servo disable

(5) Path 1 (Velocity mode, 300rpm, 50ms/1000rpm)

NO	RS485 communication data frame	Details
0	01 06 20 09 00 01 93 C8	Servo enable
1	01 06 62 08 00 02 96 71	Velocity mode
2	01 06 62 0B 01 2C E7 FD	300rpm
3	01 06 62 0C 00 32 D7 A4	ACC: 50ms/1000rpm
4	01 06 62 0D 00 32 86 64	DEC: 50ms/1000rpm
5	01 06 60 02 00 11 F6 06	Trigger Path1 motion
6	01 06 60 02 00 40 37 FA	E-stop
7	01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08	Servo disable

(6) Homing

NO	RS485 communication data frame	Details
0	01 06 20 09 00 01 93 C8	Servo enable
1	01 06 60 0A 00 00 B7 C8	Homing Method
2	01 06 60 0F 00 64 A6 22	High speed for homing
3	01 06 60 10 00 1E 16 07	Low speed for homing
4	01 06 60 02 00 20 37 D2	Trigger Homing process
5	01 06 60 02 00 40 37 FA	E-stop
7	01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08	Servo disable

9.5.2.2 Write multiple data 0x10

Fixed trigger is limited by 16 segment position, but immediately trigger method is flexible. It is written to the current path at each time, at the same time trigger the operation of this path. Realize position, speed, homing and such actions by a data frame.

This method adopt PR0 to implement, PR0 has 8 data in total, the last data Pr9.07 of it will mapped to Pr8.02, write in 0x10 can trigger Path0 operation immediately, realize data trigger running immediately.

Operating steps:

1. Firstly, configure homing and path which need to run, can power on and send parameter configuration temporarily also can configure and save with upper computer. (Homing must be configured)
2. Servo Enable.

NO	RS485 communication data frame	Details
0	01 06 20 09 00 01 93 C8	Servo enable
1	01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08	Servo disable

3. Operate fixed path by Pr8.02
 4. write in immediate data by Pr9.00-9.07, and Pr9.07=0x10, implement immediately running path 0.
- Demonstrate with immediately trigger method

An example of 485 communication data frame operation is shown below:

Sending orders (Master->Slave)				Return command (Slave->Master)		
1	ID	Sub-station No.	0~31	ID	Sub-station No.	0~31
2	FC	Function code	0x10	FC	Function code	0x10
3	ADDR	Address	0x62	ADDR	Address	0x62
4			0x00			0x00
5	NUM1	Data quantity Word	0x00	NUM	Actually written data quantity	0x00
6			0x08			0x08
7	NUM2	Data quantity Byte	0x10	CRC	check code	L
						H
8-9	P9.00	Mode	XXXX			
10-11	P9.01	High position	XXXX			
12-13	P9.02	Low position	XXXX			
14-15	P9.03	Speed	XXXX			
16-17	P9.04	Acceleration	XXXX			
18-19	P9.05	Deceleration	XXXX			
20-21	P9.06	Delay time	XXXX			
22-23	P9.07	Trigger control	0x0010			
24	CRC	Check code	L			
25			H			

Absolute position mode: 01 10 62 00 00 08 10 00 01 00 01 86 A0 01 F4 00 64 00 64 00 00 00 10 AA BF

- 01 slave ID 01
- 10 function code, write multi data
- 62 00 first address mapped to Pr9.00
- 00 08 8 consecutive operating addresses from 62 00 to 62 07, mapped to Pr9.00~Pr9.07
- 10 Hexadecimal data of the number of data, 8 register, each address data is divided into high and low bits, $8 \times 2 = 16$
- 00 01 data written down to the first addresses of 6200 mapped to Pr9.00.
Motion Mode, absolute position mode
- 00 01 86 A0 data written down to the second and third addresses of 6201 mapped to Pr9.01; 6202 mapped to Pr9.02.
Hexadecimal data of position=100000plus. All positions in PR mode are in units of 10000P/r, 00 01 86 A0 represents 10 turns of motor rotation.
- 01 F4 data written down to the 4th addresses of 6203 mapped to Pr9.03

- Hexadecimal data of Speed=500r/min
- 00 64** data written down to the 5th addresses of 6204 mapped to Pr9.04
Hexadecimal data of acceleration time=100ms
- 00 64** data written down to the 6th addresses of 6205 mapped to Pr9.05
Hexadecimal data of deceleration time=100ms
- 00 00** data written down to the 7th addresses of 6206 mapped to Pr9.06
Hexadecimal data of the delay time=0ms
- 00 10** data written down to the 8th addresses of 6207 mapped to Pr9.07, to trigger the action, immediately trigger method (1P, Immediately trigger path P)
- AA BF** the verification code, do not have to directly input, click the corresponding send area verification button automatically generated

The final analysis is as follows: speed is 500r/min, acceleration and deceleration time is 100ms, and the position of absolute positioning is 10 rotations.

01 10 62 00 00 08 10 00 01 **00 00 00 00** 01 F4 00 64 00 64 00 00 00 10 A0 4A

The final analysis was performed at a speed of 500r/min, acceleration and deceleration time of 100ms, and the position of absolute positioning 0 rotations.

Relative position mode: 01 10 62 00 00 08 10 00 41 00 01 86 A0 01 F4 00 64 00 64 00 00 00 10 EA 8F

- 01** slave ID 01
- 10** function code, write multi data
- 62 00** first address mapped to Pr9.00
- 00 08** 8 consecutive operating addresses from 62 00 to 62 07, mapped to Pr9.00~Pr9.07
- 10** Hexadecimal data of the number of data, 8 register, each address data is divided into high and low bits, $8 \times 2 = 16$
- 00 41** data written down to the first addresses of 6200 mapped to Pr9.00.
Motion Mode, relative position mode
- 00 01 86 A0** data written down to the second and third addresses of 6201 mapped to Pr9.01; 6202 mapped to Pr9.02.
Hexadecimal data of position=100000plus. All positions in PR mode are in units of 10000P/r, 00 01 86 A0 represents 10 turns of motor rotation.
- 01 F4** data written down to the 4th addresses of 6203 mapped to Pr9.03
Hexadecimal data of Speed=500r/min
- 00 64** data written down to the 5th addresses of 6204 mapped to Pr9.04
Hexadecimal data of acceleration time=100ms
- 00 64** data written down to the 6th addresses of 6205 mapped to Pr9.05
Hexadecimal data of deceleration time=100ms
- 00 00** data written down to the 7th addresses of 6206 mapped to Pr9.06
Hexadecimal data of the delay time=0ms
- 00 10** data written down to the 8th addresses of 6207 mapped to Pr9.07, to trigger the action, immediately trigger method (1P, Immediately trigger path P)
- EA 8F** the verification code, do not have to directly input, click the corresponding send area verification button automatically generated

The final analysis is as follows: speed is 500r/min, acceleration and deceleration time is 100ms, and the position of relative positioning is 10 rotations.

Homing mode: 01 06 60 02 00 21 F6 12 (Back to origin high-speed, low-speed, and back to zero mode can be set in the eighth set of parameters, using default values this time)

Caution: In Pr mode, the origin induction switch is connected to the drive, which is different from the impulse control. Limited by conditions, only the current position can be demonstrated to the customer: Write 0x021, The current location manually set to zero.

The frame format function is:

01 slave ID 01

06 function code, write single data

NO	Send				Receive		
1	ID	Slave ID	0~31		ID	Slave ID	0~31
2	FC	Function code	0x06		FC	Function code	0x06
3	ADDR	Address	H		ADDR	Address	H
4			L				L
5	DATA	Data quantity (Word)	H		DATA	Actually written data quantity	H
6			L				L
7	CRC	check code	L		CRC	check code	L
8			H				H

60 02 register address, mapped to Pr8.02

00 21 the data write into the register, Write 0x021, The current location manually set to zero.

Write 0x01P, P section positioning

Write 0x020, homing

Write 0x021, set current position as homing point

Write 0x040, e-stop

F6 12 the verification code, do not have to directly input, click the corresponding send area verification button automatically generated

After the current position is set to zero manually, you can click absolute positioning again to send it manually, indicating that the current position is set to zero manually

JOG is IO input, there is no communication control method, you can push users to write relative positioning data in real time, and trigger inching motion immediately instead.

Velocity mode: 0110 62 00 00 08 10 00 02 00 00 00 00 03 E8 00 64 00 64 00 00 00 10 DA 41

01 slave ID 01

10 function code, write multi data

62 00 first address mapped to Pr9.00

00 08 8 consecutive operating addresses from 62 00 to 62 07, mapped to Pr9.00~Pr9.07

10 Hexadecimal data of the number of data, 8 register, each address data is divided into high and low bits, $8 \times 2 = 16$

00 02 data written down to the first addresses of 6200 mapped to Pr9.00, speed mode

00 00 00 00 data written down to the second and third addresses of 6201 mapped to Pr9.01; 6202 mapped to Pr9.02. Hexadecimal data of position=0plus. All positions in PR mode are in units of 10000P/r, 00 00 represents 0 turns of motor rotation in Speed mode

03 E8 data written down to the fourth addresses of 6203 mapped to Pr9.03
Hexadecimal data of Speed=1000r/min

00 64 data written down to the five addresses of 6204 mapped to Pr9.04
Hexadecimal data of acceleration time=100ms

00 64 data written down to the six addresses of 6205 mapped to Pr9.05
Hexadecimal data of deceleration time=100ms

00 00 data written down to the seven addresses of 6206 mapped to Pr9.06
Hexadecimal data of the delay time=0ms

00 10 data written down to the eight addresses of 6207 mapped to Pr9.07, to trigger the action, Immediately trigger method (1P, Immediately trigger path-P, The sample Pr9.00~9.07 is the positioning related data of path-0)

DA 41 the verification code, do not have to directly input, click the corresponding send area verification button automatically generated

The final analysis is as follows: speed=1000r/min, acceleration and deceleration time is 100ms, velocitymode

E-stop: 01 06 60 02 00 40 37 FA

Servo enable: 01 06 20 09 00 01 93 C8

Servo disable: 01 06 20 09 00 00 52 08

Chapter 10 Order Guidance

10.1 Capacity Selection

To determine the capacity of servo system, we must consider the inertia of load, torque of load, the positioning accuracy, the requirement of the highest speed; consider the selection according to the following steps:

1) Calculate Inertia of Load and Torque

You can refer to relative information to calculate inertia of load, torque of load, acceleration/deceleration torque as the next step basis.

2) Identify Mechanical Gear Ratio

According to the maximum speed and the highest speed of the motor ,you can calculate the maximum of mechanical reduction ratio, by using it and minimum of motor turning unit ,to calculate if they can meet the requirements of the smallest position unit or not. If the positional precision is high, you can increase the mechanical reduction ratio or select motor with higher capacity.

3) Calculate Inertia and Torque.

Convert mechanical reduction ratio of the load inertia and load torque to the motor shaft, while the result shall be not 5 times more than motor inertia. If the requirements can't be matched, you can increase the mechanical reduction ratio (the actual maximum speed reducing) or select larger capacity motor.

10.2 Electronic Gear Ratio

In position control mode, the actual speed = command pulse velocity× G ×mechanical reduction ratio.

In position control mode, the actual load minimum displacement = minimum command pulse travel ×G ×mechanical reduction ratio.

【Note】 If the electronic gear ratio of G is not 1, gear ratio division may have the remainder, then there will be position deviation existed, the maximum deviation is the minimum of rotation (minimum resolution).

Appendix

A、Modbus Communication

There are two kinds of Modbus communication methods of drives: RS485 and RS232. RS232 belongs to point-to-point communication, which is used for PC protocol and cannot realize multi-network. RS485 belongs to a single master and multi slave communication mode and can realize multi network control.

A.1 Wiring

- (1) The shorter the connection between each node is the better. The recommend connection should no more than 3m;
- (2) Connect one terminal resistor to each end of the node. The recommended resistance value is 120 ohms;
- (3) Shielded twisted pair is recommended for RS485 communication wirings;
- (4) Connect GND is essential for communication;
- (5) When using the shield wire, the two ends of the shield should connect PE, not GND, otherwise the port will be damaged;
- (6) In order to reduce interference, RS485 communication cables should installed separately from other cables;

A.2 Parameters and interface for communication

A.2.1 Parameters setting

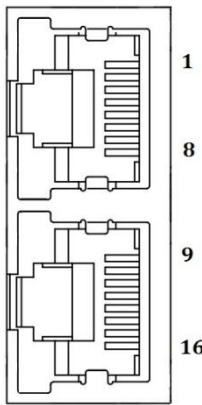
Pr5.29 *	Name	Mode setup of RS485 communication			Mode	P	S	T																												
	Range	0~255	Unit	—	Default	5																														
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	053BH																														
	Repower	-																																		
<table><tr><th>Setup Value</th><th>Data bit</th><th>Parity-check</th><th>Stop bit</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>8</td><td>Even Parity</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>8</td><td>Odd Parity</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>8</td><td>Even Parity</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>8</td><td>Odd Parity</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>8</td><td>None</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>8</td><td>None</td><td>2</td></tr></table>									Setup Value	Data bit	Parity-check	Stop bit	0	8	Even Parity	2	1	8	Odd Parity	2	2	8	Even Parity	1	3	8	Odd Parity	1	4	8	None	1	5	8	None	2
Setup Value	Data bit	Parity-check	Stop bit																																	
0	8	Even Parity	2																																	
1	8	Odd Parity	2																																	
2	8	Even Parity	1																																	
3	8	Odd Parity	1																																	
4	8	None	1																																	
5	8	None	2																																	
Pr5.30 *	Name	Baud rate setup of RS485 communication			Mode	P	S	T																												
	Range	0~6	Unit	—	Default	2																														
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	053DH																														
	Repower	-																																		

Set up the communication baud rate of RS485.

Setup value	Baud rate	Setup value	Baud rate
0	2400bps	4	38400bps
1	4800bps	5	57600bps
2	9600bps	6	115200bps
3	19200bps		

Pr5.31 *	Name	RS485 slave axis address			Mode	P	S	T
	Range	0~127	Unit	—	Default	1		
	Data Type	16bit	Access	R/W	Address	053FH		
	Repower	-						
During communication with the host (e.g. PC) to control multiple shafts, the shaft being accessed by the host should be identified.								
Note: when using RS232/RS485, the maximum valid value is 31.								

A.2.2 RS232/RS485 Communication Port

Port		Pin	Signal
CN4 CN5		1, 9	RDO+(RS485+)
		2, 10	RDO-(RS485-)
		3, 11	/
		4, 12	/
		5, 13	/
		6, 14	TXD(RS232)
		7, 15	RXD(RS232)
		8, 16	GND(RS232)
			PE

A.3 Modbus Protocol

The drive supports 16bit data read and write of Modbus-RTU protocol, and its function codes include 0x03, 0x06 and 0x10. 0x03 read data function code, 0x06 write single data function code and 0x10 write multiple data function code.

Notes: 1word=2byte=16bit

A.3.1 Function code of read data 0x03

The function code of read data is 0x03. It can read 1~100 16bit data. Now take slave ID 1, read 2 data as an example: (H is 8bit high for 16bit, L is 8bit low for 16bit)

NO	Send frame			Receive frame		
1	ID	Slave ID	0x01	ID	Slave ID	0x01
2	FC	Function code	0x03	FC	Function code	0x03
3	ADDR	Address	H	NUM	Data quantity (Byte)	0x00(H)
4			L			0x04(L)
5	NUM	Data quantity (Word)	0x00(H)	DATA1	Data1	H
6			0x02(L)			L
7	CRC	Check code	L	DATA2	Data2	H
8			H			L
9				CRC	Check code	L
10						H

Notes: The number of receive data is twice the number of send data quantity.

The communication data is shown as below:

[Send frame] 01 03 00 04 00 02 85 CA

[Receive frame] 01 03 04 00 00 00 02 7B F2

Send frame: The sent frame represents that the master reads the data from slave ID 1, the starting address is 0x0004, the length is 2 Word (16bit). The CRC check code is 0xCA85.

Receive frame: The receive frame represents that the receive data is 4 byte (8bit) and the data is 00 00 00 02. The CRC check code is 0xF27B.

A.3.2 Function code of write single data 0x06

The function code of write single data is 0x06. Now take slave ID 1, write 1 data as an example: (H is 8bit high for 16bit, L is 8bit low for 16bit)

NO	Send frame			Receive frame		
1	ID	Slave ID	0x01	ID	Slave ID	0x01
2	FC	Function code	0x06	FC	Function code	0x06
3	ADDR	Address	H	ADDR	Address	H
4			L			L
5	DATA	Data quantity (Word)	H	DATA	Actually written data quantity	H
6			L			L
7	CRC	Check code	L	CRC	Check code	L
8			H			H

Notes: The number of receive frame is the same as the send frame.

The communication data is shown as below:

[Send frame] 01 06 00 04 00 02 49 CA

[Receive frame] 01 06 00 04 00 02 49 CA

Send frame: The send frame represents that the master write the data into slave ID 1, the starting address is 0x0004, the length is 2 Word (16bit). The data is 0x0002. The CRC check code is 0xCA49.

Receive frame: The receive frame represents that write data into slave ID 1 finished successfully.

A.3.3 Function code of write multiple data 0x10

The function code of write multiple data is 0x10. In this case, 16 bits of multiple data are written. Now take slave ID 1, write 2 data as an example: (H is 8bit high for 16bit, L is 8bit low for 16bit)

NO	Send frame			Receive frame		
1	ID	Slave ID	0x01	ID	Slave ID	0x01
2	FC	Function code	0x10	FC	Function code	0x10
3	ADDR	Address	H	ADDR	Address	H
4			L			L
5	NUM1	Data quantity (Word)	0x00 (H)	NUM	Actually written data quantity	0x00 (H)
6			0x02 (L)			0x02 (L)
7	NUM2	Data quantity (Byte)	0x04 (2* NUM1)	CRC	Check code	L
						H
8	DATA1	DATA1	H			
9			L			
10	DATA2	DATA2	H			
11			L			
12	CRC	Check code	L			
13			H			

The communication data is shown as below:

[Send frame] 01 10 00 04 00 02 04 01 00 00 00 F3 A0

[Receive frame] 01 10 00 04 00 02 00 09

Send frame: The send frame represents that the master write the data into slave ID 1, the starting address is 0x0004, the length is 2 Word (16bit). The data is 0x01000 and 0x0000. The CRC check code is 0xA0F3.

Receive frame: The receive frame represents that write data into slave ID 1 finished successfully.

A.3.4 Error response

When there is a mistake in the format of the send frame data, the slave feeds back the wrong reply frame data to the master station. The format is as follows:

NO	Error response frame data (Slave-->Master)		
1	ID	Slave ID	0~31
2	FC	Function code	(0x03/0x06/0x10)+0x80
3	Error code	Error code	0x01/0x02/0x03/0x08
4	CRC	Check code	L
5			H

The error code and its meaning are as follows:

Error code	Meaning
0x01	Function code error
0x02	Access address error
0x03	Data error, such as write data exceeding the limit
0x08	CRC check error

The communication data is shown as below:

[Send frame] 01 11 00 04 00 02 04 01 00 00 00 F3 A0

[Receive frame] 01 91 08 4C 56

Receive: CRC check error in the send data frame sent by the master station

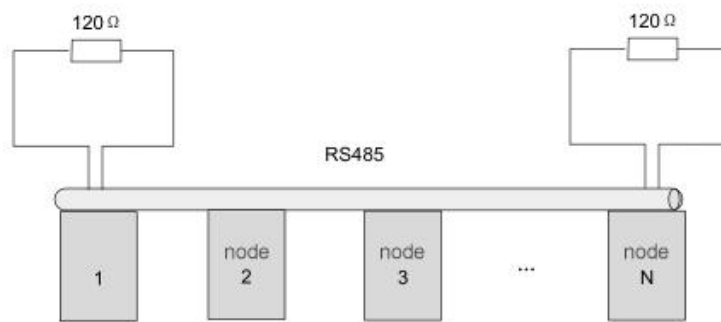
[Send frame] 01 11 00 04 00 02 04 01 00 00 00 A2 65

[Receive frame] 01 91 01 8C 50

Receive: Function code error in the send data frame sent by the master station

A.4 RS485 common problems and solutions

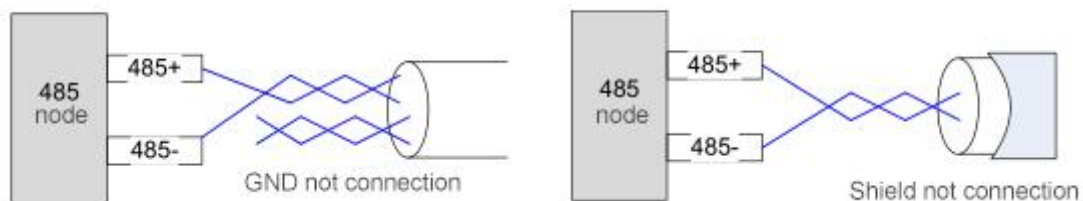
A.4.1 Common problems



1、Terminal resistance

The correct connection of terminal resistance is shown in the above figure, a 120 ohm terminal resistance need to connect in the head end and the end of the communication bus.

2、Wiring error



Firstly, confirm that the signal line of RS485 is connected correctly. Secondly, confirm whether the communication reference ground is connected correctly. If the node has no communication reference ground, it will be suspended, as shown in figure above. The shielding is connected the same way.

3、Signal interference

When there is an external interference signal in communication, magnetic rings can be placed at 1 and 2 in above figure to suppress the incoming external interference signal into the bus.

When there is an internal interference signal in communication, magnetic rings can be placed at 1 and 2 in above figure to suppress the incoming internal interference signal into the bus. Loop the UVW line around the magnetic ring three times. Be careful not to connect PE to the magnetic ring.

A.4.2 Problem solving procedure

1. Whether the communication parameters are set correctly (Slave ID no repetition, baud rate is set the same, data format is consistent).
2. Whether the terminal resistance connection is correct?
3. Whether the wiring is standard for anti-interference?
4. PE connection between ground and ground wire.
5. Whether the communication lines are installed separately from other wirings